

## Supplemental Online Content

Shan Z, Wang F, Li Y, et al. Healthy eating patterns and risk of total and cause-specific mortality. *JAMA Intern Med*. Published online January 9, 2023.  
doi:10.1001/jamainternmed.2022.6117

**eMethods.** Assessment of dietary scores

**eTable 1.** Healthy Eating Index 2015 components and criteria for scoring

**eTable 2.** Alternate Mediterranean Diet Score components and criteria for scoring

**eTable 3.** Healthful Plant-based Diet Index components and criteria for scoring

**eTable 4.** Alternate Healthy Eating Index components and criteria for scoring

**eTable 5.** Hazard ratios for death from specific causes according to quintiles of the Healthy Eating Index-2015 (HEI-2015)

**eTable 6.** Hazard ratios for death from specific causes according to quintiles of the Alternate Mediterranean Diet score (AMED)

**eTable 7.** Hazard ratios for death from specific causes according to quintiles of the Healthful Plant-based Diet Index (HPDI)

**eTable 8.** Hazard ratios for death from specific causes according to quintiles of the Alternate Healthy Eating Index (AHEI)

**eTable 9.** Hazard ratios for death from top three cancers among men and women according to four healthy eating scores

**eTable 10.** Baseline characteristics of participants according to racial/ethnic groups in NHS

**eTable 11.** Hazard ratios of death from any cause according to quintiles of the Healthy Eating Index-2015 (HEI-2015), Alternate Mediterranean Diet score (AMED), Healthful Plant-based Diet Index (HPDI), and Alternate Healthy Eating Index (AHEI), further adjusting for pack-years of smoking

**eTable 12.** Hazard ratios of death from any cause according to quintiles of the Healthy Eating Index-2015 (HEI-2015), Alternate Mediterranean Diet score (AMED), Healthful Plant-based

Diet Index (HPDI), and Alternate Healthy Eating Index (AHEI) based on baseline diet assessment

**eTable 13.** Hazard ratios of death from any cause according to quintiles of the Healthy Eating Index-2015 (HEI-2015), Alternate Mediterranean Diet score (AMED), Healthful Plant-based Diet Index (HPDI), and Alternate Healthy Eating Index (AHEI) based on simple updated diet assessment

**eTable 14.** Hazard ratios of death from any cause according to quintiles of the Healthy Eating Index-2015 (HEI-2015), Alternate Mediterranean Diet score (AMED), Healthful Plant-based Diet Index (HPDI), and Alternate Healthy Eating Index (AHEI) by updating diet after diagnosis of chronic disease

**eTable 15.** Pooled hazard ratios of death from any cause according to quintiles of the Healthy Eating Index-2015 (HEI-2015), Alternate Mediterranean Diet score (AMED), Healthful Plant-based Diet Index (HPDI), and Alternate Healthy Eating Index (AHEI) using random-effects meta-analysis

**eTable 16.** Pooled hazard ratios for death from specific causes according to four healthy eating scores using random-effects meta-analysis

**eTable 17.** Hazard ratios for death from specific causes according to four healthy eating scores, applying a competing-risk regression model

**eFigure 1.** The associations between four healthy eating scores and all-cause mortality using the restricted cubic spline analysis

This supplemental material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

## eMethods

### Assessment of dietary scores

The HEI-2015 included 9 adequacy components (total fruit, whole fruit, total vegetables, greens and beans, whole grains, dairy, total protein foods, seafood and plant protein, and fatty acids) and 4 moderation components (refined grains, sodium, percentage of energy from added sugars, and percentage of energy from saturated fatty acids).[1] Each of the components is scored on a density basis out of 1,000 calories, with the exception of ratio of unsaturated to saturated fatty acids. We modified the scoring for the sodium component due to the lack of brand specificity and information about discretionary use of salt on some questionnaires. We divided the participants into 11 equal groups on the basis of the distribution of reported sodium intake (mg/d) and assigned corresponding scores of 0 to 10 (higher score for less sodium consumed). The details of the scoring standards of the HEI-2015 are shown in eTable 1. The total HEI-2015 score ranges from 0 (non-adherence) to 100 (perfect adherence).

The AMED score was modified and adapted to the Mediterranean diet scale designed by Trichopoulou et al.[2] The AMED included 7 healthy components (vegetables, fruits, whole grains, nuts, legumes, fish, and ratio of monounsaturated fat to saturated fat), red and processed meat, and alcohol consumption (eTable 2). Each component, except alcohol consumption, was categorized into quintiles (Q). We assigned positive scores to 7 healthy components (Q1=1, Q2=2, Q3=3, Q4=4, Q5=5), and reverse scores to red and processed meat (Q5=1, Q4=2, Q3=3, Q2=4, Q1=5). For alcohol consumption (g/d), points were assigned as follows: 5-15=5, 0-5 or 15-25=4, 0 or 25-30=3, 30-35=2, and  $\geq 35=1$  for women and 10-30=5, 0-10 or 30-40=4, 0 or 40-45=3, 45-50=2, and  $\geq 50=1$  for men. Total AMED score ranged from 9 to 45, with a higher score representing closer resemblance to a healthy Mediterranean diet.

The HPDI was created with a similar approach to AMED.[3] We first created 18 food groups based on nutrients and culinary similarities (eTable 3). We further classified these 18 food groups into 3 larger categories of healthy plant foods (n=7; whole grains, fruits, vegetables, nuts, legumes, vegetable oils, and tea and coffee), less healthy plant foods (n=5; fruit juices, refined grains, potatoes, sugar-sweetened beverages, and sweets and desserts), and animal foods (n=6; animal fat including butter or lard, dairy, eggs, fish and seafood, meat, and miscellaneous animal-based foods). Intake of 18 food groups was categorized into quintiles, and each quintile was assigned a score between 1 and 5. With a similar approach to create AMED, we assigned positive scores to healthy plant food groups and reverse scores to less healthy plant and animal food groups. By summing scores of 18 food groups, the HPDI ranged from 18 to 90, with a higher score indicating a healthier plant-based diet.

