

# Surface protein profiling of prostate-derived extracellular vesicles by mass spectrometry and proximity assays

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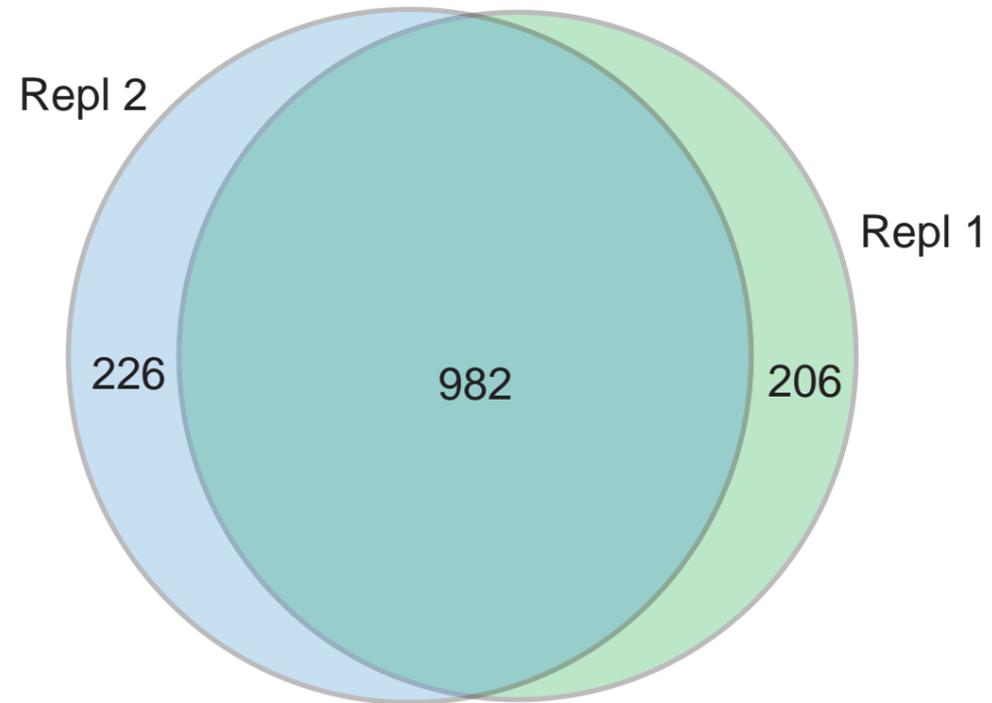
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‡ These authors contributed equally to this work

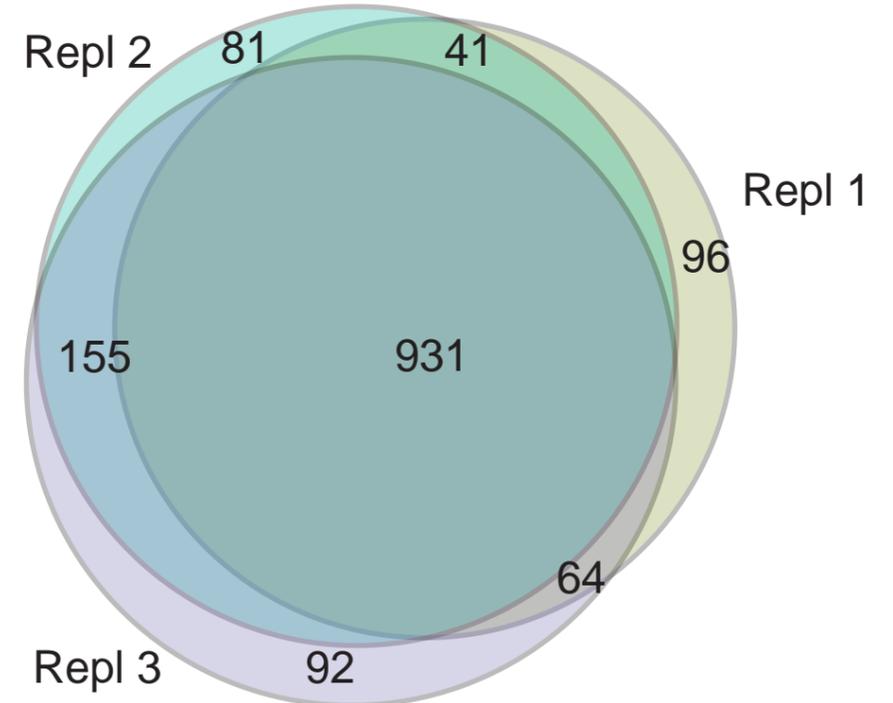
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**a**

