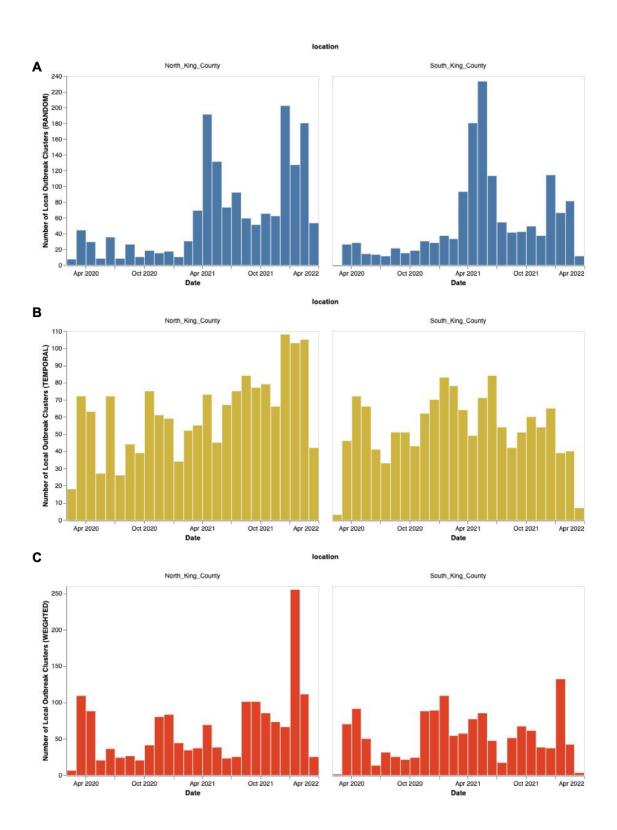
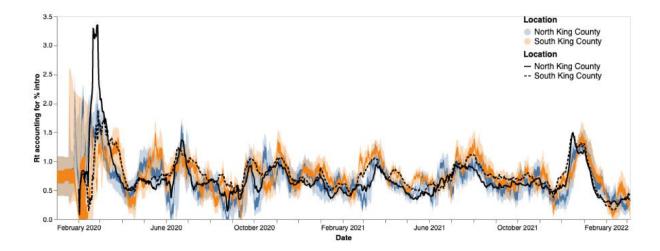
## Supplementary Materials: a list of the supplementary materials, followed by the actual text of the Supplementary Materials.

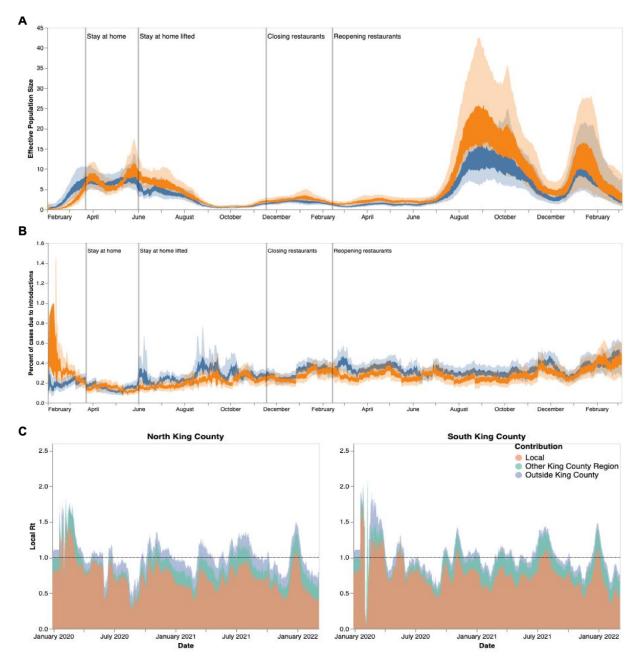
- 1. Supp.Fig 1: Number of local outbreak clusters over time by subsampling scheme
- 2. **Supp.Fig 2:**  $R_t$  estimation using phylodynamic estimates
- 3. **Supp.Fig 3**: Phylodynamic estimates of SARS-CoV-2 transmission in King County with equal temporal subsampling.
- 4. **Supp.Fig 4:** Phylodynamic estimates of SARS-CoV-2 transmission in King County with subsampling weighted by hospitalizations.
- 5. Supp. Table 1: Geocoding for different geographical scales in King County, WA
- 6. Supp. Table 2: Sequence Accession IDs and acknowledgements table (attached .CSV)



