# Epigenome-wide meta-analysis identifies DNA methylation biomarkers associated with diabetic kidney disease

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# **Supplementary Tables**

Supplementary Table 1 Summary of the population cohort characteristics and missing data per variable

Demographics	UK-ROI ( <i>n</i> =504)	n (%)	FinnDiane ( <i>n</i> =800)	n (%)
Sex, Male (%)	264 (52.4)	504 (100)	300 (37.5)	800 (100)
Age, years (SD)	41.6 (9.52)	504 (100)	43.4 (10.9)	800 (100)
Diabetes onset age, years (SD)	15.2 (7.3)	458 (90.9)	13.7 (8.4)	800 (100)
Diabetes duration, years (SD)	26.8 (7.38)	458 (90.9)	29.7 (9.2)	800 (100)
CD8+ T-cells, % (SD)	4.1 (4.3)	504 (100)	5.2 (4.4)	800 (100)
CD4+ T-cells, % (SD)	13.4 (6.4)	504 (100)	10.6 (4.9)	800 (100)
Natural killer cells, %	3.6 (4.5)	504 (100)	3.7 (4.6)	800 (100)
B-cells, %	3.2 (2.5)	504 (100)	3.5 (2.7)	800 (100)
Monocytes, %	8.2 (3.7)	504 (100)	7.7 (2.9)	800 (100)
Granulocytes, %	64.6 (11.4)	504 (100)	65.3 (9.1)	800 (100)
Smoking status, current (%)	89 (23.6)	377 (74.8)	203 (25.4)	800 (100)
HbA <sub>1c</sub> , percentage (SD)	8.7 (1.9)	431 (85.5)	8.5 (1.5)	789 (98.6)
BMI, kg/m² (SD)	27.8 (7.3)	290 (57.5)	26.0 (4.0)	797 (99.6)
HDL cholesterol, mmol/mol (SD)	1.6 (0.5)	204 (40.5)	1.3 (0.4)	794 (99.3)
Triglycerides, mmol/mol (SD)	1.6 (1.5)	249 (49.4)	1.4 (1.0)	799 (99.9)

Continuous variables are reported as mean (standard deviation), and categorical variables are reported as number (%). Abbreviations: BMI=body mass index, FinnDiane=Finnish Diabetic Nephropathy study, HbA<sub>1c</sub>=glycated haemoglobin, HDL=high-density lipoprotein, *n*=number, ROI=Republic of Ireland, SD=standard deviation, UK=United Kingdom

### Supplementary Table 2 Details of samples and CpGs retained in each analysis model during RnBeads QC

			Pre RnBea preprocess	ds-QC and sing stages	Post RnBeac preprocessi	Is-QC and ng stages
Model	Variables adjusted for	Cohort	Initial sample ( <i>n</i> included) *	Initial CpGs ( <i>n</i> included)	Final sample ( <i>n</i> retained)	Final CpGs ( <i>n</i> retained)
Minimal model (n=1,302 after	Age, sex and six WCCs	UK-ROI	504	866 895	497	764 643
QC)		FinnDiane	798	866 895	797	763 064
Minimal Model plus current	Age, sex, six WCCs and current smoking	UK-ROI	377	866 895	372	768 287
QC)	status	FinnDiane	798	866 895	797	763 064
Maximal model ( <i>n</i> =957 after QC)	Age, sex, six WCCs, current smoking status, HbA <sub>1c</sub> , HDL, triglycerides, duration of	UK-ROI	159	866 895	156	776 504
	diabetes and BMI	FinnDiane	798	866 895	797	763 064

\*after initial sex checks and removal of individuals with missing covariates. Abbreviations: BMI=body mass index, FinnDiane=Finnish Diabetic Nephropathy study, HbA1c =glycated haemoglobin, HDL=high-density lipoprotein, *n*=number, QC=Quality control, ROI=Republic of Ireland, UK=United Kingdom