The AHEI was based on a comprehensive review of foods and nutrients that have consistently been associated with lower risk of chronic disease in clinical and epidemiological investigations.[4] The score emphasized higher intake of vegetables, fruit, whole grains, nuts and legumes, long-chain n-3 fats, and polyunsaturated fatty acids and lower intake of sugar-sweetened beverages and fruit juice, red and processed meat, trans fat, sodium, and alcohol (eTable 4). All components were scored from 0 (unhealthy) to 10 (healthiest) and the total score ranged from 0 (non-adherence) to 100 (perfect adherence).

eTable 1. Healthy Eating Index 2015 components and criteria for scoring

Component	Max score	Maximum Score	Score of 0
Total fruit	5	≥0.8 cups	0
Whole fruit	5	≥0.4 cups	0
Total vegetables	5	≥1.1 cups	0
Greens and beans	5	≥0.2 cups	0
Whole grains	10	≥1.5 oz	0
Total protein foods	5	≥2.5 oz	0
Seafood and plant proteins	5	≥0.8 oz	0
Total dairy	10	≥1.3 cups	0
Fatty acid ratio	10	(PUFAs+MUFAs)/SFAs≥2.5	(PUFAs+MUFAs)/SFAs≤1.2
Sodium	10	Lowest decile	Highest decile
Refined grains	10	≤1.8 oz	≥4.3 oz
Added sugars	10	≤6.5% of energy	≥26% of energy
Saturated fats	10	≤8% of energy	≥16% of energy
Total	100		

Abbreviations: MUFA, monounsaturated fatty acid; PUFA, polyunsaturated fatty acid; SFA, saturated fatty acid.

All standards in HEI-2015 represent amounts per 1,000 kcal (sometimes shown as percentage of energy) except for fatty acids.

**eTable 2.** Alternate Mediterranean Diet Score components and criteria for scoring

<b>Component</b>	<b>Criteria for minimum score of 1 (mean intake in NHS and HPFS)</b>	<b>Criteria for maximum score of 5 (mean intake in NHS and HPFS)</b>
Vegetables (excluding potatoes), serving/d	Lowest quintile (1.2, 1.0)	Highest quintile (5.5, 5.5)
Fruit, serving/d	Lowest quintile (0.3, 0.3)	Highest quintile (3.1, 3.7)
Whole grains, serving/d	Lowest quintile (0.1, 0.2)	Highest quintile (3.0, 3.9)
Nuts, serving/d	Lowest quintile (0.0, 0.0)	Highest quintile (0.9, 1.4)
Legumes, serving/d	Lowest quintile (0.1, 0.1)	Highest quintile (0.9, 1.0)
Red and processed meat, serving/d	Highest quintile (2.2, 2.6)	Lowest quintile (0.6, 0.5)
Fish, serving/d	Lowest quintile (0.0, 0.1)	Highest quintile (0.7, 0.9)
MUFA:SFA ratio	Lowest quintile (0.8, 0.9)	Highest quintile (1.2, 1.4)
Alcohol, g/d	>35 for women and >50 for men (45.7, 68.6)	5-15 for women and 10-30 for men (9.6, 13.1)
Total	9	45

Abbreviations: MUFA, monounsaturated fatty acid; SFA, saturated fatty acid.

**eTable 3.** Healthful Plant-based Diet Index components and criteria for scoring

<b>Component</b>	<b>Criteria for minimum score of 1 (mean intake NHS and HPFS)</b>	<b>Criteria for maximum score of 5 (mean intake NHS and HPFS)</b>
Healthy Plant Food Groups, serving/d		
Whole grains	Lowest quintile (0.1, 0.2)	Highest quintile (3.0, 3.9)
Fruits	Lowest quintile (0.3, 0.3)	Highest quintile (3.1, 3.7)
Vegetables	Lowest quintile (1.3, 1.1)	Highest quintile (6.1, 6.3)
Nuts	Lowest quintile (0.0, 0.0)	Highest quintile (0.9, 1.5)
Legumes	Lowest quintile (0.1, 0.1)	Highest quintile (0.9, 1.0)
Vegetable oils	Lowest quintile (0.1, 0.0)	Highest quintile (1.7, 0.8)
Tea & Coffee	Lowest quintile (0.6, 0.1)	Highest quintile (6.0, 5.4)
Unhealthy Plant Food Groups, serving/d		
Fruit juices	Highest quintile (1.8, 2.1)	Lowest quintile (0.0, 0.0)
Refined grains	Highest quintile (3.9, 3.5)	Lowest quintile (0.4, 0.3)
Potatoes	Highest quintile (1.1, 1.2)	Lowest quintile (0.1, 0.1)
Sugar sweetened beverages	Highest quintile (1.2, 1.3)	Lowest quintile (0.0, 0.0)
Sweets and desserts	Highest quintile (2.7, 3.6)	Lowest quintile (0.2, 0.2)
Animal Food Groups, serving/d		
Animal fat	Highest quintile (1.3, 1.1)	Lowest quintile (0.0, 0.0)
Dairy	Highest quintile (4.1, 4.3)	Lowest quintile (1.2, 0.5)
Egg	Highest quintile (0.5, 1.2)	Lowest quintile (0.1, 0.0)
Fish or seafood	Highest quintile (0.7, 0.9)	Lowest quintile (0.0, 0.1)
Meat	Highest quintile (2.2, 2.6)	Lowest quintile (0.6, 0.5)
Miscellaneous animal-based foods	Highest quintile (1.0, 2.3)	Lowest quintile (0.1, 0.0)
TOTAL	18	90

**eTable 4. Alternate Healthy Eating Index components and criteria for scoring**

Component	Criteria for minimum score of 0	Criteria for maximum score of 10
Whole fruit	0	≥4 servings/d
Vegetable (excluding potatoes)	0	≥5 servings/d
Whole grains	0	Women: ≥75 g/d; Men: ≥90 g/d
Red and processed meat	≥1.5 servings/d	0
Nuts and legumes	0	≥1 serving/d
Long-chain (ω-3) fats (EPA+DHA)	0	≥250 mg/d
Polyunsaturated fatty acids	≤2% of energy	≥10% of energy
Trans fat	≥4% of energy	≤0.5% of energy
SSBs and fruit juice	≥1 serving/d	0
Sodium	Highest decile	Lowest decile
Total	0	100

Abbreviations: EPA, eicosapentaenoic acids; DHA, docosahexaenoic acids; SSB, Sugar-sweetened beverage.

eTable 5. Hazard ratios for death from specific causes according to quintiles of the Healthy Eating Index-2015 (HEI-2015)

