

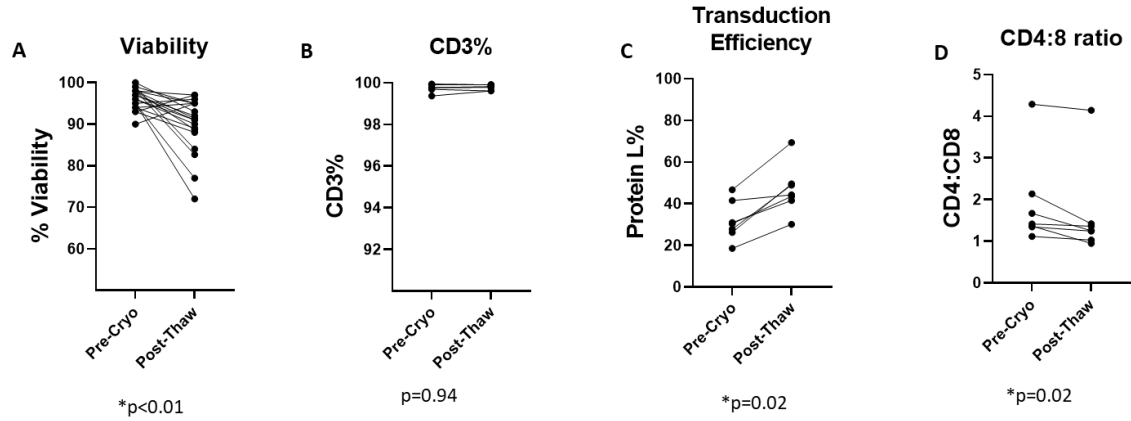
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Supplemental information

**Cryopreserved anti-CD22 and bispecific
anti-CD19/22 CAR T cells are as effective
as freshly infused cells**

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CD22
n = 20 for Panel A
n = 7 for Panels B-D



CD19/22
n = 11

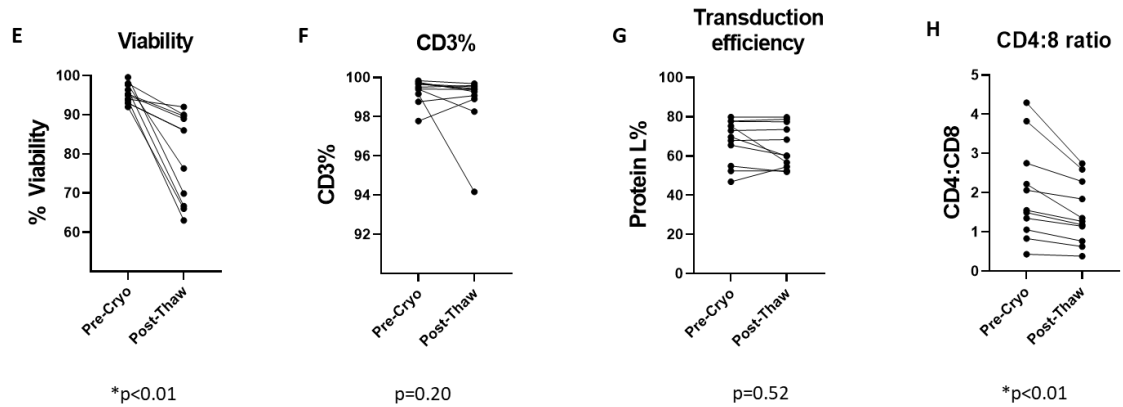


Figure S1. Paired Comparisons of Cell Characteristics Pre- and Post-Cryopreservation

Viability, CD3%, Transduction Efficiency (based on Protein L%) and CD4:8 ratios were tested before and after cryopreservation for a subset of anti-CD22 CAR T-cells (n=7; n=20 for viability) and anti-CD19/22 CAR T-cells (n=11). The results of testing anti-CD22-CAR T-cell products are shown in panels A-D and those of anti-CD19/CD22 bispecific CAR T-cell products are shown in panels E-H. Panels A and E show the viability, B and F the percent of cells expressing CD3, C and G the percent of cells expressing Protein L and D and H the ratio of CD4:CD8 expressing cells. P-values represent results of a Wilcoxon signed-rank test.