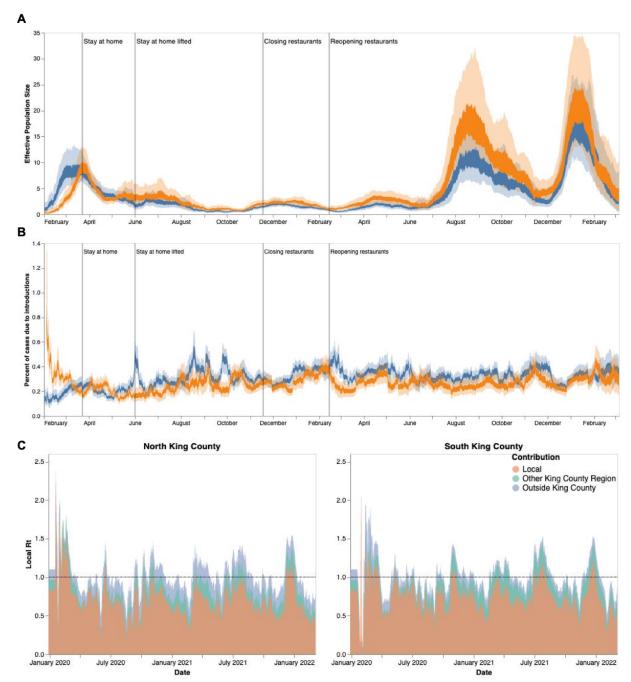
**Supplementary Figure 1:** Number of local outbreak clusters over time by subsampling scheme: random (A, Blue), equal temporal weighting by year-week (B, Gold), and subsampling weighted by daily hospitalizations calculated using a 14 day moving average (C, Red).



**Supplementary Figure 2:**  $R_t$  estimation using phylodynamic estimates (Blue North King County; Orange = South King County) and case data (Black lines, solid = North King County, dashed = South King County) The inner area denotes the 50% HPD interval and the outer area denotes the 95% HPD interval.



**Supplementary Figure 3:** Phylodynamic estimates of SARS-CoV-2 transmission in King County with equal temporal subsampling. Results presented above were inferred using 3000 sequences subsampled using equal temporal weighting by year-week. Analyses presented, as defined previously, are: effective population size over time (A), percent of cases due to introductions (B), and local Rt estimations divided by region and source of contribution (C). Orange denotes South King County; blue denotes North King County.



**Supplementary Figure 4:** Phylodynamic estimates of SARS-CoV-2 transmission in King County with subsampling weighted by hospitalizations. Results presented above were inferred using 3000 sequences subsampled using weighting by hospitalizations over time using a 14 day rolling average. Analyses presented, as defined previously, are: effective population size over time (A), percent of cases due to introductions (B), and local Rt estimations divided by region and source of contribution (C). Orange denotes South King County; blue denotes North King County.

Supplementary Table 1: Geocoding for different geographical scales in King County, WA

Region	PUMA	ZIPCODE
Region	11601	98103
		98107
		98117
	11602	98105
		98115
		98125
		98195
	11603	98101
		98102
		98104
		98109
North		98119
King		98121
County		98154
		98164
		98199
	11604	98112
		98118
		98122
		98144
	11605	98106
		98108
		98116
		98126
		98134

11606	98136 98133 98155 98177 98011 98028 98033
	98155 98177 98011 98028
	98177 98011 98028
	98011 98028
11607	98028
11607	
11607	98033
11607	
Ī	98034
	98052
	98004
	98005
11600	98006
11608	98007
	98008
-	98039
	98040
11600	98029
11609	98076
	98075
	98045
	98065
	98014
11616	98077
11616	98053
	98024
	98072
	98019

	11610	98055
		98057
		98056
		98178
	11611	98146
		98148
		98166
		98168
		98188
	11612	98003
		98023
South King		98198
		98070
	11613	98030
County		98031
		98032
		98092
	11614	98001
		98002
		98047
	11615	98010
		98022
		98038
		98051
		98027
		98042
		98059

	98058