	Quintiles of dietary scores					P for trend
Cause of Death	Quintile 1	Quintile 2	Quintile 3	Quintile 4	Quintile 5	
<b>NHS</b>						
<b>Cardiovascular disease</b>						
No. of deaths	1170	1204	1212	1206	1336	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.93 (0.86, 1.01)	0.88 (0.81, 0.96)	0.82 (0.76, 0.89)	0.79 (0.72, 0.86)	<0.001
<b>Heart disease</b>						
No. of deaths	852	877	859	837	905	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.94 (0.86, 1.04)	0.87 (0.79, 0.96)	0.80 (0.73, 0.89)	0.76 (0.69, 0.84)	<0.001
<b>Stroke</b>						
No. of deaths	318	327	353	369	431	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.91 (0.78, 1.06)	0.90 (0.77, 1.05)	0.87 (0.75, 1.02)	0.86 (0.74, 1.00)	0.03
<b>Cancer</b>						
No. of deaths	1852	1675	1718	1718	1770	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.88 (0.82, 0.94)	0.87 (0.81, 0.93)	0.84 (0.78, 0.90)	0.80 (0.75, 0.86)	<0.001
<b>Respiratory disease</b>						
No. of deaths	678	513	500	410	390	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.71 (0.63, 0.80)	0.66 (0.59, 0.74)	0.51 (0.45, 0.58)	0.43 (0.38, 0.49)	<0.001
<b>Neurodegenerative disease</b>						
No. of deaths	756	930	1032	1094	1192	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	1.10 (1.00, 1.21)	1.14 (1.04, 1.25)	1.14 (1.04, 1.25)	1.04 (0.95, 1.15)	0.362
<b>HPFS</b>						
<b>Cardiovascular disease</b>						
No. of deaths	1210	1289	1340	1369	1433	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	1.01 (0.93, 1.09)	1.00 (0.93, 1.09)	0.98 (0.91, 1.06)	1.00 (0.92, 1.08)	0.379
<b>Heart disease</b>						
No. of deaths	996	1050	1085	1120	1135	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	1.00 (0.91, 1.09)	0.98 (0.90, 1.08)	0.98 (0.90, 1.07)	0.96 (0.88, 1.05)	0.098
<b>Stroke</b>						
No. of deaths	214	239	255	249	298	



HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	1.06 (0.88, 1.28)	1.09 (0.91, 1.32)	1.01 (0.83, 1.22)	1.16 (0.96, 1.41)	0.205
<b>Cancer</b>						
No. of deaths	1237	1142	1110	1085	1136	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.89 (0.82, 0.97)	0.84 (0.77, 0.91)	0.80 (0.74, 0.87)	0.83 (0.76, 0.91)	<0.001
<b>Respiratory disease</b>						
No. of deaths	397	363	342	314	322	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.90 (0.78, 1.04)	0.84 (0.72, 0.97)	0.73 (0.63, 0.86)	0.73 (0.63, 0.86)	<0.001
<b>Neurodegenerative disease</b>						
No. of deaths	377	401	413	441	469	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.98 (0.85, 1.13)	0.98 (0.85, 1.13)	0.96 (0.83, 1.10)	0.98 (0.85, 1.14)	0.676
<b>Pooled</b>						
<b>Cardiovascular disease</b>						
No. of deaths	2380	2493	2552	2575	2769	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.97 (0.92, 1.03)	0.94 (0.89, 1.00)	0.90 (0.85, 0.96)	0.89 (0.84, 0.94)	<0.001
<b>Heart disease</b>						
No. of deaths	1848	1927	1944	1957	2040	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.97 (0.91, 1.04)	0.93 (0.87, 1.00)	0.90 (0.84, 0.96)	0.86 (0.81, 0.92)	<0.001
<b>Stroke</b>						
No. of deaths	532	566	608	618	729	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.97 (0.86, 1.09)	0.97 (0.86, 1.10)	0.92 (0.82, 1.04)	0.97 (0.86, 1.09)	0.401
<b>Cancer</b>						
No. of deaths	3089	2817	2828	2803	2906	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.89 (0.84, 0.93)	0.86 (0.81, 0.90)	0.82 (0.78, 0.87)	0.81 (0.77, 0.86)	<0.001
<b>Respiratory disease</b>						
No. of deaths	1075	876	842	724	712	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.78 (0.71, 0.86)	0.72 (0.66, 0.79)	0.59 (0.54, 0.65)	0.54 (0.48, 0.59)	<0.001
<b>Neurodegenerative disease</b>						
No. of deaths	1133	1331	1445	1535	1661	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	1.06 (0.98, 1.15)	1.09 (1.00, 1.18)	1.08 (1.00, 1.17)	1.02 (0.95, 1.11)	0.598

\* Multivariable adjusted for age, calendar year, race and ethnicity (NHS: Hispanic, non-Hispanic Black, non-Hispanic White, or other; HPFS: Black, White, or other), marriage status (married, divorced/separate/single, widowed); living status (alone or not), family history of myocardial infarction (yes/no), family history of diabetes (yes/no), family history of cancer (yes/no), menopausal status (pre or postmenopausal (never, past or current menopausal hormone use), NHS only), multivitamin use(yes/no), aspirin use(yes/no), total energy intake (quintile), smoking status (never smoker, former smoker, current smoker: 1-14, 15-24 or ≥25 cigarettes/d), alcohol

© 2023 American Medical Association. All rights reserved.

drinking (g/d: 0, 0.1-4.9, 5.0-14.9, 15.0-19.9, 20.0-29.9 and  $\geq 30$ ), and physical activity (quintile), history of hypertension (yes/no), history of hypercholesterolemia (yes/no), and body mass index (kg/m<sup>2</sup>: <21, 21-24.9, 25-29.9, 30-34.9,  $\geq 35$ ).

Abbreviations: AMED=Alternate Mediterranean Diet score; AHEI=Alternate Healthy Eating Index; HEI-2015=Healthy Eating Index-2015; HPDI=Healthful Plant-based Diet Index; HPFS= Health Professionals Follow-Up Study; NHS= Nurses' Health Study; PY= person-years.

eTable 6. Hazard ratios for death from specific causes according to quintiles of the Alternate Mediterranean Diet score (AMED)

