Supplementary Information

IL6 Supports Long-Term Expansion of Hepatocytes in vitro

Ren Guo^{1,8}, Mengmeng Jiang^{1,2,3,8}, Gang Wang^{4,8}, Bing Li^{1,3,5,8}, Xiaohui Jia^{1,3}, Yan Ai^{1,3,5}, Shanshan Chen^{1,3}, Peilan Tang^{1,7}, Aijie Liu¹, Qianting Yuan¹, Xin Xie^{1,2,3,4,5,6,*}

¹State Key Laboratory of Drug Research, National Center for Drug Screening, Shanghai Institute of Materia Medica, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Shanghai 201203, China
²School of Life Science and Technology, Shanghai Tech University, Shanghai 201210, China

³University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, No.19A Yuquan Road, Beijing 100049, China

⁴Department of Pharmaceutics, School of Pharmacy, Fudan University, Shanghai 201203, China

⁵School of Pharmaceutical Science and Technology, Hangzhou Institute for Advanced Study, University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Hangzhou, 310024, China
⁶Shandong Laboratory of Yantai Drug Discovery, Bohai Rim Advanced Research Institute for Drug Discovery, Yantai, Shandong 264117, China

⁷School of Pharmaceutical Science, Nanchang University, Nanchang 330006, China

⁸These authors contributed equally: Ren Guo, Mengmeng Jiang, Gang Wang, Bing Li

*Address correspondence to: Dr. Xin Xie, 189 Guo Shou Jing Road, Shanghai 201203,

China; Tel: (86) 186-0211-0377; Fax: 0086-21-50800721; E-mail: xxie@simm.ac.cn.

Running title: IL6 promotes hepatocyte growth in vitro



Supplementary Fig. 1. Effects of TNFa and IL6 in hepatocyte proliferation

(**a**, **b**) Representative phase contrast images and cell numbers of primary hepatocytes (Hepa) cultured in media supplemented with TNF α (10, 100 ng/mL) or IL6 (0.3, 10 ng/mL) for 14 days (n=4 independent experiments). (**c**, **d**) Representative images (**c**) and cell numbers (**d**) of primary hepatocytes cultured in different concentration of IL6 for 14 days (n=3 independent experiments). (**e**) Representative images of IL6-iHPCs (P1) cultured in different concentration of IL6 for 7 days (repeated for 3 times). All data are shown as Means ± SEM. ns, not significant, *P < 0.05, **P< 0.01, ***P< 0.001 versus ctl group in D14 (two-tailed unpaired Student's t test). Source data and exact P values are provided in a Source data file. Scale bars represent 100 µm.



Supplementary Fig. 2 IL6 promotes primary hepatocytes proliferation in vitro

(**a**, **b**) Representative images (**a**) and cell numbers (**b**) of primary hepatocytes cultured in IL6 and various concentration of anti-IL6 antibody or control IgG for 14 days (n=3 independent experiments). ns, not significant, **P < 0.01, ***P < 0.001 versus IL6 (30 ng/mL, D14) alone. (**c**, **d**) Representative images (**c**) and cell numbers (**d**) of IL6-iHPCs (P5) cultured in IL6 and various concentration of anti-IL6 antibody or control IgG for 5 days (n=5 independent experiments). ns, not significant, *P < 0.05, ***P< 0.001 versus IL6 (30 ng/mL, D5) alone. (**e**, **f**) Representative images (**e**) and cell numbers (**f**) of primary hepatocytes cultured in EGF (20 ng/mL), HGF (20 ng/mL), IL6 (30 ng/mL), or various combinations, for 14 days (n=3 independent experiments). ***P< 0.001 versus first bar in D14 group, [#]P< 0.05, ^{###}P< 0.001. All data are shown as Means ± SEM. P-values were calculated by two-tailed unpaired Student's t test. Source data and exact P values are provided in a Source data file. Scale bars represent 100 µm.

Supplementary Fig. 3 IL6-iHPCs could be differentiated into mature hepatocytes



(a) Representative images of IL6-iHPCs (D14) and IL6-iMHs (D21). (b) Quantitative RT-PCR analysis of hepatic progenitor genes including *Afp*, *Cxcr4*, *Cd44*, *Cd133*, *Ck8*, *Ck19*, *Cldn3*, *Fn14*, *Sox9* and *Epcam*, cell cycle genes including *Bcl2*, *CyclinB1*, *Cdk1*, and *Cdc20*, and hepatic genes including *Albumin*, *G6p*, *Hnf4a*, *Aat*, *Ttr*, *Fah*, *Foxa1*, *Cyp1a1*, *Cyp2b10*, *Cyp2c38*, *Cyp2d22*, *Cyp3a11*, *Cyp3a13*, and *Cyp3a41* in primary hepatocytes (Hepa), IL6-iHPCs (D14) and IL6-iMHs (D21) (n=3 independent experiments). All data are shown as Means \pm SEM, *P < 0.05, **P< 0.01, ***P< 0.001 (two-tailed unpaired Student's t test). Source data and exact P values are provided in a Source data file. Scale bars represent 100 µm.