CpG	Gene	HbA <sub>1c</sub> p	$oldsymbol{p}_{adj}$	Albuminuria <i>p</i>	$oldsymbol{p}_{adj}$	eGFR <i>p</i>	$oldsymbol{p}_{adj}$	eGFR slope <i>p</i>	$oldsymbol{ ho}_{ m adj}$
cg10072464	ADPRHL1	0.075	1	0.193	1	0.002	0.256	0.216	1
cg22815707	ANKRD12	0.950	1	0.295	1	0.401	1	0.59	1
cg12378834	C5orf66	0.376	1	0.883	1	0.99	1	0.852	1
cg05325763	CPT1A	0.959	1	0.112	1	0.747	1	0.291	1
cg17058475	CPT1A	0.315	1	0.009	1	0.702	1	0.366	1
cg03546163	FKBP5	3.00E-03	0.384	0.891	1	0.151	1	0.21	1
cg05284887	GJA5	0.668	1	0.77	1	0.355	1	0.603	1
cg13125822	GRK5	0.274	1	0.532	1	0.737	1	0.97	1
cg18376497	INPP4B	0.604	1	0.493	1	0.005	0.64	0.387	1
cg02841972	GRHL1, KLF11	0.849	1	0.105	1	0.663	1	0.264	1
cg19996939	HBS1L, MYB	0.141	1	0.446	1	0.174	1	0.931	1
cg01895164	PAFAH2, EXTL1	0.654	1	0.863	1	0.308	1	0.837	1
cg12230203	PTGIS, B4GALT5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
cg25544931	ZNF763, ZNF433-AS1	0.698	1	0.793	1	2.09E-05	2.68E-03	0.082	1
cg17944885	ZNF788P, ZNF625-ZNF20	0.756	1	0.034	1	3.72E-13	4.76E-11	0.894	1
cg05165263	IRF2	0.232	1	0.659	1	6.62E-05	8.47E-03	0.788	1
cg05710777	LINC01800	0.601	1	0.093	1	0.991	1	0.762	1
cg12864625	MBNL1	0.363	1	0.709	1	0.71	1	0.144	1
cg03026982	NAV2	0.228	1	0.667	1	0.39	1	0.558	1
cg10473623	NAV2	0.670	1	0.839	1	0.749	1	0.431	1
cg08150816	NME7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
cg06587767	PIP5K1C	0.903	1	0.947	1	0.283	1	0.455	1
cg24382141	PSKH1	0.022	1	0.02	1	0.002	0.256	0.448	1
cg15167811	PTBP3	0.766	1	0.922	1	0.684	1	0.574	1
cg00008629	PTBP3	0.678	1	0.187	1	0.239	1	0.437	1
cg23527387	REV1	0.400	1	0.667	1	0.26	1	0.252	1
cg02711608	SLC1A5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
cg21961721	SLC27A3	0.400	1	0.613	1	<2.20E-308	<2.20E-308	0.221	1
cg08230697	STAB2	0.115	1	0.808	1	0.208	1	0.245	1
cg02917536	TAB2	0.558	1	0.327	1	0.018	1	0.497	1
cg19693031	TXNIP	6.22E-14	7.96E-12	0.055	1	0.752	1	0.132	1
cg11414254	ZNF346	0.903	1	0.662	1	0.38	1	0.582	1

## Supplementary Table 3 Look-ups of DKD-associated CpGs (*p*<9.9x10<sup>-8</sup>) in EWAS on DKD in the CRIC study

 $P_{adj}$  is the *p*-value adjusted for the number of lookups (32 CpGs × four phenotypes). CRIC=Chronic Renal Insufficiency Cohort, eGFR=estimated glomerular filtration rate. HbA<sub>1c</sub>=glycated haemoglobin