Cause of Death	Quintiles of dietary scores					P for trend
	Quintile 1	Quintile 2	Quintile 3	Quintile 4	Quintile 5	
<b>NHS</b>						
<b>Cardiovascular disease</b>						
No. of deaths	1215	1343	1225	1216	1129	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.95 (0.88, 1.03)	0.86 (0.80, 0.94)	0.84 (0.77, 0.92)	0.81 (0.74, 0.89)	<0.001
<b>Heart disease</b>						
No. of deaths	876	966	844	873	771	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.95 (0.87, 1.04)	0.83 (0.76, 0.92)	0.85 (0.77, 0.93)	0.78 (0.70, 0.87)	<0.001
<b>Stroke</b>						
No. of deaths	339	377	381	343	358	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.95 (0.81, 1.10)	0.94 (0.81, 1.10)	0.84 (0.71, 0.98)	0.89 (0.76, 1.05)	0.029
<b>Cancer</b>						
No. of deaths	1837	1795	1689	1668	1744	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.90 (0.84, 0.96)	0.87 (0.81, 0.93)	0.84 (0.78, 0.90)	0.91 (0.85, 0.98)	0.020
<b>Respiratory disease</b>						
No. of deaths	635	603	474	452	327	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.80 (0.72, 0.90)	0.62 (0.55, 0.70)	0.56 (0.50, 0.64)	0.40 (0.35, 0.46)	<0.001
<b>Neurodegenerative disease</b>						
No. of deaths	804	1025	1115	1019	1041	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	1.06 (0.96, 1.16)	1.10 (1.00, 1.20)	0.97 (0.88, 1.07)	0.97 (0.87, 1.07)	0.125
<b>HPFS</b>						
<b>Cardiovascular disease</b>						
No. of deaths	1202	1304	1334	1414	1387	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.98 (0.91, 1.06)	0.95 (0.87, 1.02)	0.99 (0.92, 1.07)	1.00 (0.92, 1.09)	0.871
<b>Heart disease</b>						
No. of deaths	981	1059	1085	1138	1123	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.98 (0.90, 1.07)	0.94 (0.86, 1.03)	0.98 (0.90, 1.07)	1.00 (0.91, 1.10)	0.886
<b>Stroke</b>						
No. of deaths	221	245	249	276	264	

HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	1.00 (0.83, 1.21)	0.95 (0.79, 1.15)	1.03 (0.86, 1.24)	0.99 (0.82, 1.20)	0.656
<b>Cancer</b>						
No. of deaths	1139	1180	1164	1151	1076	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.99 (0.91, 1.08)	0.92 (0.84, 1.00)	0.91 (0.84, 1.00)	0.87 (0.80, 0.95)	<0.001
<b>Respiratory disease</b>						
No. of deaths	396	358	351	338	295	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.83 (0.72, 0.96)	0.77 (0.67, 0.89)	0.73 (0.63, 0.85)	0.63 (0.54, 0.74)	<0.001
<b>Neurodegenerative disease</b>						
No. of deaths	374	405	464	432	426	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.94 (0.81, 1.08)	0.99 (0.86, 1.14)	0.91 (0.79, 1.05)	0.87 (0.75, 1.01)	0.030
<b>Pooled</b>						
<b>Cardiovascular disease</b>						
No. of deaths	2417	2647	2559	2630	2516	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.97 (0.91, 1.02)	0.91 (0.86, 0.96)	0.92 (0.87, 0.97)	0.91 (0.85, 0.96)	<0.001
<b>Heart disease</b>						
No. of deaths	1857	2025	1929	2011	1894	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.97 (0.91, 1.03)	0.89 (0.83, 0.95)	0.92 (0.86, 0.98)	0.90 (0.84, 0.96)	<0.001
<b>Stroke</b>						
No. of deaths	560	622	630	619	622	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.97 (0.86, 1.09)	0.95 (0.84, 1.07)	0.91 (0.81, 1.03)	0.93 (0.82, 1.06)	0.198
<b>Cancer</b>						
No. of deaths	2976	2975	2853	2819	2820	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.93 (0.88, 0.98)	0.89 (0.84, 0.94)	0.87 (0.82, 0.91)	0.89 (0.85, 0.95)	<0.001
<b>Respiratory disease</b>						
No. of deaths	1031	961	825	790	622	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.81 (0.74, 0.89)	0.68 (0.62, 0.74)	0.63 (0.57, 0.69)	0.49 (0.44, 0.55)	<0.001
<b>Neurodegenerative disease</b>						
No. of deaths	1178	1430	1579	1451	1467	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	1.02 (0.94, 1.10)	1.06 (0.98, 1.15)	0.95 (0.88, 1.03)	0.93 (0.86, 1.01)	0.012

\* Multivariable adjusted for age, calendar year, race and ethnicity (NHS: Hispanic, no-Hispanic Black, non-Hispanic White, or other; HPFS: Black, White, or other), marriage status (married, divorced/separate/single, widowed); living status (alone or not), family history of myocardial infarction (yes/no), family history of diabetes (yes/no), family history of cancer (yes/no), menopausal status (pre or postmenopausal (never, past or current menopausal hormone use), NHS only), multivitamin use(yes/no), aspirin use(yes/no), total energy intake (quintile), smoking status (never smoker, former smoker, current smoker: 1-14, 15-24 or ≥25 cigarettes/d), alcohol

© 2023 American Medical Association. All rights reserved.

drinking (g/d: 0, 0.1-4.9, 5.0-14.9, 15.0-19.9, 20.0-29.9 and  $\geq 30$ ), and physical activity (quintile), history of hypertension (yes/no), history of hypercholesterolemia (yes/no), and body mass index (kg/m<sup>2</sup>: <21, 21-24.9, 25-29.9, 30-34.9,  $\geq 35$ ).

Abbreviations: AMED=Alternate Mediterranean Diet score; AHEI=Alternate Healthy Eating Index; HEI-2015=Healthy Eating Index-2015; HPDI=Healthful Plant-based Diet Index; HPFS= Health Professionals Follow-Up Study; NHS= Nurses' Health Study; PY= person-years.

eTable 7. Hazard ratios for death from specific causes according to quintiles of the Healthful Plant-based Diet Index (HPDI)