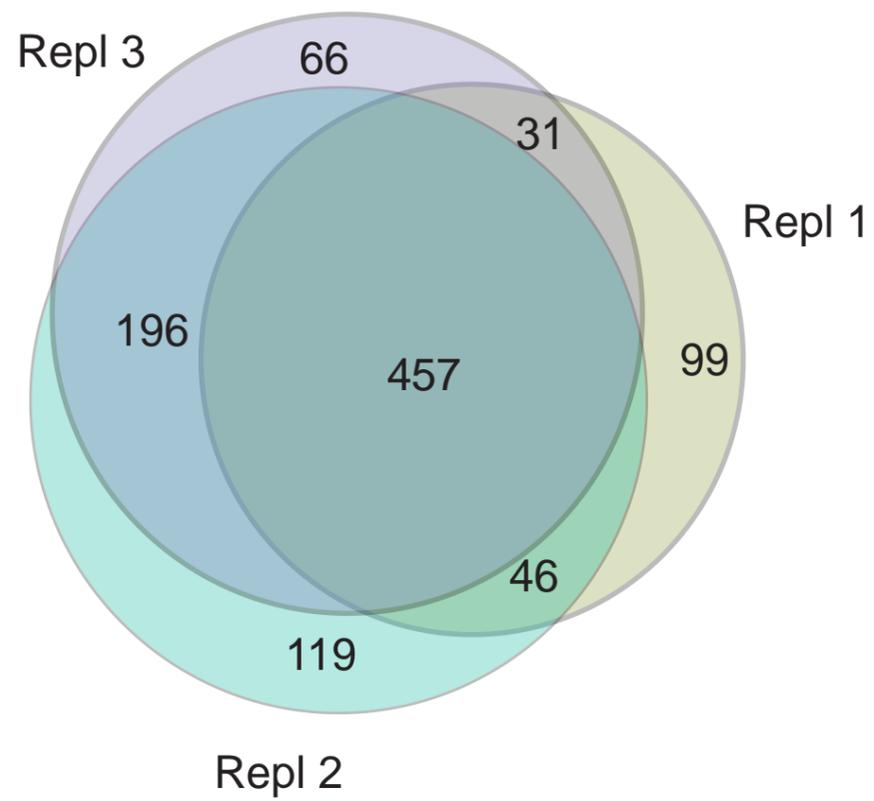
Total lysate SF-sEVs 1414

**b**

Total minus Surface SF-sEVs 1460

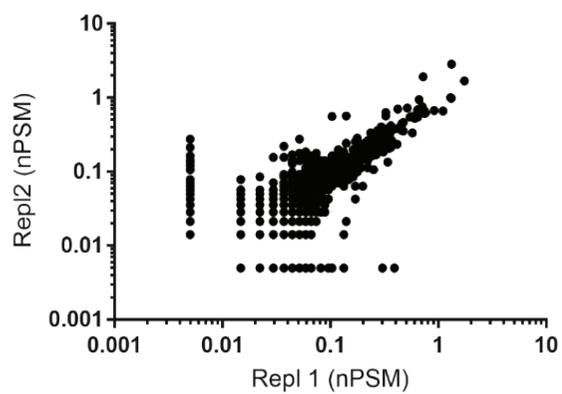
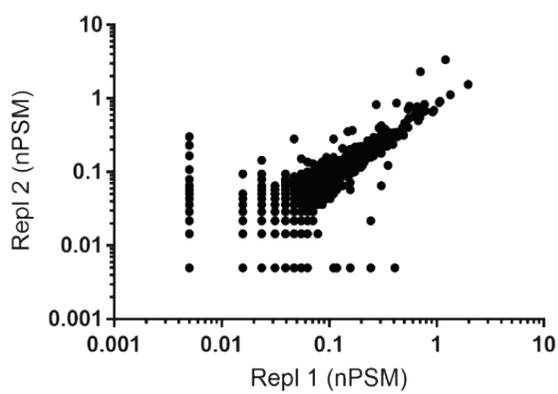
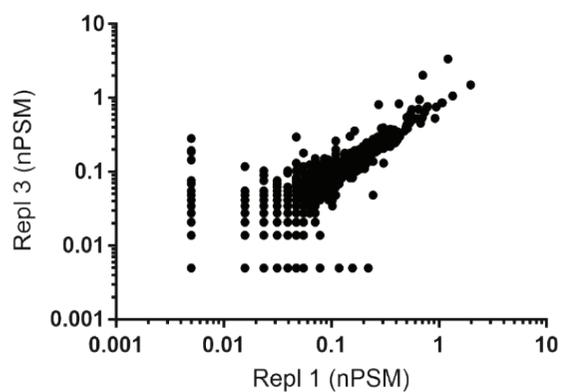
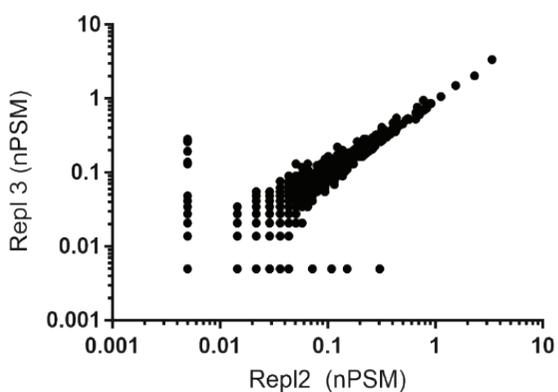
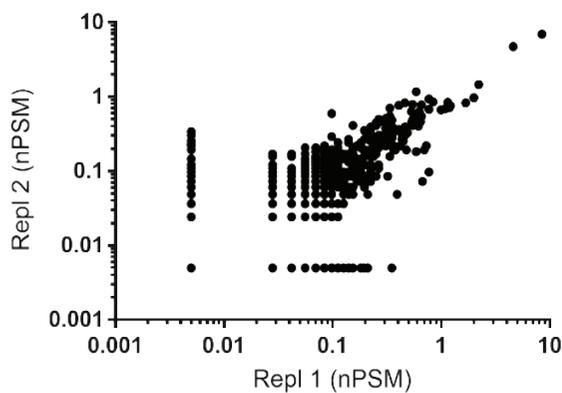
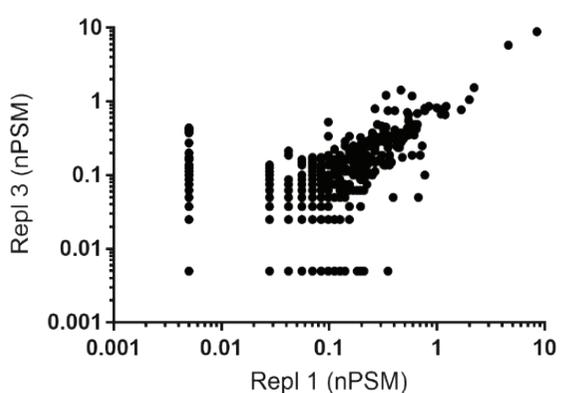
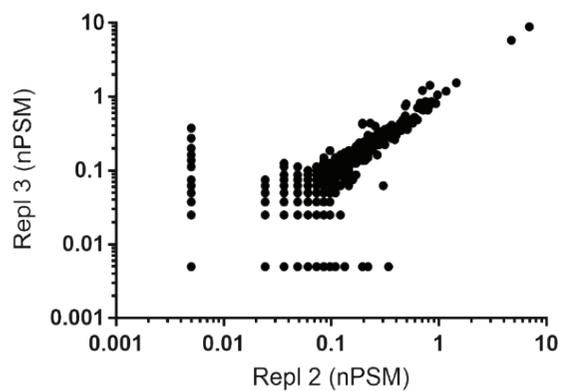
**c**

Surface SF-sEVs 1014



**Supplementary Figure 1. Reproducibility of identified proteins.**

Proportional area Venn diagrams of identified SF-sEVs proteins in (a) two replicates samples of Total lysate and three replicates samples of (b) Total-Surface and (c) Surface.