Supplementary Fig. 4 Characterization of long-term expanded IL6-iHPCs

(a) Representative images showing the proliferation ability of IL6-iHPCs passaged for 1, 3, 5, 10, 20 and 30 times (repeated for 3 times). For readers' convenience, the images of IL6-iHPCs at P10 and P30 are also presented in Fig. 2b. (**b**, **c**) Immunofluorescence staining (**b**) and statistical data (**c**) of cell cycle markers CyclinD1 (red) and Ki67 (green) and hepatic progenitor cell markers Sox9 (red) and Ck19 (green) in IL6-iHPCs at different passage (n=3 independent experiments). Nuclei were stained with Hoechst 33342 (blue). All data are shown as Means \pm SEM, *P < 0.05, ***P< 0.001 versus primary hepatocytes (two-tailed unpaired Student's t test). Source data and exact P values are provided in a Source data file. Scale bars represent 100 µm.





(a) Representative phase contrast images, PAS staining, ICG uptake and immunofluorescence staining of hepatic markers Albumin (green), Hnf4 α (red), Cyp1a2 (red), and Cyp2c9 (red) in IL6-iMHs (P5 and P20). Primary hepatocytes (Hepa) were used as control. Nuclei were stained with Hoechst 33342 (blue). (b) Statistical data of the immunofluorescence staining data in (a) and Figure 2D (n=3 independent experiments). (c) Quantitative RT-PCR analysis hepatic genes including *Albumin, G6p, Hnf4\alpha, Fah, Aat, Ttr, Trf, Foxa1, Foxa2, Foxa3, Cyp1a2, Cyp3a11, Cyp3a13, Cyp3a16, Cyp3a41, Cyp2b10, Cyp2c38,* and *Cyp2d22* in IL6-iMHs (P10) and Hepa (n=3 independent experiments). All data are shown as Means ± SEM. Source data are provided in a Source data file. Scale bars represent 100 µm.



Supplementary Fig. 6 Characterization of IL6-td-iHPC clones generated from single cells

(a) Representative morphology and fluorescence images of td-Hepa (red) cultured in IL6-HCM for 14 days. (b-d) Representative morphology (b), fluorescence images (c) and cell numbers (d) of 3 single hepatocyte-generated IL6-td-iHPC clones (P10) cultured in IL6-HCM for 7 days (n=3 independent experiments). ***P< 0.001 (two-tailed unpaired Student's t test). (e, f) Immunofluorescence staining of cell cycle markers CyclinD1 (green) and Ki67 (green) (e) and hepatic progenitor cell marker Sox9 (green) and Ck19 (green) (f) in IL6-td-iHPC clones (P10). (g, h) Immunofluorescence staining of hepatic markers Cyp1a2 (green) (g) and Cyp2c9 (green) (h) in IL6-td-iMH clones (P10). Nuclei were stained with Hoechst 33342 (blue). (i) The statistical analysis of e-h (eight random fields each group, 3 independently generated IL6-td-iMH clones

were analyzed). (j) Representative morphology and fluorescence images (red) of IL6td-iHPC-clone-1 and IL6-td-iMHs-clone-1 (P30). (k) Immunofluorescence staining of hepatic markers Albumin (green) and Hnf4 α (green) in IL6-td-iMHs-clone-1 (P30). Nuclei were stained with Hoechst 33342 (blue). All data are shown as Means ± SEM. All images are representative images from at least 3 independent experiments. Source data and exact P values are provided in a Source data file. Scale bars represent 100 μ m.



Supplementary Fig. 7 Transcriptome analysis of IL6-iHPCs and IL6-iMHs

(**a**, **b**) Heatmaps for the expression of cell cycle genes (**a**) and representative hepatic function-related genes: Cytochromes, Bile acid biosynthesis and metabolism, Glucose metabolism, Coagulation factors, Lipid and fatty acid metabolism and Xenobiotic metabolism (**b**) in primary hepatocytes, IL6-iHPCs-D3 (P0), IL6-iHPCs-D14 (P0), IL6-iHPCs from different mouse and different passages and the IL6-iMHs differentated from them. Gene expression is presented in log 2 scale as defined by the corresponding color bars in the left. Red and green represent higher and lower gene expression levels respectively. Three technical replicates for all groups.