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CpG	Gene	TF id	TF name	Database	CHR	FIMO (p)
cg22815707	ANKRD12	HOMEZ_HOMEZ_1	Homeobox and leucine zipper protein Homez (HOMEZ)	Taipale/SELEX	chr18:9138599- 9138611: -	6.30E-06
cg17058475	CPT1A	V_PPARG_02	Peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor gamma (PPARG)	TRANSFAC	chr11:68607722- 68607745: +	9.52E-06
cg05165263	IRF2	V_PAX3_01	Paired box protein Pax-3 (PAX3)	TRANSFAC	chr4:185317216- 185317229: -	5.42E-06
cg05710777	LINC01800	Tcfap2a_secondary	Transcription factor AP-2-alpha (TFAP2A)	UniProbe	chr2:65089812- 65089826: -	3.58E-06
cg01895164	Intergenic (PAFAH2,	V_P53_04	Cellular tumor antigen p53 (P53)	TRANSFAC	chr1:26332143- 26332163: +	1.08E-06
	EXTL1)	V_CMYB_Q5	Transcriptional activator Myb (MYB)	TRANSFAC	chr1:26332144- 26332155: -	5.33E-06
		V_P53_04	Cellular tumor antigen p53 (P53)	TRANSFAC	chr1:26332143- 26332163: -	5.47E-06
		V_P53_01	Cellular tumor antigen p53 (P53)	TRANSFAC	chr1:26332143- 26332163: +	7.71E-06
cg10072464	Intergenic (GRHL1,	VDR_nuclearreceptor_1	Vitamin D3 receptor (VDR)	Taipale/SELEX	chr13:114064535- 114064551: +	2.44E-07
	`KLF11)	Vdr.mouse_nuclearreceptor_1	Vitamin D3 receptor (VDR)	Taipale/SELEX	chr13:114064535- 114064551: +	4.89E-07
		V_DR3_Q4	Vitamin D3 receptor (VDR)	TRANSFAC	chr13:114064519- 114064540: +	3.09E-06
cg19996939		V_SREBP_Q6	Sterol regulatory element-binding proteins (SREBPs)	TRANSFAC	chr6:135466478- 135466493: -	2.92E-06
		V_SREBP1_Q5	Sterol regulatory element-binding proteins (SREBPs)	TRANSFAC	chr6:135466478- 135466493: -	5.38E-06

Data from 850k array and fKidney samples, 7 experiments. Abbreviations: CHR=Chromosome, FIMO=Find Indvidual Motif Occurrences, TF=Transcription factor, TRANSFAC=TRANScription FACtor database

Dataset	ERCB Nephrotic	Ju CKD Glom	Ju CKD Glom	Ju CKD TubInt	Schmid	Schmid	Woroniecka	Woroniecka
Group	DKD vs Healthy	DKD vs Healthy	DKD vs Other	DKD vs. Healthy	Diabeles Tubini	DIADELES TUDINI	Diabetes Giom	Diabeles Tubini
Croup.	LD	LD	Diseases	LD	DICE VS. MOD	and Control	LD	LD
ANKRD12							FC= -1.602 ( <i>p</i> = 0.003)	
FKBP5	FC = -3,303 ( <i>p</i> = 0.001)	FC = $-3.233$ ( $p = 5.76 \times 10^{-10}$ )	FC = -1.64 ( <i>p</i> = 6.55×10 <sup>-5</sup> )	FC = -3.272 ( $p = 4.06 \times 10^{-8}$ )	FC = -2.176 ( <i>p</i> = 1.21×10 <sup>-4</sup> )			FC = -1.534 ( $p = 7.00 \times 10^{-4}$ )
GRK5							FC = -4.343 ( $p = 9.49 \times 10^{-7}$ )	FC = 1.566 ( $p = 0.026$ )
INPP4B							, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	FC = 1.514 (p = 0.012)
MBNL1								FC = 1.620 ( $p = 0.005$ )
NME7							FC = $-2.485$ ( $p = 5.51 \times 10^{-4}$ )	
PTBP3								FC = 2.587 ( $p = 1.20 \times 10^{-5}$ )
REV1							FC = -1.604 $p = 2.90 \times 10^{-4}$	
SLC27A3		FC = $1.565$ ( $p = 6.61 \times 10^{-5}$ )						
TXNIP					FC = 1.665 ( <i>p</i> = 0.009)	FC = 1.598 ( <i>p</i> = 0.004)	FC = $-1.503$ ( $p = 1.84 \times 10^{-4}$ )	FC = 3.137 ( $p = 4.67 \times 10^{-4}$ )

### Supplementary Table 5 Differential kidney gene expression for DKD in the NephroSeq database v4

Results searched for for genes containing DKD-associated CpGs. Only those population groups which assessed DKD are included. Any genes with no results have been removed from this table. Abbreviations: CKD=Chronic Kidney Disease, DKD=Diabetic kidney disease, DN=Diabetic nephropathy, ERCB=European Renal cDNA Bank, Glom=Glomeruli, LD=Living Donor, MCD=Minimal Change Disease, TubInt=Tubulointerstitium