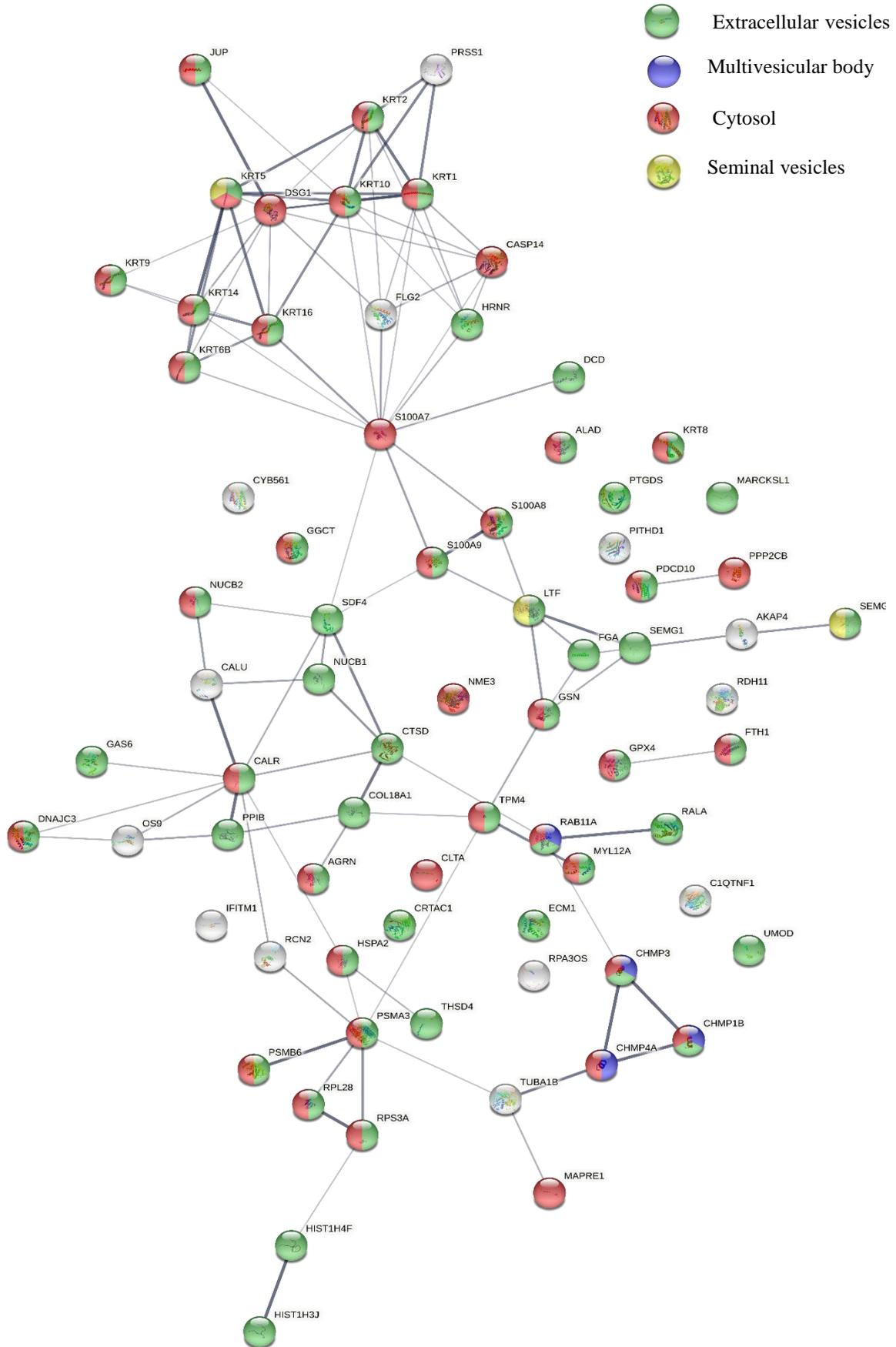
**a****b****c****d****e****f****g**

**Supplementary Figure 2. Reproducibility of numbers of protein identifications.**

Correlation between relative protein abundance (nPSMs) in replicates SF-sEVs samples of “Total lysate” (a), “Total minus Surface” (b, c, d) and “Surface” (e, f, g). Pearson’s  $r$  were respectively: (a) 0.872; (b) 0.836 (c) 0.846; (d) 0.985; (e) 0.953; (f) 0.948; (g) 0.986.



b



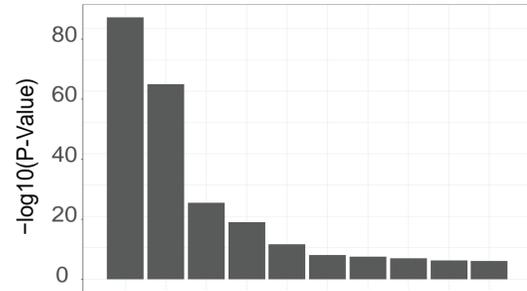
### **Supplementary Figure 3. String Graph.**

The location and functional roles of the 74 Surface enriched proteins were analyzed using the STRING database. The analysis was based on seven different criteria; a) 1) play roles in immune system, 2) any putative function in male reproductive system, and 3) putative involvement in emerging of diseases. b) presence in 4) extracellular vesicles, 5) multivesicular bodies, 6) cytosol and 7) seminal vesicles. White colored dot indicates that a protein is not existed in any of selected options.

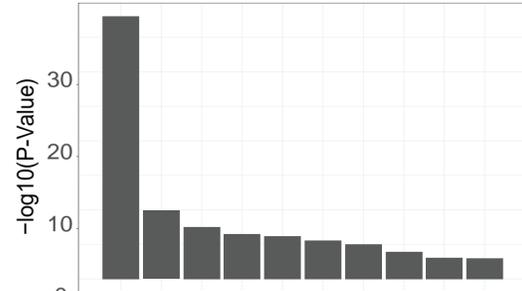
a

### Cellular Component (CC)

#### Total minus Surface



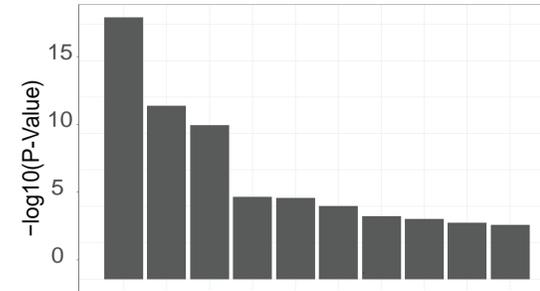
#### Surface



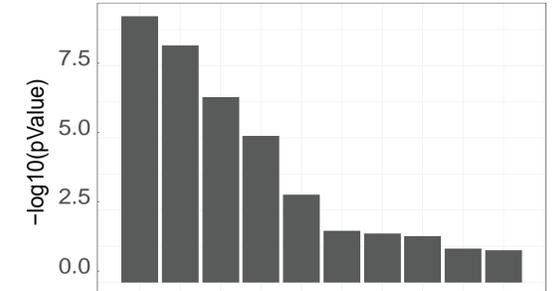
b

### Molecular Function (MF)

#### Total minus Surface



#### Surface



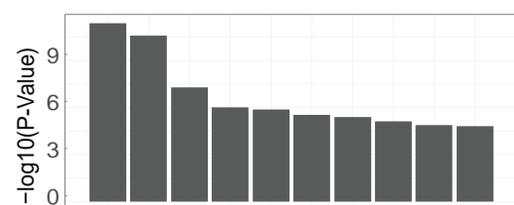
GO:0098641-cadherin binding involved in cell-cell adhesion  
 GO:0008565-protein transporter activity  
 GO:0016787-hydrolase activity  
 GO:0008536-Ran GTPase activity  
 GO:0003774-Ran GTPase activity  
 GO:000525-motor activity  
 GO:000146-microfilament motor activity  
 GO:0016301-kinase activity

