Supplementary Online Content

Li H, Wu H, Cao M, et al. Long-term incidence rates of esophageal squamous cell carcinoma in Chinese patients with low-grade intraepithelial neoplasia and association of surveillance endoscopy with incidence. *JAMA Netw Open.* 2022;5(12):e2247415. doi:10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2022.47415

- **eTable 1.** Characteristics of Esophageal Squamous Cell Carcinoma (ESCC) Patients According to Surveillance Endoscopy
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This supplementary material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

eTable 1. Characteristics of esophageal squamous cell carcinoma (ESCC) patients according to surveillance endoscopy

Characteristics	ESCC patients in the non-	ESCC patients in the	P value	
	surveillance group, n (%)	surveillance group, n (%)		
Gender			0.33	
Male	74 (65.49)	33 (57.89)		
Female	39 (34.51)	24 (42.11)		
Age at diagnosis, years			<0.001	
mean ± SD	62.80 (7.02)	64.59 (5.85)		
Tumor stage*			0.007	
0/1/11	28 (49.12)	21 (80.77)		
III/IV	29 (50.88)	5 (19.23)		
Treatment [†]			0.007	
No treatment	6 (9.52)	2 (5.56)		
ESD/EMR	9 (14.29)	16 (44.44)		
Surgery	22 (34.93)	11 (30.55)		
Chemotherapy/Radiotherapy	13 (20.63)	1 (2.78)		
Surgery+ Chemotherapy/Radiotherapy	13 (20.63)	6 (16.67)		

Note: * 87 ESCC cases without information on histological stage: 56 in the non-surveillance group and 31 in the surveillance group. †71 ESCC cases without information on treatment: 50 in the non-surveillance group and 21 in the surveillance group. Abbreviations: EMR, endoscopic mucosal resection; ESCC, esophageal squamous cell carcinoma; ESD, endoscopic submucosal dissection.

eTable 2. Risk of esophageal squamous cell carcinoma (ESCC) in patients with severe dysplasia/ carcinoma in situ diagnosed by surveillance endoscopy, compared with treatment (no or yes)

Treatment	No. of patients of severe	No. of ESCC	Incidence rate	Univariate HR	Multivariable
	dysplasia/ carcinoma in situ diagnosed by surveillance	cases	per 1000 PYs	(95% CI)	HR* (95% CI)
No	12	5	49.79		
Yes	44	3	7.39	0.15 (0.04-0.63)	0.12 (0.02-0.89)

^{*} Variables of sex, age, education status, family history of esophageal cancer, cigarette smoking, alcohol consumption were adjusted.

Abbreviations: CI, confidence interval; ESCC, esophageal squamous cell carcinoma; HR, hazard ratio; PYs, person-years.

eTable 3. Adjusted risk of progression to esophageal squamous cell carcinoma (ESCC) in patients with low-grade intraepithelial neoplasia over a median follow-up period of 7.96 years, adjusted by surveillance endoscopy visits and surveillance interval

Variable	No. of patients of	Person	No. of ESCC	Univariate HR	P value	Multivariable HR	P value
	LGIN, n (%)	years	cases	(95% CI)		(95% CI)	
No. of surveillance endoscopy visits							
0	1880 (57.70)	15992.97	113	referent		referent	
1	1079 (33.12)	8378.43	37	0.61 (0.42-0.88)	0.009	0.60 (0.41-0.87)	0.007
2	231 (7.09)	2083.45	14	0.95 (0.55-1.66)	0.87	0.88 (0.50-1.54)	0.66
≥3	68 (2.09)	626.41	6	1.37 (0.60-3.11)	0.45	1.27 (0.56-2.90)	0.57
Surveillance endoscopy according to the							
recommended interval							
No surveillance	1880 (57.70)	15992.97	113	referent		referent	
Surveillance within the recommended interval	934 (28.67)	15992.97	33	0.66 (0.45-0.97)	0.04	0.62 (0.42-0.92)	0.02
Surveillance outside of the recommended interval	444 (13.63)	10479.61	24	0.81 (0.52-1.26)	0.34	0.81 (0.52-1.26)	0.35

Abbreviations: CI, confidence interval; ESCC, esophageal squamous cell carcinoma; HR, hazard ratio; LGIN, low-grade intraepithelial neoplasia.

eTable 4: Sensitivity analysis of the association between surveillance endoscopy and the incidence of ESCC

Models	No. of patients	Person years	No. of ESCC	Multivariable HR (95% CI)	P value
	of LGIN, n		cases		
Main analysis	3258	27081.26	170	0.69 (0.50-0.95)	0.02
Multiple imputation	3303	27536.68	171	0.69 (0.62-0.76)	<0.001
Exclusion participants enrolled before 2012	2071	14016.78	78	0.60 (0.38-0.96)	0.03

Abbreviations: CI, confidence interval; ESCC, esophageal squamous cell carcinoma; HR, hazard ratio; LGIN, low-grade intraepithelial neoplasia.