Cause of Death	Quintiles of dietary scores					P for trend
	Quintile 1	Quintile 2	Quintile 3	Quintile 4	Quintile 5	
<b>NHS</b>						
<b>Cardiovascular disease</b>						
No. of deaths	1113	1214	1237	1328	1236	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.94 (0.87, 1.02)	0.88 (0.81, 0.96)	0.90 (0.83, 0.98)	0.83 (0.76, 0.90)	<0.00
<b>Heart disease</b>						
No. of deaths	795	897	859	934	845	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.99 (0.89, 1.09)	0.87 (0.79, 0.96)	0.90 (0.82, 1.00)	0.82 (0.74, 0.91)	<0.001
<b>Stroke</b>						
No. of deaths	318	317	378	394	391	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.84 (0.72, 0.98)	0.90 (0.78, 1.05)	0.89 (0.76, 1.04)	0.85 (0.73, 1.00)	0.411
<b>Cancer</b>						
No. of deaths	1646	1716	1755	1812	1804	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.94 (0.88, 1.01)	0.91 (0.85, 0.98)	0.92 (0.86, 0.99)	0.92 (0.86, 0.99)	0.008
<b>Respiratory disease</b>						
No. of deaths	555	579	499	452	406	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.89 (0.79, 1.01)	0.70 (0.62, 0.79)	0.60 (0.53, 0.69)	0.53 (0.46, 0.61)	<0.001
<b>Neurodegenerative disease</b>						
No. of deaths	816	961	1068	1068	1091	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.98 (0.89, 1.08)	1.02 (0.93, 1.12)	0.98 (0.89, 1.08)	0.95 (0.87, 1.05)	0.370
<b>HPFS</b>						
<b>Cardiovascular disease</b>						
No. of deaths	1164	1302	1382	1411	1382	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	1.00 (0.92, 1.08)	1.02 (0.94, 1.10)	1.01 (0.93, 1.10)	1.05 (0.97, 1.14)	0.629
<b>Heart disease</b>						
No. of deaths	958	1052	1138	1131	1107	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.97 (0.89, 1.06)	1.02 (0.93, 1.11)	0.98 (0.90, 1.07)	1.02 (0.93, 1.12)	0.792
<b>Stroke</b>						
No. of deaths	206	250	244	280	275	

HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	1.09 (0.90, 1.31)	1.01 (0.83, 1.22)	1.13 (0.94, 1.37)	1.18 (0.97, 1.43)	0.134
<b>Cancer</b>						
No. of deaths	1134	1193	1132	1180	1071	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.95 (0.88, 1.03)	0.89 (0.82, 0.97)	0.89 (0.82, 0.97)	0.88 (0.81, 0.96)	0.003
<b>Respiratory disease</b>						
No. of deaths	337	373	360	348	320	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	1.01 (0.87, 1.17)	0.93 (0.80, 1.08)	0.88 (0.75, 1.03)	0.86 (0.73, 1.01)	0.017
<b>Neurodegenerative disease</b>						
No. of deaths	370	426	473	416	416	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	1.06 (0.92, 1.22)	1.09 (0.94, 1.25)	0.93 (0.80, 1.08)	0.97 (0.84, 1.13)	0.289
<b>Pooled</b>						
<b>Cardiovascular disease</b>						
No. of deaths	2277	2516	2619	2739	2618	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.97 (0.92, 1.03)	0.95 (0.90, 1.01)	0.96 (0.90, 1.01)	0.94 (0.88, 1.00)	0.023
<b>Heart disease</b>						
No. of deaths	1753	1949	1997	2065	1952	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.98 (0.92, 1.05)	0.95 (0.89, 1.01)	0.95 (0.88, 1.01)	0.93 (0.86, 0.99)	0.004
<b>Stroke</b>						
No. of deaths	524	567	622	674	666	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.94 (0.84, 1.06)	0.94 (0.84, 1.06)	0.98 (0.87, 1.10)	0.97 (0.86, 1.10)	0.683
<b>Cancer</b>						
No. of deaths	2780	2909	2887	2992	2875	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.94 (0.90, 1.00)	0.90 (0.86, 0.95)	0.91 (0.86, 0.96)	0.91 (0.86, 0.96)	<0.001
<b>Respiratory disease</b>						
No. of deaths	892	952	859	800	726	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.94 (0.85, 1.03)	0.78 (0.71, 0.86)	0.70 (0.64, 0.78)	0.65 (0.58, 0.72)	<0.001
<b>Neurodegenerative disease</b>						
No. of deaths	1186	1387	1541	1484	1507	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	1.00 (0.93, 1.09)	1.04 (0.96, 1.13)	0.97 (0.89, 1.05)	0.96 (0.88, 1.04)	0.179

\* Multivariable adjusted for age, calendar year, race and ethnicity (NHS: Hispanic, no-Hispanic Black, non-Hispanic White, or other; HPFS: Black, White, or other), marriage status (married, divorced/separate/single, widowed); living status (alone or not), family history of myocardial infarction (yes/no), family history of diabetes (yes/no), family history of cancer (yes/no), menopausal status (pre or postmenopausal (never, past or current menopausal hormone use), NHS only), multivitamin use(yes/no), aspirin use(yes/no), total energy intake (quintile), smoking status (never smoker, former smoker, current smoker: 1-14, 15-24 or ≥25 cigarettes/d), alcohol

drinking (g/d: 0, 0.1-4.9, 5.0-14.9, 15.0-19.9, 20.0-29.9 and  $\geq 30$ ), and physical activity (quintile), history of hypertension (yes/no), history of hypercholesterolemia (yes/no), and body mass index ( $\text{kg}/\text{m}^2$ : <21, 21-24.9, 25-29.9, 30-34.9,  $\geq 35$ ).

Abbreviations: AMED=Alternate Mediterranean Diet score; AHEI=Alternate Healthy Eating Index; HEI-2015=Healthy Eating Index-2015; HPDI=Healthful Plant-based Diet Index; HPFS= Health Professionals Follow-Up Study; NHS= Nurses' Health Study; PY= person-years.



eTable 8. Hazard ratios for death from specific causes according to quintiles of the Alternate Healthy Eating Index (AHEI)

Cause of Death	Quintiles of dietary scores					P for trend
	Quintile 1	Quintile 2	Quintile 3	Quintile 4	Quintile 5	
<b>NHS</b>						
<b>Cardiovascular disease</b>						
No. of deaths	1217	1283	1259	1262	1107	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.90 (0.83, 0.97)	0.84 (0.78, 0.91)	0.83 (0.76, 0.90)	0.75 (0.69, 0.81)	<0.001
<b>Heart disease</b>						
No. of deaths	888	908	893	894	747	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.88 (0.80, 0.96)	0.83 (0.75, 0.91)	0.82 (0.75, 0.90)	0.71 (0.65, 0.79)	<0.001
<b>Stroke</b>						
No. of deaths	329	375	366	368	360	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.95 (0.82, 1.10)	0.88 (0.76, 1.02)	0.85 (0.73, 0.99)	0.84 (0.72, 0.98)	0.016
<b>Cancer</b>						
No. of deaths	1804	1770	1772	1733	1654	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.89 (0.83, 0.95)	0.86 (0.81, 0.92)	0.84 (0.79, 0.90)	0.82 (0.77, 0.88)	<0.001
<b>Respiratory disease</b>						
No. of deaths	604	585	529	440	333	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.82 (0.73, 0.92)	0.72 (0.64, 0.81)	0.59 (0.52, 0.67)	0.46 (0.40, 0.52)	<0.001
<b>Neurodegenerative disease</b>						
No. of deaths	825	1033	1068	1039	1039	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	1.08 (0.99, 1.19)	1.06 (0.97, 1.16)	1.02 (0.93, 1.12)	0.98 (0.89, 1.07)	0.106
<b>HPFS</b>						
<b>Cardiovascular disease</b>						
No. of deaths	1184	1340	1351	1380	1386	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	1.02 (0.94, 1.10)	0.98 (0.91, 1.06)	0.98 (0.90, 1.06)	0.98 (0.91, 1.07)	0.334
<b>Heart disease</b>						
No. of deaths	988	1083	1102	1108	1105	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.98 (0.90, 1.07)	0.96 (0.88, 1.04)	0.94 (0.86, 1.02)	0.94 (0.86, 1.03)	0.062
<b>Stroke</b>						
No. of deaths	196	257	249	272	281	

HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	1.19 (0.98, 1.43)	1.09 (0.91, 1.32)	1.17 (0.97, 1.41)	1.19 (0.98, 1.44)	0.129
<b>Cancer</b>						
No. of deaths	1189	1203	1132	1054	1132	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.95 (0.87, 1.03)	0.86 (0.79, 0.94)	0.80 (0.73, 0.87)	0.86 (0.79, 0.94)	<0.001
<b>Respiratory disease</b>						
No. of deaths	384	378	352	318	306	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.91 (0.79, 1.05)	0.84 (0.73, 0.97)	0.74 (0.64, 0.86)	0.71 (0.61, 0.83)	<0.001
<b>Neurodegenerative disease</b>						
No. of deaths	361	431	407	476	426	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	1.07 (0.93, 1.23)	0.94 (0.81, 1.08)	1.04 (0.91, 1.20)	0.90 (0.78, 1.04)	0.121
<b>Pooled</b>						
<b>Cardiovascular disease</b>						
No. of deaths	2401	2623	2610	2642	2493	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.96 (0.90, 1.01)	0.91 (0.86, 0.96)	0.90 (0.85, 0.95)	0.86 (0.81, 0.91)	<0.001
<b>Heart disease</b>						
No. of deaths	1876	1991	1995	2002	1852	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.93 (0.87, 0.99)	0.90 (0.84, 0.95)	0.88 (0.83, 0.94)	0.83 (0.78, 0.89)	<0.001
<b>Stroke</b>						
No. of deaths	525	632	615	640	641	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	1.04 (0.92, 1.16)	0.96 (0.85, 1.08)	0.97 (0.86, 1.09)	0.96 (0.85, 1.09)	0.460
<b>Cancer</b>						
No. of deaths	2993	2973	2904	2787	2786	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.91 (0.87, 0.96)	0.86 (0.82, 0.91)	0.82 (0.78, 0.87)	0.84 (0.79, 0.88)	<0.001
<b>Respiratory disease</b>						
No. of deaths	988	963	881	758	639	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	0.86 (0.78, 0.94)	0.77 (0.70, 0.84)	0.65 (0.59, 0.71)	0.55 (0.50, 0.62)	<0.001
<b>Neurodegenerative disease</b>						
No. of deaths	1186	1464	1475	1515	1465	
HR (95% CI)	1.00 (ref.)	1.08 (1.00, 1.16)	1.02 (0.95, 1.11)	1.03 (0.95, 1.11)	0.95 (0.88, 1.03)	0.027

\* Multivariable adjusted for age, calendar year, race and ethnicity (NHS: Hispanic, no-Hispanic Black, non-Hispanic White, or other; HPFS: Black, White, or other), marriage status (married, divorced/separate/single, widowed); living status (alone or not), family history of myocardial infarction (yes/no), family history of diabetes (yes/no), family history of cancer (yes/no), menopausal status (pre or postmenopausal (never, past or current menopausal hormone use), NHS only), multivitamin use(yes/no), aspirin use(yes/no), total energy intake (quintile), smoking status (never smoker, former smoker, current smoker: 1-14, 15-24 or ≥25 cigarettes/d), alcohol

drinking (g/d: 0, 0.1-4.9, 5.0-14.9, 15.0-19.9, 20.0-29.9 and  $\geq 30$ ), and physical activity (quintile), history of hypertension (yes/no), history of hypercholesterolemia (yes/no), and body mass index (kg/m<sup>2</sup>: <21, 21-24.9, 25-29.9, 30-34.9,  $\geq 35$ ).

Abbreviations: AMED=Alternate Mediterranean Diet score; AHEI=Alternate Healthy Eating Index; HEI-2015=Healthy Eating Index-2015; HPDI=Healthful Plant-based Diet Index; HPFS= Health Professionals Follow-Up Study; NHS= Nurses' Health Study.

**eTable 9.** Hazard ratios for death from top three cancers among men and women according to four healthy eating scores\*

Cause of Death	No.	Dietary scores			
		HEI2015	AMED	HPDI	AHEI
<b>NHS</b>					
Breast cancer	1243	0.79 (0.67, 0.94)	1.00 (0.90, 1.12)	0.85 (0.71, 1.01)	0.83 (0.70, 1.97)
Lung cancer	2006	0.62 (0.55, 0.71)	0.78 (0.71, 0.85)	0.82 (0.72, 0.95)	0.64 (0.56, 0.73)
Colorectal cancer	733	0.90 (0.72, 1.13)	1.11 (0.96, 1.29)	0.91 (0.72, 1.14)	0.96 (0.78, 1.18)
<b>HPFS</b>					
Prostate cancer	889	1.03 (0.85, 1.25)	1.06 (0.94, 1.20)	1.05 (0.87, 1.28)	0.99 (0.84, 1.18)
Lung cancer	971	0.63 (0.53, 0.76)	0.75 (0.67, 0.85)	0.79 (0.66, 0.95)	0.71 (0.60, 0.84)
Colorectal cancer	539	0.71 (0.56, 0.91)	0.86 (0.73, 1.00)	0.76 (0.59, 0.98)	0.75 (0.60, 0.94)

\* Calculated per 25-percentile increment in four healthy eating scores (25 points for HEI-2015, 9 points for AMED, 18 points for HPDI, and 25 points for AHEI-2010).