GO:0005509-calcium ion binding  
 GO:0005198-structural molecule activity  
 GO:0005515-structural constituent of cytoskeleton  
 GO:0050786-RAGE-protein binding  
 GO:0035662-Toll-like receptor binding  
 GO:0050544-arachidonic acid binding  
 GO:0042277-peptide binding  
 GO:0002020-protease binding  
 GO:0051082-unfolded protein binding

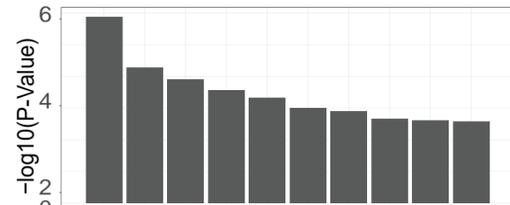
c

### Biological Process (BP)

#### Total minus Surface



#### Surface

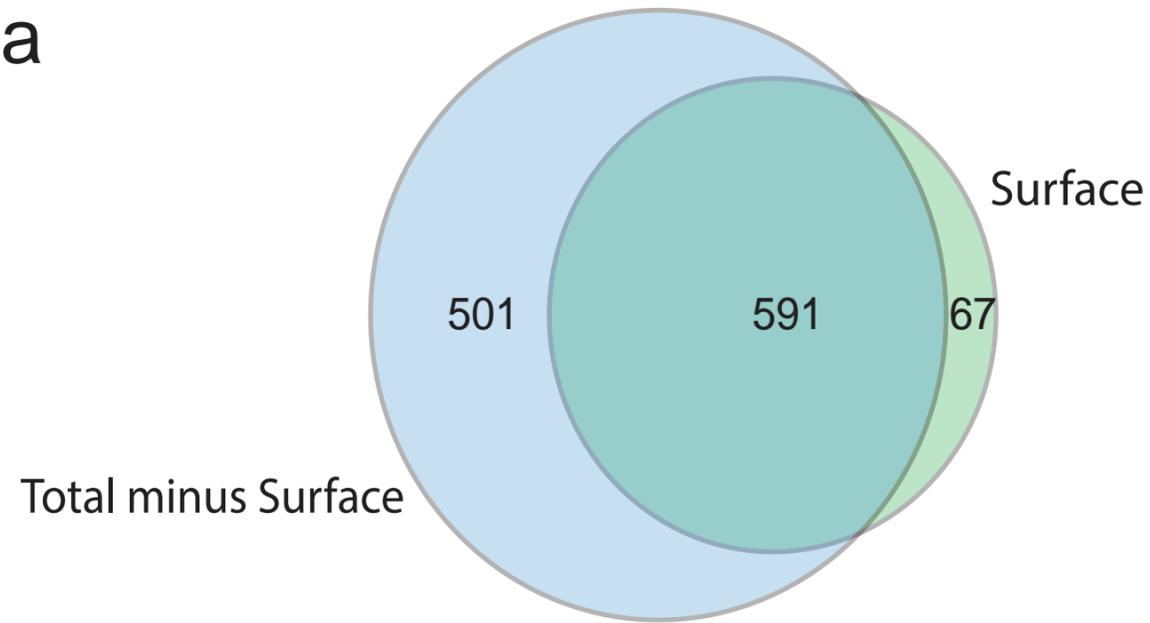
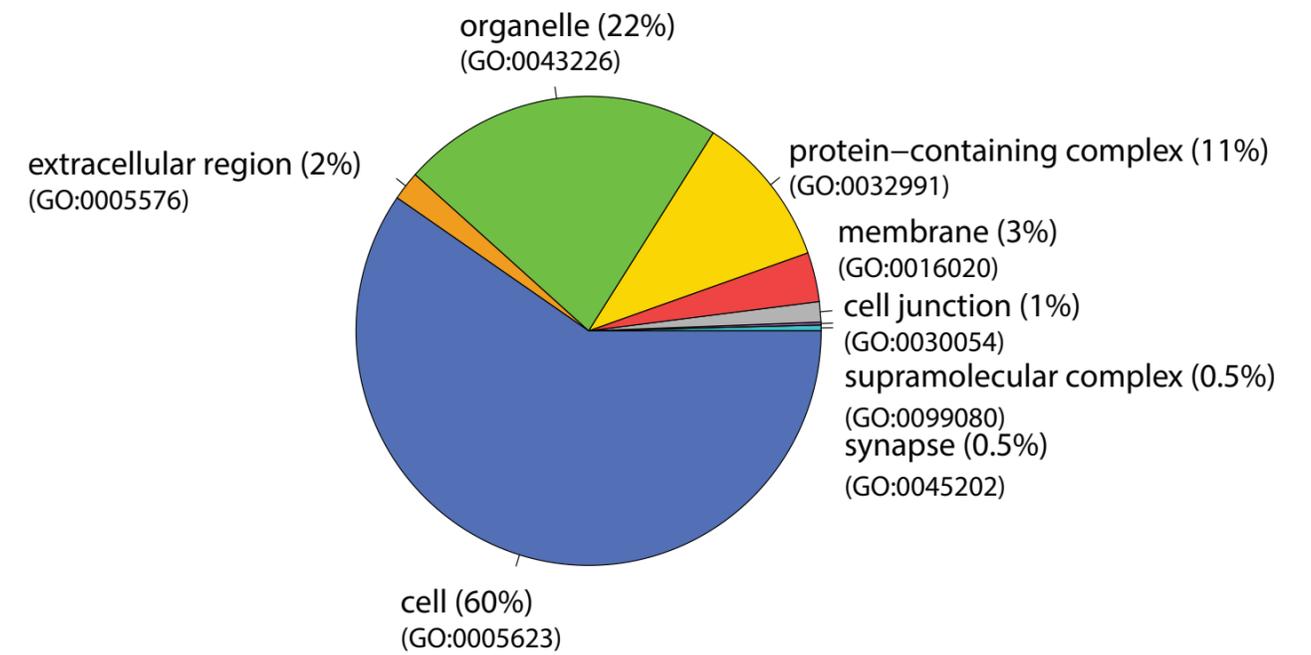
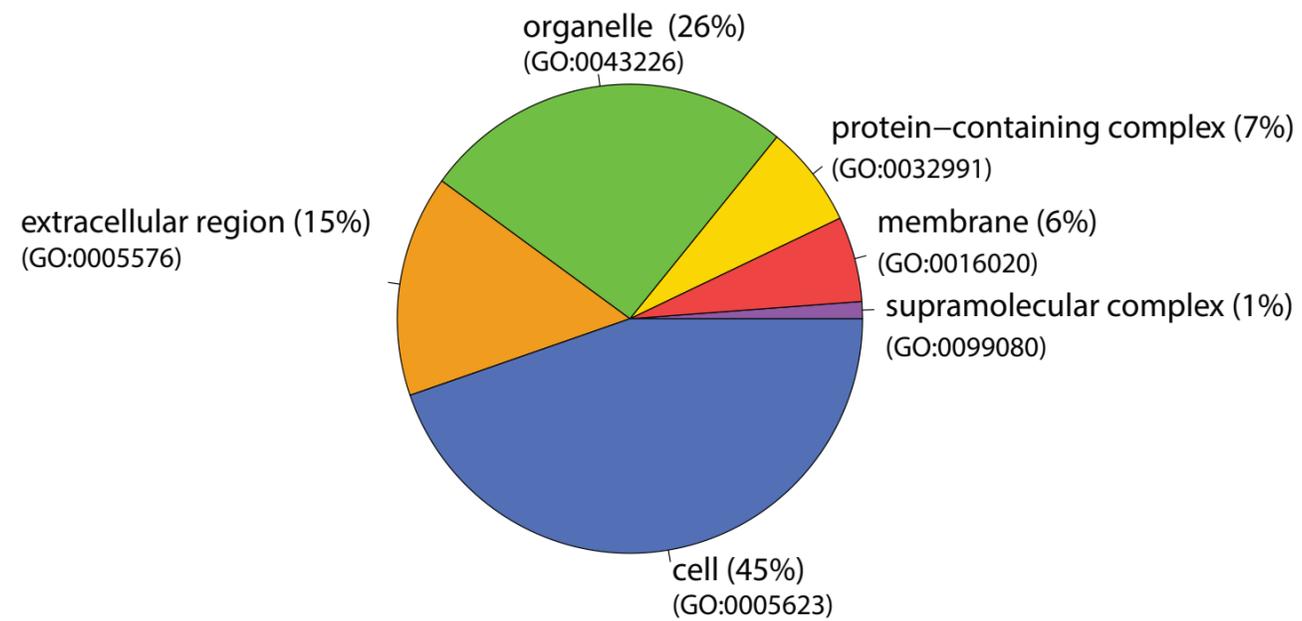
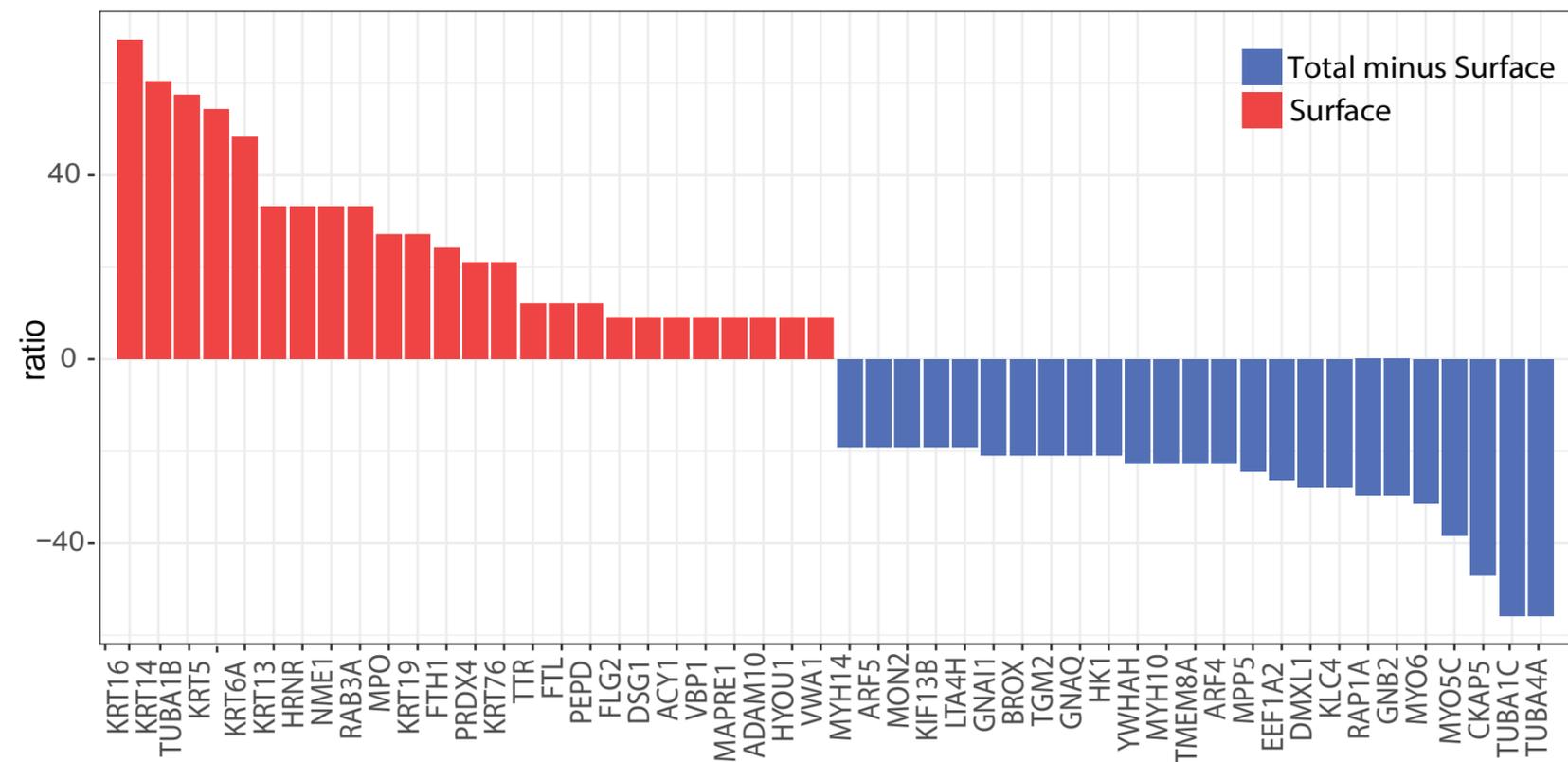