Supplementary Fig. 8 Repopulation of *Fah*^{-/-} liver by IL6-iMHs

(a) Representative images of H&E staining in liver sections from $Fah^{-/-}$ mice before NTBC withdrawal (D0, n=2 mice), 28 days after NTBC withdrawal without transplantation (n=3 mice), or 63 days after NTBC withdrawal but receiving td-Hepa (n=3 mice), IL6-td-iMHs (n=6 mice), or IL6-td-iMHs-clone-1 (n=7 mice). (b) Frozen section of the left lateral lobe of the liver from $Fah^{-/-}$ mice before NTBC withdrawal

(D0), 28 days after NTBC withdrawal without transplantation, or 63 days after NTBC withdrawal but receiving td-Hepa, IL6-td-iMHs, or IL6-td-iMHs-clone-1. The liver of Alb-td-mice was used as control. Scale bars represent 2 mm. (**c-g**) Immunofluorescence staining of hepatic markers Hnf4 α (green), Albumin (green), GS (green), Arg1 (green), and cholangiocytes maker Ck19 (green) in frozen liver sections of Fah^{-/-} mice before or 63 days after transplantation. Nuclei were stained with Hoechst 33342 (blue). Scale bars represent 100 μ m.





(a) Representative morphology and fluorescence images of hepatocytes isolated from $Fah^{-/-}$ mice receiving IL6-td-iMHs and IL6-td-iMHs-clone-1 for 63 days after NTBC withdrawal (n=3 mice in each group). Td-Hepa isolated from Alb-td mice were used as control. (b) Immunofluorescence staining of cell cycle marker Ki67 (green) and hepatic progenitor cell marker Ck19 (green) in (a). (c) Representative images of PAS staining and immunofluorescence staining of hepatic markers Hnf4 α (green), Cyp1a2 (green) and Cyp2c9 (green) in cells in (a). Nuclei were stained with Hoechst 33342 (blue). (d) Statistical data of the intensity of Ck19, Cyp1a2 and Cyp2c9, and percent of Ki67 and Hnf4 α staining in (b and c) (n=3 independent experiments). All data are shown as Means ± SEM. Source data are provided in a Source data file. Scale bars represent 100 μ m.



Supplementary Fig. 10 Repopulation of Fah^{-/-} liver by long-term cultured IL6-



(a) Survival curves of $Fah^{-/-}$ mice (no NTBC) receiving IL6-td-iMHs (P35, n=6) and IL6-td-iMHs-clone-1 (P20, n=8) or vehicle (Non-trans, n=9, cited from Fig. 4c), ***P< 0.001 (Log-rank test). (b) Images of the whole livers (left), fluorescent images of the whole livers (middle, scale bars represent 5 mm) and frozen sections of liver (right, scale bars represent 1 mm) 63 days after IL6-td-iMHs (P35, n=2 mice), or IL6-td-iMHsclone-1 (P20, n=2 mice) transplantation (no NTBC). (c) Quantitative analysis of tdTomato positive areas in liver (n=3 mice per group). (d) Serum levels of ALT, AST, ALP and TBIL in the $Fah^{-/-}$ mice after transplantation (n=3~8 mice per group, the numbers of the animals were listed under the bars). Data are shown as Means \pm SEM. *P < 0.05, ***P< 0.001, vs non-trans (two-tailed unpaired Student's t test). Exact P

values are provided in a Source data file. The data of $Fah^{-/-}$ mice before NTBC withdrawal (D0), 28 days after vehicle transplantation (no NTBC) were cited from Fig. 4f. (e-g) Immunofluorescence staining of Albumin (green), GS (green) and Arg1 (green) in frozen liver sections of $Fah^{-/-}$ mice 63 days after transplantation (n=3 mice). Nuclei were stained with Hoechst 33342 (blue). Source data and exact P values are provided in a Source data file. Scale bars represent 100 µm.



Supplementary Fig. 11 Sorting of hepatocytes with different ploidy

Schematic of the experimental strategy for the FACS sorting of diploid (2c), tetraploid (4c) and octaploid (8c) hepatocytes.



Supplementary Fig. 12 Karyotypes analysis of IL6-iHPCs

(**a**, **b**) Representative karyotype images (**a**) and statistical analysis of chromosome numbers (**b**) of IL6-td-iHPCs (P46) (n=120 cells) and IL6-td-iHPCs-clone-1 (P20) (n=115 cells).

Supplementary Fig. 13 Involvement of Stat3 signaling in IL6 mediated hepatocyte growth



(a) Western blotting analysis of STAT3, p-STAT3, AKT, p-AKT, ERK1/2 and p-ERK1/2 in hepatocytes cultured in IL6-HCM for 6 hours to 14 days. GAPDH was used as loading control. Representative blot from 3 independent experiments is shown. (b) Gene Set Enrichment Analysis (GSEA) was performed to assess the difference of IL6-iHPCs (D14) and primary hepatocytes using IL6-JAK-STAT3 signature. Normalized enrichment score (NES) reflects the degree of over-representation for each group at the peak of the entire set. P value is calculated using GSEA empirical phenotype-based permutation test, two-sided, and no adjustments were made for multiple comparisons.