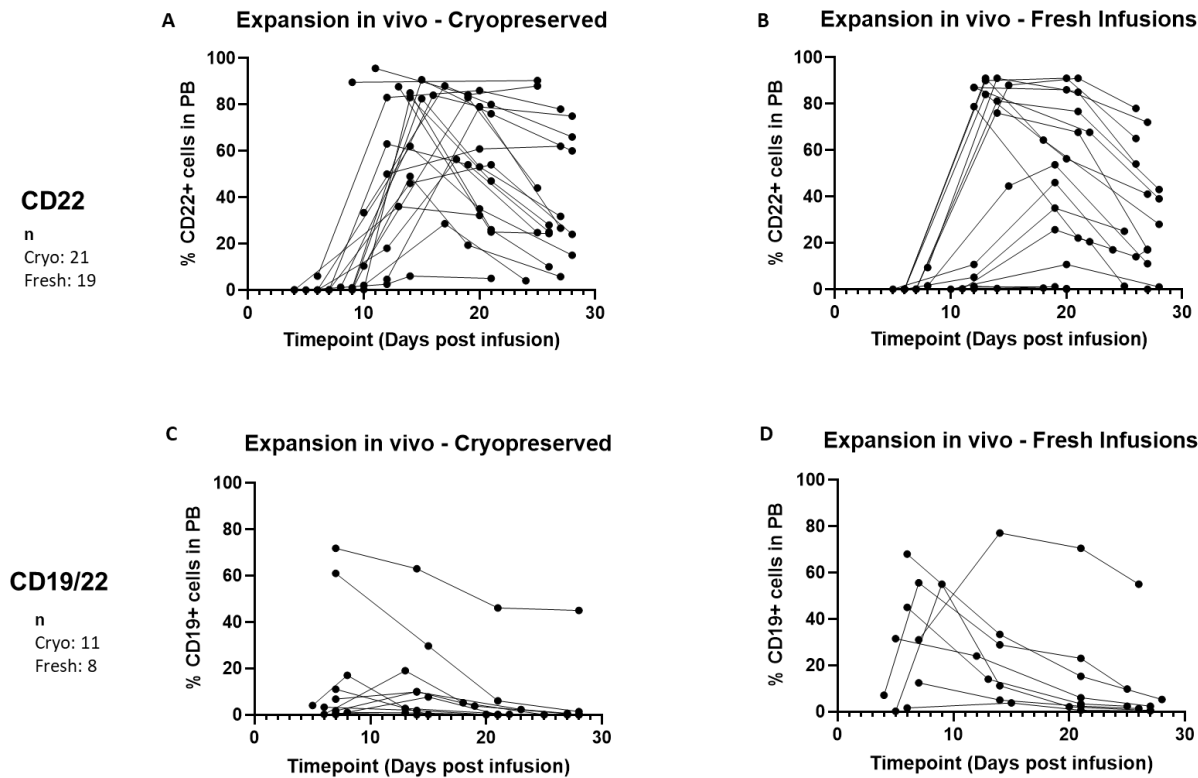
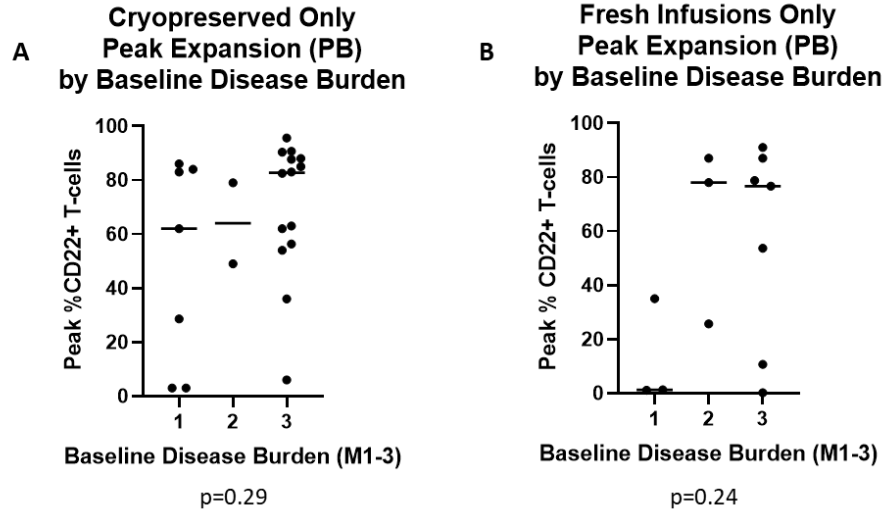