GO:0006886-intracellular protein transport  
 GO:0098609-cell-cell adhesion  
 GO:0015031-protein transport  
 GO:0006413-translational transport  
 GO:0016032-viral process  
 GO:0006418-tRNA aminoacylation for protein translation  
 GO:000184-nuclear-transcribed mRNA catabolic process  
 GO:0016241-regulation of macroautophagy

GO:0008544-epidermis development  
 GO:0061436-establishment of skin barrier  
 GO:044267-cellular protein metabolic process  
 GO:0036258-multivesicular body assembly  
 GO:007080-mitotic metaphase  
 GO:0031424-keratinization  
 GO:0051258-protein polymerization  
 GO:000920-cell separation after cytokinesis  
 GO:0051291-protein heterooligomerization

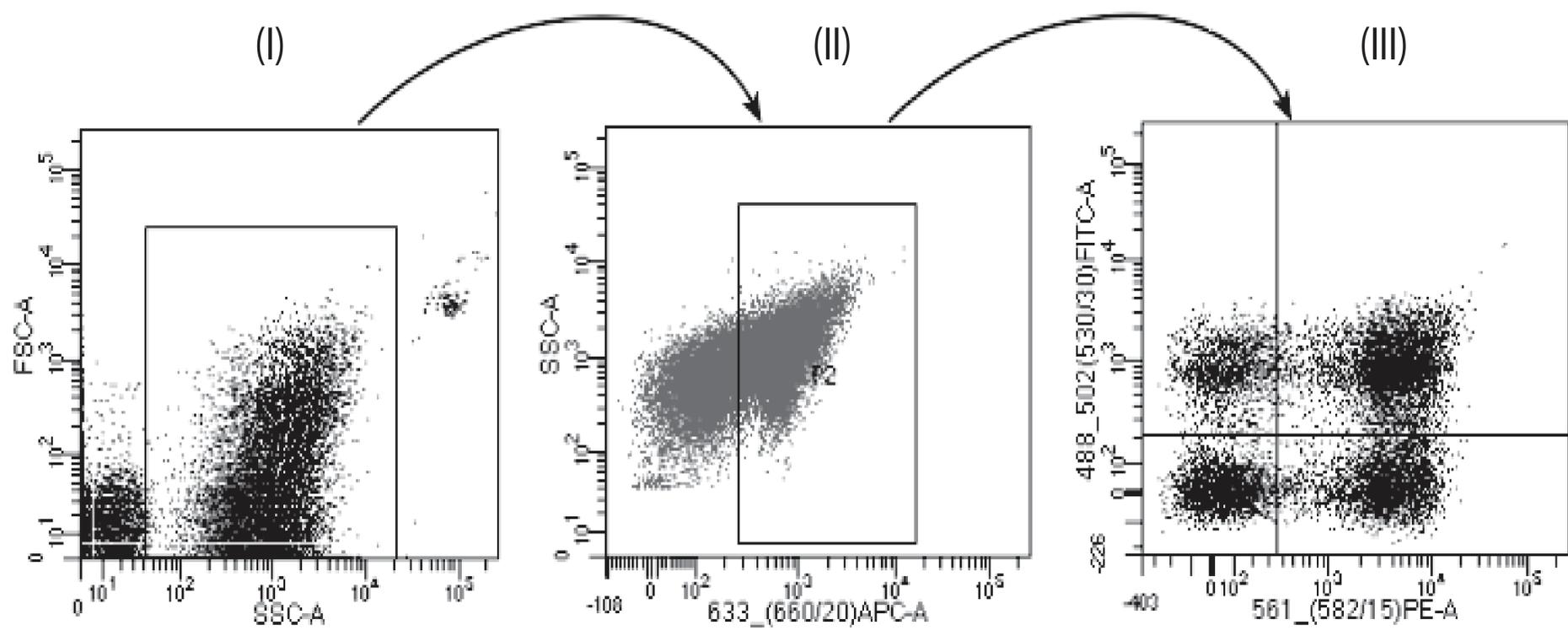
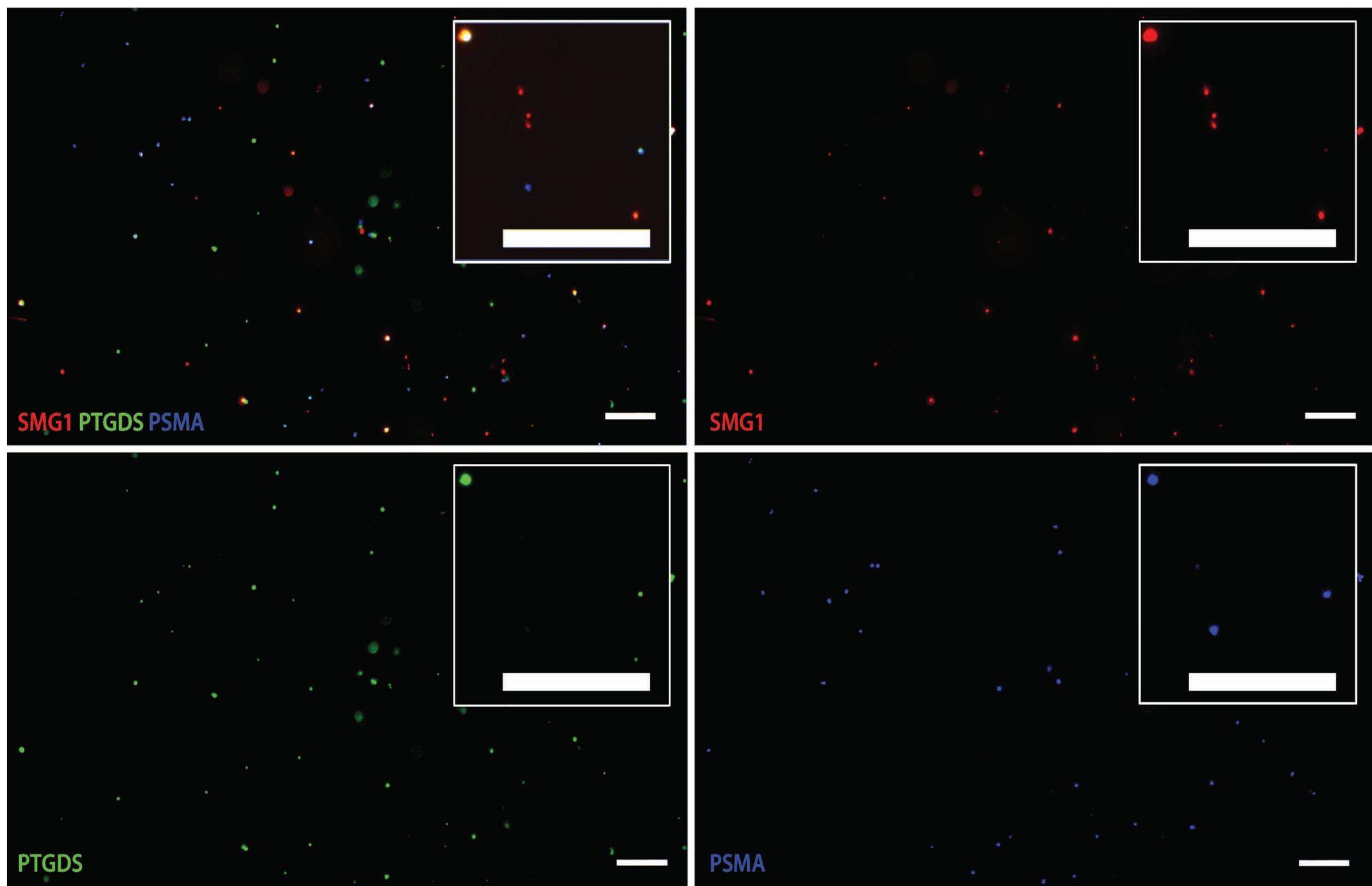
**Supplementary Figure 4. DAVID functional Gene Ontology analysis.**