Multivariable adjusted for age, calendar year, race and ethnicity (NHS: Hispanic, no-Hispanic Black, non-Hispanic White, or other; HPFS: Black, White, or other), marriage status (married, divorced/separate/single, widowed); living status (alone or not), family history of myocardial infarction (yes/no), family history of diabetes (yes/no), family history of cancer (yes/no), menopausal status (pre or postmenopausal (never, past or current menopausal hormone use), NHS only), multivitamin use(yes/no), aspirin use(yes/no), total energy intake (quintile), smoking status (never smoker, former smoker, current smoker: 1-14, 15-24 or ≥25 cigarettes/d), alcohol drinking (g/d: 0, 0.1-4.9, 5.0-14.9, 15.0-19.9, 20.0-29.9 and ≥30), and physical activity (quintile), history of hypertension (yes/no), history of hypercholesterolemia (yes/no), and body mass index (kg/m<sup>2</sup>: <21, 21-24.9, 25-29.9, 30-34.9, ≥35).

Abbreviations: AMED=Alternate Mediterranean Diet score; AHEI=Alternate Healthy Eating Index; HEI-2015=Healthy Eating Index-2015; HPDI=Healthful Plant-based Diet Index; HPFS= Health Professionals Follow-Up Study; NHS= Nurses' Health Study.

eTable 10. Baseline characteristics of participants according to racial/ethnic groups in NHS

	<b>Non-Hispanic White</b>	<b>Non-Hispanic Black</b>	<b>Hispanic</b>	<b>Other</b>
<b>NHS (1984)</b>				
No. of participants	70 564	834	597	3235
HEI-2015	65.5 (9.6)	66.5 (9.6)	66.4 (8.9)	65.4 (9.7)
AMED	27.2 (5.6)	27.6 (5.6)	27.2 (5.6)	27.1 (5.8)
HPDI	54.4 (7.4)	55.0 (7.1)	56.4 (7.0)	55.0 (7.4)
AHEI	43.1 (10.2)	46.1 (10.2)	45.4 (9.8)	44.4 (10.4)
Age (year)	50.2 (7.2)	50.2 (6.6)	50.7 (6.6)	51.0 (7.2)
Body mass index (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	24.9 (4.6)	26.7 (4.8)	24.9 (4.7)	25.0 (4.8)
Physical activity (MET-h/w)	13.1 (19.3)	11.8 (18.3)	12.3 (17.6)	14.3 (27.2)
Never smoker (%)	44	47	52	47
Never drinker (%)	30	43	37	35
Premenopausal (%)	42	37	38	42
Married (%)	69	44	68	69
Live alone (%)	10	12	9	11
Total Calories intake (kcal/d)	1747 (530)	1671 (581)	1722 (554)	1723 (532)
Multivitamin supplement use (%)	37	32	37	37
Aspirin use (%)	71	54	70	69
Family history (%)				
Diabetes	28	38	33	31
Myocardial infarction	25	18	21	23
Cancer	14	14	11	13

Data were expressed as mean (SD) unless otherwise specified.

All variables except age are age standardized.

Abbreviations: AMDI, Alternate Mediterranean Diet Index; AHEI=Alternate Healthy Eating Index; HEI-2015, Healthy Eating Index-2015; HPDI, Healthful Plant-based Diet Index; MI, myocardial infarction.

**eTable 11** Hazard ratios of death from any cause according to quintiles of the Healthy Eating Index-2015 (HEI-2015), Alternate Mediterranean Diet score (AMED), Healthful Plant-based Diet Index (HPDI), and Alternate Healthy Eating Index (AHEI), further adjusting for pack-years of smoking

	Quintiles of dietary scores					P for trend
	Quintile 1	Quintile 2	Quintile 3	Quintile 4	Quintile 5	
<b>HEI-2015</b>						
NHS	1.00 (ref.)	0.93 (0.90, 0.96)	0.93 (0.89, 0.96)	0.88 (0.85, 0.92)	0.84 (0.81, 0.87)	<0.001
HPFS	1.00 (ref.)	0.99 (0.95, 1.04)	0.97 (0.93, 1.01)	0.93 (0.89, 0.97)	0.95 (0.90, 0.99)	<0.001
Pooled	1.00 (ref.)	0.96 (0.93, 0.98)	0.95 (0.92, 0.97)	0.90 (0.88, 0.93)	0.88 (0.86, 0.91)	<0.001
<b>AMED</b>						
NHS	1.00 (ref.)	0.94 (0.91, 0.98)	0.92 (0.88, 0.95)	0.86 (0.83, 0.89)	0.85 (0.81, 0.88)	<0.001
HPFS	1.00 (ref.)	0.98 (0.94, 1.02)	0.95 (0.91, 0.99)	0.92 (0.88, 0.96)	0.92 (0.88, 0.96)	<0.001
Pooled	1.00 (ref.)	0.96 (0.93, 0.98)	0.93 (0.90, 0.95)	0.88 (0.86, 0.91)	0.88 (0.85, 0.90)	<0.001
<b>HPDI</b>						
NHS	1.00 (ref.)	0.94 (0.91, 0.98)	0.90 (0.87, 0.94)	0.89 (0.86, 0.93)	0.83 (0.79, 0.86)	<0.001
HPFS	1.00 (ref.)	1.01 (0.97, 1.05)	0.98 (0.94, 1.02)	0.97 (0.93, 1.01)	0.97 (0.93, 1.01)	<0.001
Pooled	1.00 (ref.)	0.97 (0.94, 1.00)	0.94 (0.91, 0.96)	0.93 (0.90, 0.95)	0.89 (0.86, 0.91)	<0.001
<b>AHEI</b>						
NHS	1.00 (ref.)	0.92 (0.89, 0.95)	0.89 (0.86, 0.93)	0.86 (0.83, 0.89)	0.79 (0.76, 0.82)	<0.001
HPFS	1.00 (ref.)	0.99 (0.95, 1.03)	0.93 (0.89, 0.97)	0.90 (0.87, 0.94)	0.90 (0.86, 0.94)	<0.001
Pooled	1.00 (ref.)	0.95 (0.92, 0.97)	0.91 (0.88, 0.93)	0.88 (0.85, 0.90)	0.84 (0.81, 0.86)	<0.001

Adjusted for age, calendar year, race and ethnicity (NHS: Hispanic, no-Hispanic Black, non-Hispanic White, or other; HPFS: Black, White, or other), marriage status (married, divorced/separate/single, widowed); living status (alone or not), family history of myocardial infarction (yes/no), family history of diabetes (yes/no), family history of cancer (yes/no), menopausal status (pre or postmenopausal (never, past or current menopausal hormone use), NHS only), multivitamin use(yes/no), aspirin use(yes/no), total energy intake (quintile), pack-years of smoking (never smoker; past smoker with <5, 5-20, or >20pack-years; or current smoker with <5, 5-20, or > 20 pack-years), alcohol drinking (g/d: 0, 0.1-4.9, 5.0-14.9, 15.0-19.9, 20.0-29.9 and ≥30), and physical activity (quintile), history of hypertension (yes/no), history of hypercholesterolemia (yes/no), and body mass index (kg/m<sup>2</sup>: <21, 21-24.9, 25-29.9, 30-34.9, ≥35).