Figure S2. In vivo Expansion Over Time

Expansion of CAR T-cells in peripheral blood in the first 30 days after infusion is depicted for each time point at which peripheral flow cytometry was completed. Panel A shows expansion of cryopreserved anti-CD22 CAR T-cells. Panel B shows expansion of freshly infused anti-CD22 CAR T-cells. Similarly, Panel C shows cryopreserved anti-CD19/22 bispecific CAR T-cells and Panel D shows freshly infused anti-CD19/22 bispecific CAR T-cells.

CD22

n
Cryo: 21
Fresh: 19



CD19/22

n
Cryo: 11
Fresh: 8

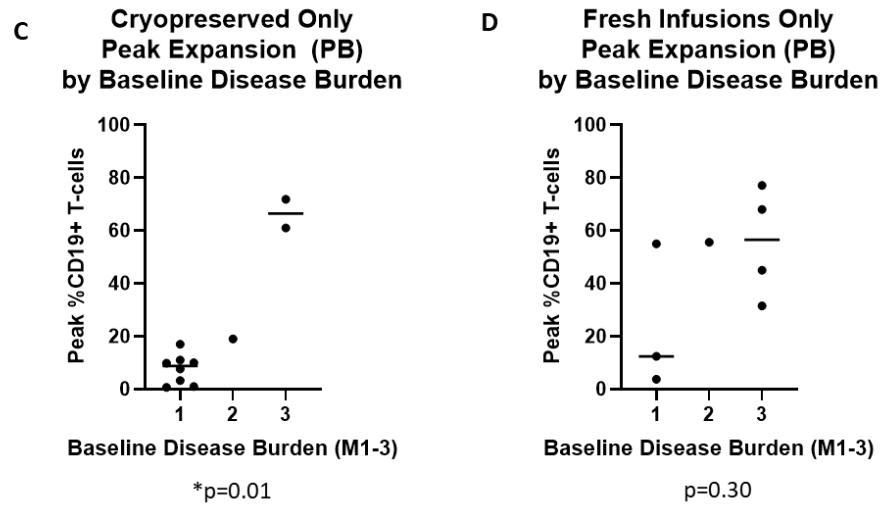


Figure S3. Expansion as a Function of Disease Burden

Peak expansion in peripheral blood is shown for patients grouped by baseline disease burden in the bone marrow, where M1 disease is <5% blasts by morphology, M2 is 5-25% blasts, and M3 is >25% blasts. Panels A and C show expansion by disease burden group for the cryopreserved cells, in the CD22 and the CD19/22 cohorts, respectively. Panels B and D show expansion by disease burden group for the freshly infused CD22 and CD19/22 CAR T-cells, respectively.

