Supporting Information for

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Co-delivery of nigericin and decitabine using hexahistidine-metal nanocarriers for pyroptosis-induced immunotherapeutics

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Figure S1 The most stable binding conformation between Nig/His_6 (A) and DAC/His₆ (B). The binding forces between Nig/His_6 (C) and DAC/His₆ (D). Hydrogen bond,Van der Waals, Pi-Alkyl,..... Pi-Sigma.



Figure S2 (**A**) Dilution stability analysis of (Nig+DAC)@HmA in bovine serum albumin (BSA) and fetal bovine serum (FBS) buffer at room temperature. (B) Release of drug from (Nig+DAC)@HmA nanoparticles in PBS with pH 5.0 and



Figure S3 Representative fluorescence images of MB49 cells incubated with Cy5 at different time points, scale bar = $20 \ \mu m$.



Figure S4 Cell viability of MB49 cells was treated by HmA with different concentrations. Data are shown as mean \pm SD (n = 3).



Figure S5 MB49 tumor growth curves of each mouse in different treatment groups.



Figure S6 Body weight of MB49 tumor-bearing mice after different treatments.

Data are shown as mean \pm SD (n = 4).



Figure S7 4T1 tumor growth curves of each mouse in different treatment groups.



Figure S8. Body weight of 4T1 tumor-bearing mice after different treatments.

Data are shown as mean \pm SD (n = 5).



Figure S9 The gating strategy to sort macrophage $(F4/80^+)$ from 4T1 tumor-bearing mice presented in Fig. 7D.