Supplementary Fig. 14 Screening of TFs involved in IL6-mediated hepatocyte to iHPC reprogramming

(a) Transcriptomic analysis of normal liver and livers post 2/3 partial hepatectomy (PHX) at different time points. Gene expression was compared between PHX-6 h and normal, PHX-24 h and normal, or PHX-D3 and normal. Genes with \geq 2-fold changes (p < 0.05) from any of the above comparisons were selected (Group 1, 115 genes). (b) Transcriptomic analysis of primary hepatocytes, IL6-iHPCs-D3 (P0), IL6-iHPCs-D14 (P0), IL6-iHPCs-mouse-1 (P10) and IL6-iHPCs-mouse-2 (P10). Gene expression was compared between IL6-iHPCs-D14 (P0) and primary hepatocytes, IL6-iHPCs-mouse-1 (P10) and primary hepatocytes, or IL6-iHPCs-mouse-2 (P10) and primary hepatocytes. Genes with \geq 2-fold changes (p < 0.05) in all of the above comparisons were selected (Group 2, 361 genes). (c) Gene expression was compared between IL6iHPCs-D7 (P0) and HCM-Hepa-D7 (P0), IL6-iHPCs-D7 (P0) and primary hepatocytes. Genes with ≥ 1.5 -fold changes (p < 0.05) in all of the above comparisons were selected (Group 3, 85 genes). (d) Venn diagram for the selection of TFs. 16 TFs were identified. (e-g) Representative genes (Barx2, Elf3, Mxd3 and FoxM1) are indicated in group 1, 2, 3. Each element represents the log 2 (normalized expression), as scaled by the corresponding color legends. Three technical replicates for all groups.

Supplementary Fig. 15 Uncropped scans of the immunoblots in Fig. 6a and Supplementary Fig. 11a





Supplementary. Fig. 11a



Cell type	Culture format	Expansion medium/Time	Expansion chemicals/cytokin es	Maturation medium/Time	Passages in vitro	Latest passage used to access differentiation and repopulation capacity	Support single cell- derived clones	Ref
Primary	2D	DMEM/F12, 2.4 g/L	10 µM Y27632,	DMEM/F12, 2.4 g/L NaHCO3, L-	Rat: At least	Rat: differentiation	Rat (Yes);	1
hepatocyt		NaHCO3, L-glutamine,	0.5 μM A-83-01,	glutamine, 5 mM HEPES, 30 mg/L	26 passages,	capacity was measured at	Mice (Not	
es (Mice;		5 mM HEPES, 30 mg/L	3 μΜ	L-proline, 0.05% BSA, 10 ng/mL	doubling time	P≥15. In vivo	described)	
Rat)		L-proline, 0.05% BSA,	CHIR99021;	EGF, ITS, 10 ⁻⁶ M Dex, 10 mM	$=14.7 \pm 1.1$	repopulation capacity was		
		10 ng/mL EGF, ITS-X,		nicotinamide, 1 mM ascorbic acid-	hr; Mice: At	measured for clones with		
		10 ⁻⁷ M Dex, 10 mM		2, 10 µM Y27631, 0.5 µM A-83-01,	least 20	passages not specified.		
		nicotinamide, 1 mM		3 μM CHIR99021, 20 ng/mL OSM;	passages	Mice: differentiation		
		ascorbic acid-2,		8 days		capacity was measured at		
		antibiotic/antimycotic				P11-12.		
		solution;14-16 days						
Primary	2D	DMEM/F12, N2 or ITS,	10 µM Y27632, 3	DMEM/F12, N2 or ITS, 10 µM	At least 30	Differentiation and in	Not	2
hepatocyt		20 ng/mL EGF, 20	μM CHIR99021,	DAPT, 20 ng/mL OSM, 10 µM	passages,	vivo repopulation	described	
es (Mice)		ng/mL HGF; 7 days	1 μM S1P, 5 μM	Dex, 10 µM SB431542; 12-21 days	doubling	capacity were measured at		
			LPA, 1 µM A83-		time=15-20 hr	passages not specified.		
			01;					
Primary	2D	DMEM/F12, 1% FBS,	4 µM A-83-01, 3	DMEM/F12, 1%FBS, ITS, 10 ⁻⁵ M	At least 23	Differentiation was	Yes	3
hepatocyt		ITS, 10 ⁻⁷ M Dex, 10	μM CHIR99021	Dex, 10 mM nicotinamide, 50 µM	passages,	measured at P23. In vivo		
es (Mice)		mM nicotinamide, 50		β-mercaptoethanol, 20 ng/mL EGF,	doubling	repopulation capacity was		
		$\mu M \beta$ -mercaptoethanol,		20 ng/mL HGF, 4 µM A-83-01, 3	time=35.42 \pm	measured with single cell-		