Gene	<i>p-</i> value	Adj <i>p</i> -value	Log₂ Ratio	Analysis	Comparison	Participants
C5orf66	0.002	0.028	0.362	DE	CRP, median value as threshold	n=39, native and transplant
GJA5	5.47E-05	0.011	-0.795	DE	eGFR, median value as threshold	n=39, native and transplant
GJA5	0.007	0.041	-0.68	DE	Fibrosis, median value as threshold	n=39, native and transplant
GJA5	5.48E-05	0.011	-0.795	DE	eGFR, median value as threshold	<i>n</i> =24, native kidney only
INPP4B	0.0003	0.037	-0.581	DE	eGFR, median value as threshold	n=44, native and transplant
INPP4B	0.008	0.043	0.483	DE	Fibrosis, median value as threshold	n=39, native and transplant
INPP4B	0.003	0.037	0.712	DE	Fibrosis, median value as threshold	<i>n</i> =24, native kidney only
IRF2	0.001	0.027	0.298	DE	Fibrosis, median value as threshold	<i>n</i> =24, native kidney only
MBNL1	0.003	0.022	0.452	DE	Fibrosis, median value as threshold	n=39, native and transplant
MBNL1	0.007	0.035	0.417	DE	Progression to kidney failure vs. no progression	n=44, native and transplant
MBNL1	0.0004	0.022	0.531	DE	Fibrosis, median value as threshold	<i>n</i> =24, native kidney only
NAV2	1.02E-06	0.001	-0.31	DE	CRP, median value as threshold	n=39, native and transplant
PSKH1	0.006	0.034	0.408	Correlation	Log eGFR at baseline	n=44, native and transplant
PTBP3	0.003	0.022	0.492	DE	Fibrosis, median value as threshold	n=39, native and transplant
PTBP3	0.003	0.026	-0.581	Correlation	Log eGFR at baseline	<i>n</i> =24, native kidney only
SLC1A5	0.0002	0.008	0.682	Correlation	Log eGFR at baseline	<i>n</i> =24, native kidney only
SLC27A3	0.001	0.015	-0.465	Correlation	Log eGFR at baseline	n=44, native and transplant
SLC27A3	0.002	0.036	0.476	DE	eGFR, median value as threshold	<i>n</i> =23, native kidney only
TXNIP	1.75E-05	0.004	0.806	DE	Fibrosis, median value as threshold	n=39, native and transplant
TXNIP	1.13E-05	0.002	0.974	DE	Progression to kidney failure vs. no progression	n=44, native and transplant
TXNIP	0.0002	0.008	-0.682	Correlation	Log eGFR at baseline	<i>n</i> =24, native kidney only
TXNIP	0.0009	0.025	0.717	DE	Fibrosis, median value as threshold	<i>n</i> =24, native kidney only

## Supplementary Table 6 Differential kidney gene expression in the North Dublin Renal Biobank RNA-Seq data

Abbreviations: Adj=adjusted (for age and sex), CRP=C reactive protein, DE=differential expression, eGFR=estimated glomerular filtration rate