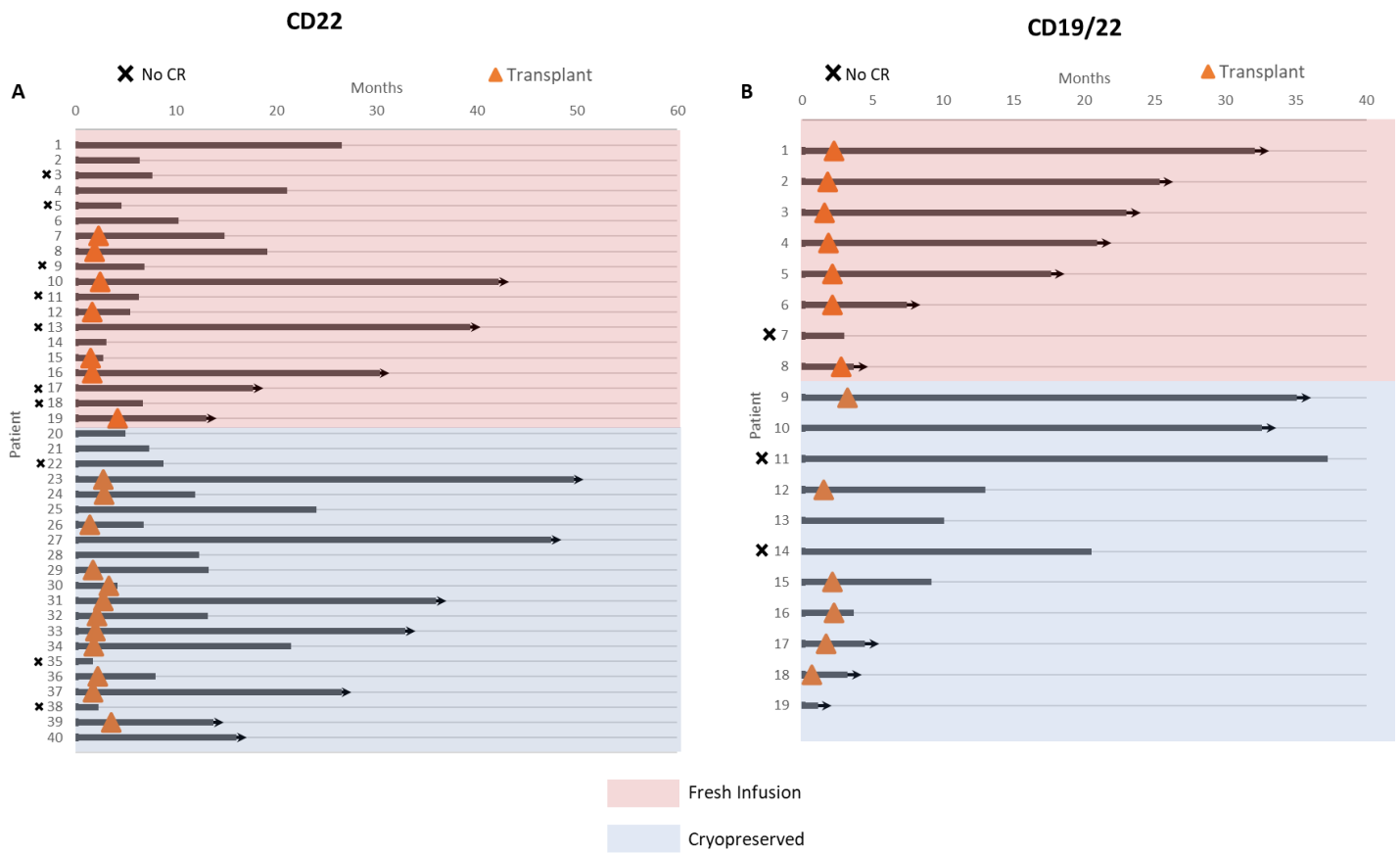


Figure S4. Timeline of Hematopoietic Stem Cell Transplant and Survival after CAR-T Infusions

Swimmer plots depicting patient outcomes following CAR-T cell infusion. The triangles represent HSCT. Patients who did not achieve CR are labeled with an “x”. Arrows indicate patients who are living at the time of analysis. Panel A shows patients who received anti-CD22 CAR-T cells, and Panel B shows those who received anti-CD19/22 CAR-T cells. Patients who received fresh products are shown in pink, and those who received cryopreserved products are in blue.