Supplementary Table 1: Reported methods of primary hepatocytes expansion

			-				
	20 ng/mL EGF, 20		µM CHIR99021, 20 ng/mL OSM,	0.8 hr	derived clone with		
	ng/mL HGF, 1%		1% penicillin/streptomycin; 8 days		passage not specified.		
	penicillin/streptomycin;						
	8 days						
3D	William's E medium,	10 µM Y27632, 1	William's E medium, 1%	About 14	Functional properties are	Not	4
	1% Glutamax, 1% Non-	μM A-83-01, 3	Glutamax, 1% Non-Essential	passages, 7	retained in 7 months	described	
	Essential Amino Acids,	μM CHIR99021,	Amino Acids, 0. 2% normocin, 2%	months	cultures (P14). In vivo		
	0. 2% normocin, 2%	100 ng/mL TNFa,	B27, 1% N2, 10 mM nicotinamide,		repopulation capacity was		
	B27, 1% N2, 10 mM	50 ng/mL noggin	1.25 mM N-acetylcysteine,		measured with the cells		
	nicotinamide, 1.25 mM		25 ng/mL EGF, 50 ng/mL HGF,		cultured for 105 days.		
	N-acetylcysteine, 25		1% penicillin/streptomycin,				
	ng/mL EGF, 50 ng/mL		(condition 1: 10 µM Y27632, 1 µM				
	HGF, 1%		A-83-01, 3 μM Dex; condition 2: 3				
	penicillin/streptomycin;		μM CHIR99021, 3 μM Dex); 3-5				
	14 days;		days				
2D	DMEM/F12, 1% FBS,	4 µM A-83-01, 3	DMEM/F12, 1%FBS, ITS, 10 ⁻⁷ M	10 passages,	Differentiation was	Not	5
	ITS, 10 ⁻⁷ M Dex, 10	μM CHIR99021	Dex, 10 mM nicotinamide, 20	doubling	measured at P10. In vivo	described	
	mM nicotinamide, 20		ng/mL EGF, 20 ng/mL HGF, 20	time=37-47 hr	repopulation was		
	ng/mL EGF, 20 ng/mL		ng/mL OSM; 8 days		measured at P6		
	HGF; 15 days						
2D	Advanced DMEM/F12,	10 µM Y27632, 3	Advanced DMEM/F12, N2, B27,	10 passages,	Differentiation was	Not	6
	N2, B27, 1 mM sodium	μM CHIR99021,	10 μM DAPT, 20 ng/mL OSM,	doubling	measured at P10. In vivo	described	
	pyruvate, 10 µg/mL	1 μM A-83-01, 1	10 μM Dex 10 μM SB431542; 6	time=24.7 \pm	repopulation was		
	ascorbic acid, 20 ng/mL	μM S1P, 5 μM	days	1.4 hr	measured at P5.		
	EGF, 20 ng/mL HGF;	LPA					
	6-12 days						
	3D 2D 2D	20 ng/mL EGF, 20 ng/mL HGF, 1% penicillin/streptomycin; 8 days3DWilliam's E medium, 1% Glutamax, 1% Non- Essential Amino Acids, 0. 2% normocin, 2% 	20 ng/mL EGF, 20 ng/mL HGF, 1% penicillin/streptomycin; 8 days 10 μM Y27632, 1 μM A-83-01, 3 3D William's E medium, 1% Glutamax, 1% Non- Essential Amino Acids, 0. 2% normocin, 2% 100 ng/mL TNFa, 50 ng/mL TNFa, 50 ng/mL noggin 827, 1% N2, 10 mM 50 ng/mL noggin nicotinamide, 1.25 mM N-acetylcysteine, 25 ng/mL EGF, 50 ng/mL HGF, 1% penicillin/streptomycin; 14 days; 4 μM A-83-01, 3 μM CHIR99021 2D DMEM/F12, 1% FBS, ITS, 10 ⁻⁷ M Dex, 10 mM nicotinamide, 20 ng/mL EGF, 20 ng/mL HGF; 15 days 4 μM A-83-01, 3 μM CHIR99021 2D Advanced DMEM/F12, N2, B27, 1 mM sodium 10 μM Y27632, 3 μM CHIR99021, 1 μM A-83-01, 1 μM S1P, 5 μM 2D Advanced DMEM/F12, 6-12 days 10 μM S1P, 5 μM	20 ng/mL EGF, 20 ng/mL HGF, 1% penicillin/streptomycin; 8 daysμM CHIR99021, 20 ng/mL OSM, 1% penicillin/streptomycin; 8 days3DWilliam's E medium, 1% Glutamax, 1% Non- Essential Amino Acids, 0. 