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Gene	Description	Correlation (Glomerular)	Correlation (Tubular)
ANKRD12	perceptage of intact foot processes on both the peripheral and mesangial domerular basement membrane	r = 0.274 (p = 0.026)	(Tubular)
ANKRD12	percent of endothelial fenestration falling on the peripheral glomerular basement membrane	r = 0.285 (p = 0.020)	
FKBP5	Albumin-creatinine ratio	r = -0.278 (p = 0.023)	
GJA5	glomerular basement membrane width	$r = -0.279 \ (p = 0.023)$	
GJA5	percent of endothelial fenestration falling on the peripheral glomerular basement membrane	$r = 0.247 \ (p = 0.046)$	
GJA5	surface volume of peripheral glomerular basement membrane per glomerulus	r = 0.282 (p = 0.022)	
GRK5	surface volume of peripheral glomerular basement membrane per glomerulus	r = -0.284 (p = 0.021)	
GRK5	glomerular filtration rate, slope		r = -0.451 (p = 0.001)
INPP4B	glomerular filtration rate, slope	$r = -0.330 \ (p = 0.006)$	X Z
INPP4B	volume fraction of podocyte cell per glomerulus	r = -0.321 ( $p = 0.009$ )	
INPP4B	numerical density of podocyte cell per glomerulus	r = -0.239 (p = 0.053)	
INPP4B	Albumin-creatinine ratio	······	r = 0.353 (p = 0.015)
IRF2	glomerular filtration rate slope		r = -0.355 (p = 0.014)
MBNL1	numerical density of podocyte cell per glomerulus	r = -0.339 (p = 0.005)	
NAV2	glomerular basement membrane width	$r = 0.289 \ (p = 0.019),$	
NAV2	surface volume of peripheral glomerular basement membrane per glomerulus	$r = -0.277 \ (p = 0.024)$	
PIP5K1C	percent of endothelial fenestration falling on the peripheral glomerular basement membrane	$r = -0.240 \ (p = 0.052),$	
PIP5K1C	mesangial fractional volume	<i>r</i> = 0.290 ( <i>p</i> = 0.018)	
PTBP3	foot process width in peripheral glomerular basement membrane	<i>r</i> = -0.309 (p = 0.011)	
REV1	glomerular filtration rate Slope	$r = 0.326 \ (p = 0.007)$	
REV1	Haemoglobin A1c		$r = -0.296 \ (p = 0.043)$
SLC1A5	percent of endothelial fenestration falling on the peripheral glomerular basement membrane	<i>r</i> = -0.296 ( <i>p</i> = 0.016)	
SLC1A5	Age		$r = -0.328 \ (p = 0.025)$
SLC27A3	glomerular filtration rate, slope	<i>r</i> = -0.308 ( <i>p</i> = 0.011)	
SLC27A3	numerical density of podocyte cell per glomerulus	<i>r</i> = -0.294 ( <i>p</i> = 0.017)	
SLC27A3	Albumin-creatinine ratio		<i>r</i> = 0.293 ( <i>p</i> = 0.046)
STAB2	glomerular filtration rate		$r = -0.394 \ (p = 0.006)$
TAB2	percent of endothelial fenestration falling on the peripheral glomerular basement membrane	$r = 0.265 \ (p = 0.031)$	
TAB2	glomerular filtration rate		$r = 0.288 \ (p = 0.049)$
TXNIP	percentage of intact foot processes on both the peripheral and mesangial glomerular basement membrane	$r = -0.284 \ (p = 0.021),$	
TXNIP	percent of endothelial fenestration falling on the peripheral glomerular basement membrane	<i>r</i> = 0.243 ( <i>p</i> = 0.049)	

Glomerular refers to glomerular kidney tissue and tubular to tubular kidney tissue. Abbreviations: DKD= Diabetic kidney disease, T2D=type 2 diabetes. Correlations are spearman correlations.

Gene	Outcome	Exposure	Method	SNPs ( <i>n</i> )	OR (95%CI)	р	Heterogeneity p	Egger intercept	Intercept p
ADPRHL1	DKD	cg10072464	IVW	4	1.10 (0.84-1.43)	0.506	0.07	0.06	0.56
FKBP5	DKD	cg03546163	IVW	2	0.79 (0.50-1.26)	0.329			
INPP4B	DKD	cg18376497	IVW	3	1.10 (0.88-1.38)	0.383	0.45	-0.08	0.45
PTBP3	DKD	cg00008629	Wald ratio	1	1.04 (0.61-1.78)	0.891			
REV1	DKD	cg23527387	Wald ratio	1	0.74 (0.58-0.94)	0.012			
TXNIP	DKD	cg19693031	Wald ratio	1	1.04 (0.89-1.22)	0.623			
ZNF20	DKD	cg17944885	IVW	4	1.00 (0.87-1.14)	0.997	0.71	0.02	0.67

Supplementary Table 8 Mendelian randomisation results for the association between methylation at DKD-associated CpGs and DKD

IVW=inverse variance weighted regression, DKD =Diabetic kidney disease

### Supplementary Table 9 Differentially methylated genes derived from METAL analysis from three models

Gene	Location	Adjustment Model	n	Zscore	p	Direction	<b>p</b> <sub>het</sub>	Sites (n)
ENSG00000235575	1:169279903-	Minimal Model	1200	6.006	1.00=.00		0.19	2
(RP4-800F24.1)	169291717		1290	-0.090	1.092-09		0.10	2
ENSG0000235575	1:169279903-	Minimal L Current Smoking Status Model	1166	5 691	1 2295 09		0.16	2
(RP4-800F24.1)	169291717	Minimar + Current Smoking Status Moder	1100	-0.001	1.3302-00		0.10	2
ENSG00000268863	16:30996808-	Minimal Model	1201	4 079	6 445 07		0.02	1
(AC135048.1)	30997533		1291	-4.970	0.442-07		0.02	1
ENSG00000268863	16:30996808-	Minimal L Current Smoking Status Model	1166	4 702	2 575 06		0.02	1
(AC135048.1)	30997533	Minimar + Current Smoking Status Moder	1100	-4.702	2.57 2-00		0.03	1
ENSG00000268863	16:30996808-	Maximal Model	952	-4.906	9.29E-07		0.11	1
(AC135048.1)	30997533							

Results with  $p \le x10^{-5}$  reported. The significance threshold for epigenome-wide significance:  $p \le 1x10^{-8}$ .