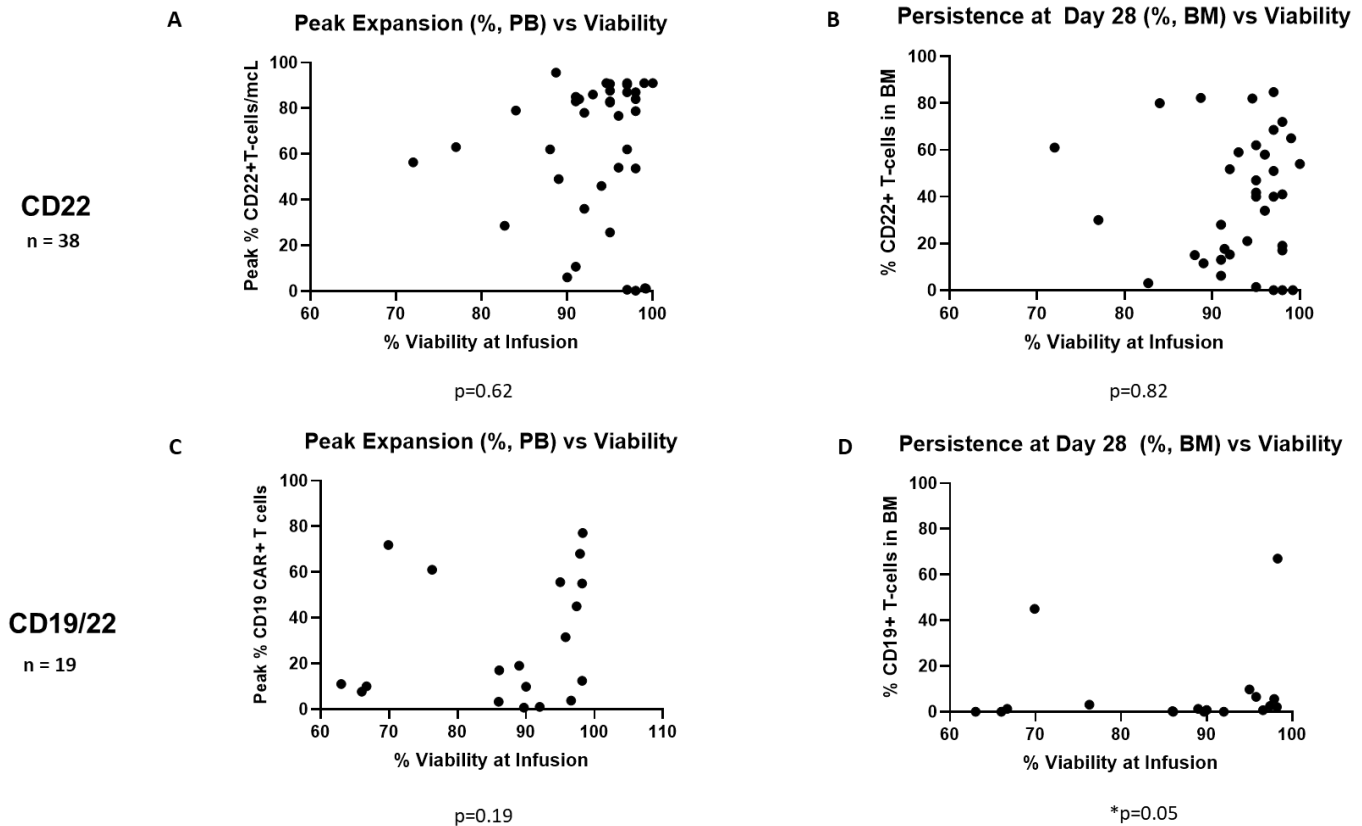


Figure S5. Outcomes Correlating with Viability at Infusion

Peak expansion in peripheral blood and Day 28 persistence in bone marrow are shown as a function of % viability at infusion. Panels A and C show peak expansion for the CD22 and CD19/22 cohorts, respectively. Panels B and D show Day 28 Persistence for CD22 and CD19/22 cohorts, respectively. P-values represent significance of Spearman's correlation.