2% normocin, 2% B27, 1% N2, 10 mM nicotinamide, 1.25 mM N-acetylcysteine, 25 ng/mL EGF, 50 ng/mL HGF, 1% penicillin/streptomycin; 14 days;10 μM Y27632, 1 μM A-83-01, 3 μM CHIR99021, B27, 1% N2, 10 mM N-acetylcysteine, 25 ng/mL EGF, 50 ng/mL HGF, 1% penicillin/streptomycin; 14 days;10 μM A-83-01, 3 μM CHIR99021, S0 ng/mL noggin 1.25 mM N-acetylcysteine, 25 ng/mL EGF, 50 ng/mL HGF, 10 μM Y27632, 1 μM A-83-01, 3 μM Dex; condition 2: 3 μM CHIR99021, 3 μM Dex); 3-5 days2DDMEM/F12, 1% FBS, HGF, 15 days4 μM A-83-01, 3 μM CHIR99021 μM CHIR99021, 3 μM Dex); 3-5 daysDMEM/F12, 1% FBS, 115, 10° M Dex, 10 mM nicotinamide, 20 ng/mL EGF, 20 ng/mL HGF, 15 days2DAdvanced DMEM/F12, N2, B27, 1 mM sodium pyruvate, 10 μg/mL EGF, 20 ng/mL HGF; t days10 μM Y27632, 3 μM CHIR99021, 10 μM DAPT, 20 ng/mL OSM, 10 μM DAPT, 20	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	20 ng/mL EGF, 20 ng/mL HGF, 1% penicillin/streptomycin; 8 days μM CHIR99021, 20 ng/mL OSM, 1% penicillin/streptomycin; 8 days 0.8 hr derived clone with passage not specified. 3D William's E medium, 1% Glutamax, 1% Non- Essential Amino Acids, 0.2% normocin, 2% 10 μM Y27632, 1 William's E medium, 1% About 14 Functional properties are retained in 7 months 0.2% normocin, 2% 100 ng/mL TNFa, B27, 1% N2, 10 mM Glutamax, 1% Non-Essential µM CHIR99021, 0.2% normocin, 2% Amino Acids, 0.2% normocin, 2% months retained in 7 months cultures (P14). In vivo repopulation capacity was B27, 1% N2, 10 mM 50 ng/mL noggin 1.25 mM N-acetylcysteine, 25 ng/mL EGF, 50 ng/mL HGF, 12% 50 ng/mL noggin 1.25 m/M N-acetylcysteine, 24 days 10 passages, publiclin/streptomycin, (condition 1: 10 µM Y27632, 1 µM A-83-01, 3 µM Dex; condition 2: 3 µM CHIR99021, 3 µM Dex; condition 2: 3 µM CHIR99021, 3 µM Dex; condition 2: 3 µM CHIR99021, 3 µM Dex; condition 2: 4 µM CHIR99021 10 passages, porticlin/streptomycin, ng/mL EGF, 20 ng/mL Differentiation was measured at P10. In vivo repopulation was measured at P5.	20 ng/mL EGF, 20 ng/mL HGF, 1% penicillin/streptomycin; 8 days μM CHIR99021, 20 ng/mL OSM, 1% penicillin/streptomycin; 8 days 0.8 hr derived clone with passage not specified. 3D William's E medium, 1% Glutamax, 1% Non- Essential Amino Acids, 0.2% normocin, 2% 0.2% normocin, 2% B27, 1% N2, 10 mM necotinamide, 1.25 mM N-acetylcysteine, 25 ng/mL EGF, 50 ng/mL HGF, 15 days 10 µM Y27632, 1 µM A-83-01, 3 0 ng/mL NFa, B27, 1% N2, 10 mM s0 ng/mL NFa, B27, 1% N2, 10 mM nicotinamide, 1.25 mM N-acetylcysteine, 25 ng/mL EGF, 50 ng/mL HGF, 1% penicillin/streptomycin; 14 days; 10 ng/mL NFa, 25 ng/mL EGF, 50 ng/mL HGF, 1% penicillin/streptomycin; (condition 1: 10 µM Y27632, 1 µM A-83-01, 3 µM Dex; condition 2: 3 µM CHIR99021, 3 µM Dex; 3.5 days 10 passages, 20 D Differentiation was measured at P10. In vivo repopulation was measured at P6 Not described 2D DMEM/F12, 1% FBS, 1TS, 10 ⁷ M Dex, 10 mg/mL EGF, 20 ng/mL HGF; 15 days 10 µM Y27632, 3 µM CHIR99021, 10 µM N27632, 3 DMEM/F12, 1% FBS, TTS, 10 ⁷ M days 10 passages, 10 passages, 10 µM N27632, 1 µM CHIR99021, 10 µM DAPT, 20 ng/mL OSM, 8 days Differentiation was measured at P6 Not described 2D Advanced DMEM/F12, N2, B27, 1 mM sodium pyruxeta; 10 µg/mL ascoribic acid, 20 ng/mL EGF, 20 ng/mL EGF, 20 ng/mL ACHR99021, 10 µM DAPT, 20 ng/mL OSM, 8 days 10 passages, 1.4 hr Differentiation was measured at P6. Not described 2D Advanced DMEM/F12, N2, B27, 1 mM sodium pyruxeta; 10 µG/mL EGF, 20 ng/mL EGF, 20 ng/mL EGF