## Supplementary Table 10 Genetics of Nephropathy – an International Effort (GENIE) members

Institute	Name	Affiliations			
Broad Institute, Cambridge, MA USA.					
Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston, MA USA.					
Harvard M	edical School, Boston, I	MA USA			
Boston Cr	lose C Elorez	II, MA, USA			
	JUSE C FIDIEZ	Cambridge MA USA			
		Diabetes Unit and Center for Genomic Medicine, Massachusetts General			
		Hospital, Boston, MA USA.			
		Department of Medicine, Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA USA.			
	Joel N Hirschhorn	Programs in Metabolism and Medical & Population Genetics, Broad Institute,			
		Cambridge, MA USA.			
		Division of Endocrinology, Boston Children's Hospital, Boston, MA, USA			
		MA USA			
	Joanne B Cole	Department of Biomedical Informatics, University of Colorado School of			
		Medicine.			
		Programs in Metabolism and Medical & Population Genetics, Broad Institute,			
		Cambridge, MA USA.			
		Diabetes Unit and Center for Genomic Medicine, Massachusetts General			
	Raymond Kreienkamp	Division of Endocrinology Boston Children's Hospital Boston MA USA			
	····	Diabetes Unit and Center for Genomic Medicine, Massachusetts General			
		Hospital, Boston, MA USA.			
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# **Supplementary Figures**



# Supplementary Figure 1 Representative concordance plots for a duplicate sample pair. Average r2 for seven duplicates = 0.99.

Supplementary Figure 2 Flow chart depicting the methods undertaken



Abbreviations: DKD=Diabetic kidney disease, FinnDiane=Finnish Diabetic Nephropathy study, QC=Quality control, ROI=Republic of Ireland, UK=United Kingdom.

### Supplementary Figure 3 Regional association plots (A-G) for the seven CpGs EWAS-significant in each metaanalysis model.

The regional plots included cg21961721 within *SLC27A3* (A), cg08150816 within *NME7* (B), cg05710777 within *LINC01800* (C), cg00008629 and cg15167811 within *PTBP3* (D) cg02711608 within *SLC1A5* (E) cg17944885 and

cg25544931 within a zinc finger gene region on chromosome 9 (F). Regional association plots were created using R package 'coMet' with gene track from Ensembl and CpG island and GWAS catalogue single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) track from the UCSC. SNPs in red text have previously been associated with diabetic kidney disease. Circles represent CpGs and are coloured by their correlation (Spearman,  $r_s$ ) to the lead CpG in the region (black circle) as follows: white: no correlation (p>0.05), shades of red: positive correlations, shades of blue: negative correlations. Correlations calculated based on methylation levels in the FinnDiane dataset (n=798). Association p-values were from the meta-analysis (minimal model adjusted for age, sex and six white blood cell counts), which combined FDR-adjusted p-values from the individual EWASs (in FinnDiane and UK-ROI). The *p*-values in the EWAS were computed from hierarchal linear models. EWAS significance was defined as  $p<9.9\times10^{-8}$ .









Supplementary Figure 4 Regional association plots for the DKD-associated CpG located within the *REV1* gene Regional association plot was created using R package 'coMet' with gene track from ensembl and CpG island and GWAS catalogue single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) track from the UCSC. SNPs in red text have previously been associated with diabetic kidney disease. Circles represent CpGs and are coloured by their correlation (Spearman,  $r_s$ ) to the lead CpG in the region (black circle) as follows: white: no correlation (p>0.05), shades of red: positive correlations, shades of blue: negative correlations. Correlations calculated based on methylation levels in the FinnDiane dataset (n=798). Association p-values were from the meta-analysis (minimal model adjusted for age, sex and six white blood cell counts), which combined FDR-adjusted p-values from the individual EWASs (in FinnDiane and UK-ROI). The pvalues in the EWAS were computed from hierarchal linear models.