Proteins identified in the SF-sEVs fractions “Total minus Surface” and “Surface” were analyzed using DAVID Bioinformatics resources online. Enrichment analysis was performed for (a) cellular component (b) molecular function and (c) biological process. The top ten statistically significant biological terms are identified for each sample category.

**a****b****c****d**

**Supplementary Figure 5. Protein expression in PC3 sEVs.**

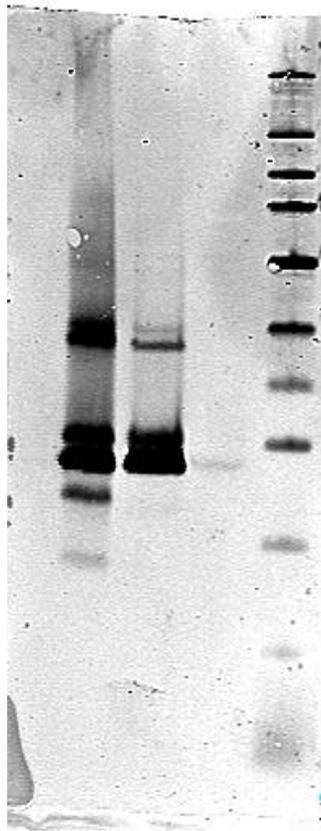
(a) Proportional area Venn diagram representation of proteins identified in “Surface” and “Total minus Surface” fractions. GO-CC categories of proteins enriched in (b) “Total minus Surface” and (c) “Surface” of PC3 sEVs. (d) Bar plot representing the ratio of the 25 most enriched proteins in “Surface” and in “Total minus Surface.”

**a****b**

**Supplementary Figure 6. Exo-PLA gating strategy to identify labeled sEVs.**

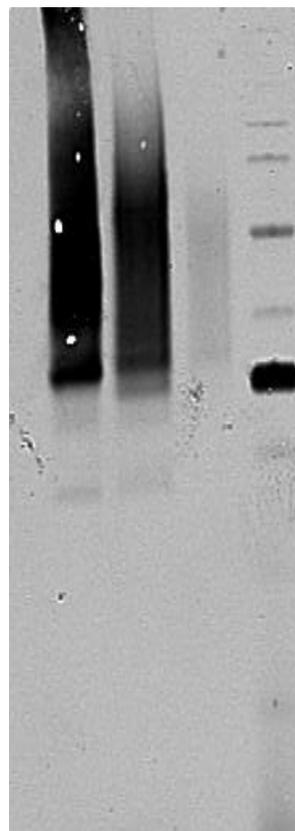
(a) Gating of sEVs carrying RCA products; I: a gate was set around all sEVs positive for RCA products with the use of FSC/SSC and a PBS control. II: next, a gate was set around the APC positive sEVs. III: identification of the population of sEVs positive for the most abundant marker on the target sEV, followed by identifying different populations of sEVs, FITC<sup>-</sup>PE<sup>-</sup>, FITC<sup>+</sup>PE<sup>-</sup>, FITC<sup>-</sup>PE<sup>+</sup>, FITC<sup>+</sup>PE<sup>+</sup>. In this example of gating strategy APC identifies populations positive and negative for CD59, FITC and PE identify populations positive and negative for ACP and PSMA, respectively. (b) Confirmation of positive signals by fluorescence microscopy. The images show single and triple combinations for SMG1, PTGDS and PSMA markers on single sEVs. Scale bars 20  $\mu$ m