Primary	2D	Advanced DMEM/F12,	10 nM Human	Advanced DMEM/F12, N2, B27	(Hypoxia) 8	Differentiation was	Not	7
hepatocyt		N2, B27 (minus vitamin	[Leu15]-gastrin I,	(minus vitamin A), 1mM N-acetyl-	passages	measured at P8.	described	
es		A), 1mM N-acetyl-	2 ng/mL FGF10,	cysteine, 10 mM nicotinamide, 2		Repopulation was		
(Human)		cysteine, 10 mM	5 μM A83-01, 10	ng/mL FGF10, 50 ng/mL EGF, 25		measured at P6.		
		nicotinamide, 50 ng/mL	μM Y27632, 50	ng/l HGF, 10 nM Human [Leu15]-				
		EGF, 25 ng/mL HGF,	ng/mL Wnt3a	gastrin I, 1% FBS, 5 µM A83-01,				
		1% FBS, 1%	protein	10 µM Y27632, 50 ng/mL Wnt3a				
		penicillin/streptomycin;		protein, 5 µM Forskolin, 1 µM				
		5 days		Dex, 20 ng/mL OSM, 1% FBS, 1%				
				penicillin/streptomycin; 10 days				
Primary	3D	AdDMEM/F12,	10 nM gastrin,	None	7 passages	Not described.	Not	8
hepatocyt		15% RSPO1	100 ng/mL FGF7,		estimated		described	
es (mice)		conditioned medium,	100 ng/mL		from Figure			
		B27 (minus vitamin A),	FGF10, 3 µM		3В			
		50 ng/mL EGF, 1.25	CHIR99021, 2					
		mM N-acetylcysteine,	μM A83-01, 10					
		10 mM Nicotinamide,	μM Y27632					
		25 ng/mL HGF; 14 days						
Primary	3D	AdDMEM/F12,	10 nM gastrin,	For fetal organoids:	Fetal: 28	Human fetal hepatocyte	Not	8
hepatocyt		15% RSPO1	100 ng/mL FGF7,	AdDMEM/F12, 15% RSPO1	passages;	organoids:	described	
es		conditioned medium,	100 ng/mL	conditioned medium,B27 (minus	adult: 2-2.5	Differentiation was		
(Human		B27 (minus vitamin A),	FGF10, 2 µM	vitamin A), 50 ng/mL EGF, 1.25	months	measured at P22.		
fetal,		50 ng/mL EGF, 1.25	Α83-01, 10 μΜ	mM N-acetylcysteine, 10 mM		Repopulation was		
adult)		mM N-acetylcysteine,	Y27632, 20	Nicotinamide, 50 ng/mL HGF, 10		measured at P16.		
		10 mM Nicotinamide,	ng/mL TGFa	nM gastrin, 100 ng/mL FGF7, 100		Human adult hepatocyte		
		50 ng/mL HGF; 9-10		ng/mL FGF10, 2 µM A83-01, 10		organoids: In vivo		