CD9 ~26kDa



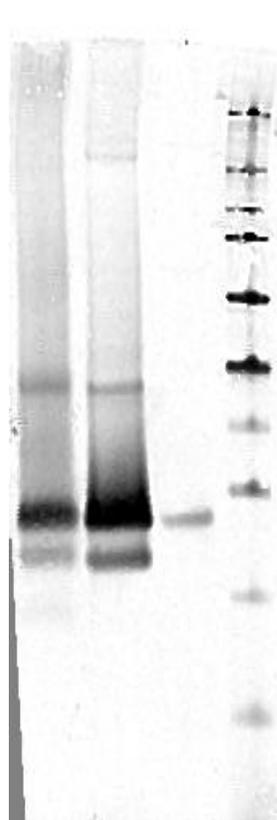
SF-sEVs  
PC3 sEVs  
PC3 cells

CD63 ~48kDa



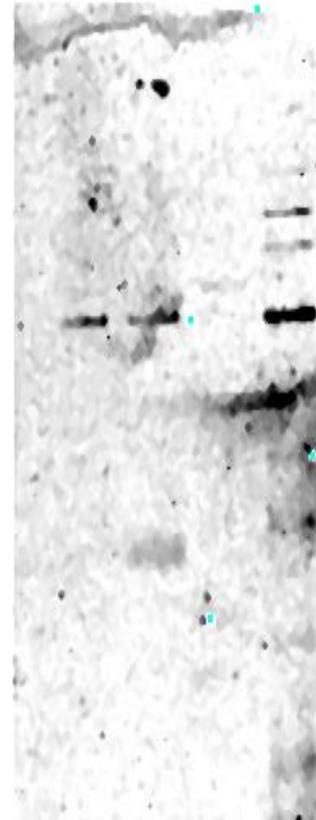
SF-sEVs  
PC3 sEVs  
PC3 cells

CD81 ~20- 25 kDa



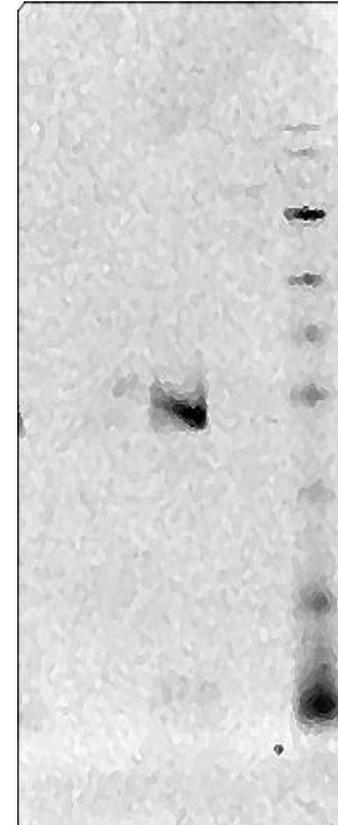
SF-sEVs  
PC3 sEVs  
PC3 cells

TSG101 ~47kDa



SF-sEVs  
PC3 sEVs  
PC3 cells

Calnexin ~67kDa



SF-sEVs  
PC3 sEVs  
PC3 cells

**Supplementary Figure 7. Uncropped and unedited blot western blot of seminal fluid and PC3 sEVs.**

**Uncropped and unedited western blot results for sEV markers CD9, CD63, CD81, TSG-101 and the ER marker calnexin was targeted as a negative control.**

**Supplementary Table 1.** List of antibodies used in ExoPLA, SP-PLA and Western blot

<b>Antibodies name</b>	<b>Target</b>	<b>coloonality</b>	<b>Cat.No</b>	<b>Company</b>
anti-human CD9	motility-related protein-1 (MRP-1) CD9	mAb	MAB1880-100	R&D Systems
anti-human CD63	type III lysosomal glycoprotein CD63	mAb	556019	BD Biosciences
anti-human CD81	human CD81	mAb	MAB4615	R&D Systems
anti-human CD26	Dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP4) CD26	mAb	MAB1180	R&D Systems
anti-human CD13	Aminopeptidase N	mAb	MCA1270EL	AbD Serotec
anti-human ACP	prostatic acid phosphatase	mAb	MAB6240	R&D Systems
anti-human TSG101	Tumor Susceptibility gene 101 protein	mAb	GTX70255	GeneTex
anti-human GAPDS	Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase	mAb	H00026330-M01	Abnova
anti-human PSMA	prostate-specific membrane antigen	mAb	ab19071	Abcam
anti-human Calnexin	Calnexin	mAb	ab232433	Abcam
anti-human CD9 biotinylated	motility-related protein-1 (MRP-1) CD9	mAb	13-0098-82	eBioscience
anti-human CD10	Nepriylisin	pAb	AF1182	R&D Systems
anti-human PSA	Prostate-specific antigen or kallikrein-3 (KLK3)	pAb	AF1344	R&D Systems
anti-human CD59	CD59 glycoprotein	pAb	AF1987	R&D Systems
anti-human PTGDS	prostaglandin D2	pAb	orb107421	Biorbyt
anti-human AKAP 82	A-kinase anchor protein 4	pAb	GTX31595	Gene Tex
anti-human SEMG1	Semenogelin I	pAb	ABIN630160	antibodies-online.com
anti-human CRISP1	Cysteine-rich secretory protein 1	pAb	HPA028445	ATLAS ANTIBODIES
anti-human CD26 biotinylated	Dipeptidyl peptidase-4	pAb	BAF1180	R&D Systems
Secondary IRDye 680LT	donkey anti-mouse		926-68022	LI-COR
Secondary IRDye 800CW	donkey anti-rabbit		926-32213	LI-COR

Supplementary Table 2. List of oligonucleotides used in ExoPLA and SP-PLA

Name of oligos	DNA Sequence ( 5` to 3`)	Modification	Company
General PLA probe oligonucleotide	GACGCTAATAGTTAAGACGCTT	5' Azide	Integrated DNA Technology
PLA probe oligonucleotide 1	AAAAAAAAAATATGACAGAACATACGGTCTCGCAGATCGCTTAGACACTCTT	5' Azide	Integrated DNA Technology
PLA probe oligonucleotide 2	AAAAAAAAAATATGACAGAACGGACGATCATCCAGCACTAGTAGACACTCTT	5' Azide	Integrated DNA Technology
PLA probe oligonucleotide 3	AAAAAAAAAATATGACAGAACCGGGCGACATAAGCAGATACTAGACACTCTT	5' Azide	Integrated DNA Technology
Tag-specific 1	AGCGATCTGCGAGACCGTAT	5'phosphate	Integrated DNA Technology
Tag-specific 2	CTAGTGCTGGATGATCGTCC	5'phosphate	Integrated DNA Technology
Tag-specific 3	GTATCTGCTTATGTCGCCCG	5'phosphate	Integrated DNA Technology
Circulation oligonucleotide short	GTTCTGTCATATTTAAGCGTCTTAA	5'phosphate	Integrated DNA Technology
Circulation oligonucleotide long	CTATTAGCGTCCAGTGAATGCGAGTCCGTCTAAGAGAGTAGTACAGCAGCCGTC AAGAGTGTCTA	5'phosphate	Integrated DNA Technology
Tag-specific detection	AGCGATCTGCGAGACCGTATUUUU	5'-APC	Integrated DNA Technology
Tag-specific detection	CTAGTGCTGGATGATCGTCCUUUU	5'-FITC	Integrated DNA Technology
Tag-specific detection	GTATCTGCTTATGTCGCCGUUUU	5'-PE	Integrated DNA Technology
Release UNG digestion oligonucleotide	AAAAACGAUUCGAGAACGUGACUGCCAUGCCAGCUCGUACU AUCGAATAATCGTACCCT	5'Azide	Integrated DNA Technology
Release UNG digestion oligonucleotide	CGAUAGUACGAGCUGGCAUGGCAGUCACGUUCUGAAUCGUUUU	5'Biotin	Integrated DNA Technology
SLC1	CGCATCGCCCTTGACTACGACTGACGAACCGCTTTGCCTGACTGATCGCTAAATCGTG	streptavidin-conjugated	TriLink BioTechnologies
SLC2	TCGTGTCTAAAGTCCGTTACCTTGATTCCCCTAACCTCTTGAAAAATTCGGCATCGGTGA	streptavidin-conjugated	TriLink BioTechnologies