		days		µM Y27632, 20 ng/mL TGFa, 1		repopulation capacity was		
				μM Dex, 10 ng/mL OSM;		measured (passage was		
						not specified)		
Primary	2D	DMEM/F12, ITS, 10 ⁻⁷	30 ng/mL IL6	DMEM/F12, ITS, 10 ⁻⁶ M Dex, 20	At least 46	Differentiation was	Yes	here
hepatocyt		M Dex, 20 ng/mL EGF,		ng/mL OSM; 7days	passages,	measured at P5, P10, P20,		
es (mice)		20 ng/mL HGF; 14 days			doubling	P30 and P35.		
					time=13-20 hr	Repopulation was		
						measured at P10, P20 and		
						P35.		

Gene	Forward	Reverse
Afp	TGCAGAAACACATCGAGGAGAG	GCTTCACCAGGTTAATGAGAAGCT
Cxcr4	TTGTCCACGCCACCAACAGTCA	TGAAACACCACCATCCACAGGC
Cd44	CACCATTGCCTCAACTGTGC	TTGTGGGCTCCTGAGTCTGA
Cd133	CTCCCATCAGTGGATAGAGAACT	ATACCCCCTTTTGACGAGGCT
Cldn3	TCACGGCGCAGATCACCT	ACCAACGGGTTATAGAAATCCCT
Ck8	AGATGAACCGCAACATCAACC	TCAATCTTCTTCACAACCACAGC
Ck19	GTCCTACAGATTGACAATGC	CACGCTCTGGATCTGTGACAG
Fn14	GTGTTGGGATTCGGCTTGGT	GTCCATGCACTTGTCGAGGTC
Sox9	CACCCCGATTACAAGTACCAG	TGCTCAGTTCACCGATGTCCA
Epcam	CTGGGAGGAGGATAAAGC	AGAAGAATGGAACAGGGAC
Bcl2	GTCGCTACCGTCGTGACTTC	CAGACATGCACCTACCCAGC
Cdk1	AGAAGGTACTTACGGTGTGGT	GAGAGATTTCCCGAATTGCAGT
CyclinB1	AAGGTGCCTGTGTGTGAACC	GTCAGCCCCATCATCTGCG
Cdc20	TTCGTGTTCGAGAGCGATTTG	CAGACATGCACCTACCCAGC
Albumin	CCACTGTTGAAGAAAGCCCA	CAGATAGTCTTCCACACAAGGCA
G6p	GCGCAGCAGGTGTATACTATGT	ATCAACTCAACCTGGGATGG
Hnf4a	CAGGGGCTTGGGTGGCATCCT	CTGCAGGAGCGCGTTGATGGA
Fah	CACGAGACATCCAGCAAT	GGTTCCAGAAGCCAAGAG
Aat	AATGGAAGAAGCCATTCGAT	AAGACTGTAGCTGCTGCAGC
Trf	CCCACTCAAATGTGCTCCGAAC	ACCGACAGATTGCATGTACTCC
Ttr	CTCACCACAGATGAGAAG	GGCTGAGTCTCTCAATTC
Foxa1	CACAGGGTTGGATGGTTGTGT	GTACGCCATGGGACTCATGCA
Foxa2	GGAGCAGCGGCCAGCGAGTTA	TCTGCTGGATGGCCATGGTGA
Foxa3	TGTAGAGAGACCGAAGCAC	AGGTCCATGATCCATTGGTA
Cyplal	CAATGAGTTTGGGGGAGGTTACTG	CCCTTCTCAAATGTCCTGTAGTG
Cyp1a2	AGTACATCTCCTTAGCCCCAG	GGTCCGGGTGGATTCTTCAG
Cyp3a11	TGAGGCAGAAGGCAAAGAAA	GGTATTCCATCTCCATCACA
Cyp3a13	GACGATTCTTGCTTACCAGAAGG	CCGGTTTGTGAAGGTAGAGTAAC
Cyp3a16	TGTCCTTGTCAGTAGCACTCT	TGTGATCTCGATTTCAGAAAGGG
Cyp3a41	AAAGCCGCCTCGATTCTAAGC	ACTACATCCCGTGGTACAACC
Cyp2b10	AAAGTCCCGTGGCAACTTCC	TTGGCTCAACGACAGCAACT
Cyp2c38	CACGGCCCATTGTTGTATTGC	TGAGTGTGAAACGTCTTGTCTCT
Cyp2d22	CAGTGGTTGTACTAAATGGGCT	GCTAGGACTATACCTTGAGAGCG
Barx2	GATGGTCCTTAAAGGTGGACAG	TGGGCTCCTGGGTATCACAG
FoxM1	CTGATTCTCAAAAGACGGAGGC	TTGATAATCTTGATTCCGGCTGG
Mxd3	GAGGCAGAGCACGGTTATG	TGTAGTGTATCGGGTACAGTCAA
Elf3	GCTGCCACCTGTGAGATCAG	GTGCCAAAGGTAGTCGGAGG
GAPDH	AGGTCGGTGTGAACGGATTTG	TGTAGACCATGTAGTTGAGGTCA

Supplementary Table 2: Primer sequences for quantitative RT-PCR Analysis

Name	Forward	Reverse
Scramble	CCGGCCTAAGGTTAAGTCGCCCTC	GGCCGGATTCCAATTCAGCGGGAGC
	GCTCGAGCGAGGGGGGGACTTAACCT	GAGCTCGCTCCCGCTGAATTGGAAT
	TAGGTTTTTG	ССАААААС
Barx2 shRNA	CCGGGCTGCAAGTGAAGACTTGGT	AATTCAAAAAGCTGCAAGTGAAGA
	ACTCGAGTACCAAGTCTTCACTTG	CTTGGTACTCGAGTACCAAGTCTTC
	CAGCTTTTTG	ACTTGCAGC
FoxM1 shRNA	CCGGGCTCCATAGAAATGTGACCA	AATTCAAAAAGCTCCATAGAAATGT
	TCTCGAGATGGTCACATTTCTATGG	GACCATCTCGAGATGGTCACATTTCT
	AGCTTTTTG	ATGGAGC
Elf3 shRNA	CCGGCTTGGTGTTGACCCTGAACA	AATTCAAAAACTTGGTGTTGACCCT
	ACTCGAGTTGTTCAGGGTCAACAC	GAACAACTCGAGTTGTTCAGGGTCA
	CAAGTTTTTG	ACACCAAG
Mxd3 shRNA	CCGGCCACATGTTGAAGAGACTAA	AATTCAAAAACCACATGTTGAAGAG
	ACTCGAGTTTAGTCTCTTCAACATG	ACTAAACTCGAGTTTAGTCTCTTCA
	TGGTTTTTG	ACATGTGG

Supplementary Table 3: Short hairpin RNAs oligonucleotide used

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