Abbreviations: HPFS= Health Professionals Follow-Up Study; NHS= Nurses' Health Study;

**eTable 12.** Hazard ratios of death from any cause according to quintiles of the Healthy Eating Index-2015 (HEI-2015), Alternate Mediterranean Diet score (AMED), Healthful Plant-based Diet Index (HPDI), and Alternate Healthy Eating Index (AHEI) based on baseline diet assessment

	Quintiles of dietary scores					P for trend
	Quintile 1	Quintile 2	Quintile 3	Quintile 4	Quintile 5	
<b>HEI2015</b>						
<b>NHS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	53 (49-56)	61 (59-62)	66 (65-67)	71 (70-72)	78 (75-81)	
Cases/PYs	5950/478 135	5925/476 846	6074/471 934	6420/466 808	6894/449 442	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.93 (0.89, 0.96)	0.91 (0.88, 0.94)	0.91 (0.87, 0.94)	0.88 (0.85, 0.91)	<0.001
<b>HPFS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	55 (51-58)	63 (62-65)	69 (68-70)	75 (73-76)	82 (80-85)	
Cases/PYs	4496/252 432	4480/250 643	4610/243 818	4618/240 196	4693/228 831	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.96 (0.92, 1.00)	0.95 (0.92,1.00)	0.94 (0.90, 0.98)	0.93 (0.89, 0.98)	0.002
<b>Pooled</b>						
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.94 (0.91, 0.97)	0.93 (0.90, 0.96)	0.92 (0.89, 0.95)	0.90 (0.88, 0.93)	<0.001
<b>AMED</b>						
<b>NHS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	20 (18-21)	24 (23-25)	27 (26-28)	30 (29-31)	35 (34-37)	
Cases/PYs	6584/501 203	5420/414 210	6129/467 165	7150/535 426	5980/425 141	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.94 (0.91, 0.98)	0.91 (0.88, 0.94)	0.86 (0.84, 0.90)	0.86 (0.83, 0.89)	<0.001
<b>HPFS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	20 (18-21)	24 (23-25)	27 (27-28)	31 (30-32)	35 (34-37)	
Cases/PYs	4772/268 834	3815/208 757	5701/298 642	3698/192 563	4911/247 124	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.97 (0.93, 1.01)	0.94 (0.90, 0.97)	0.91 (0.87, 0.95)	0.90 (0.86, 0.94)	<0.001
<b>Pooled</b>						
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.95 (0.93, 0.98)	0.92 (0.90, 0.95)	0.88 (0.86, 0.91)	0.88 (0.85, 0.90)	<0.001
<b>HPDI</b>						
<b>NHS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	45 (43-47)	51 (50-52)	53 (54-55)	58 (57-59)	64 (62-67)	

Cases/PYs	5976/516 531	5535/437 524	6591/489 354	5844/412 679	7317/487 057	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.98 (0.95, 1.02)	0.95 (0.92, 0.99)	0.94 (0.91, 0.98)	0.89 (0.86, 0.92)	<0.001
<b>HPFS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	45 (43-47)	51 (50-52)	54 (53-55)	59 (58-60)	65 (63-67)	
Cases/PYs	4338/270 941	4091/227 136	4716/248 889	5126/255 254	4626/213 701	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	1.02 (0.97, 1.06)	1.00 (0.96, 1.04)	0.99 (0.95, 1.03)	0.96 (0.92, 1.01)	0.04
<b>Pooled</b>						
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	1.00 (0.97, 1.02)	0.97 (0.95, 1.00)	0.96 (0.93, 0.99)	0.92 (0.89, 0.94)	<0.001
<b>AHEI</b>						
<b>NHS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	31 (28-33)	37 (36-39)	43 (41-44)	48 (47-50)	57 (54-61)	
Cases/PYs	5898/478 895	5997/476 890	6295/467 105	6434/462 249	6639/458 005	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.94 (0.90, 0.97)	0.93 (0.90, 0.96)	0.90 (0.87, 0.93)	0.85 (0.82, 0.88)	<0.001
<b>HPFS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	33 (30-36)	41 (39-42)	47 (45-48)	53 (51-54)	61 (59-65)	
Cases/PYs	4400/254 781	4452/247 504	4631/244 057	4635/240 119	4779/229 460	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.96 (0.92, 1.00)	0.95 (0.91, 0.99)	0.93 (0.89, 0.97)	0.91 (0.87, 0.95)	<0.001
<b>Pooled</b>						
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.95 (0.92, 0.97)	0.94 (0.91, 0.96)	0.91 (0.89, 0.94)	0.87 (0.85, 0.90)	<0.001

\* Multivariable adjusted for age, calendar year, race and ethnicity (NHS: Hispanic, no-Hispanic Black, non-Hispanic White, or other; HPFS: Black, White, or other), marriage status (married, divorced/separate/single, widowed); living status (alone or not), family history of myocardial infarction (yes/no), family history of diabetes (yes/no), family history of cancer (yes/no), menopausal status (pre or postmenopausal (never, past or current menopausal hormone use), NHS only), multivitamin use(yes/no), aspirin use(yes/no), total energy intake (quintile), smoking status (never smoker, former smoker, current smoker: 1-14, 15-24 or ≥25 cigarettes/d), alcohol drinking (g/d: 0, 0.1-4.9, 5.0-14.9, 15.0-19.9, 20.0-29.9 and ≥30), and physical activity (quintile), history of hypertension (yes/no), history of hypercholesterolemia (yes/no), and body mass index (kg/m<sup>2</sup>: <21, 21-24.9, 25-29.9, 30-34.9, ≥35).

Abbreviations: AMED=Alternate Mediterranean Diet score; AHEI=Alternate Healthy Eating Index; HEI-2015=Healthy Eating Index-2015; HPDI=Healthful Plant-based Diet Index; HPFS= Health Professionals Follow-Up Study; NHS= Nurses' Health Study; PY= person-years.



**eTable 13.** Hazard ratios of death from any cause according to quintiles of the Healthy Eating Index-2015 (HEI-2015), Alternate Mediterranean Diet score (AMED), Healthful Plant-based Diet Index (HPDI), and Alternate Healthy Eating Index (AHEI) based on simple updated diet assessment

	Quintiles of dietary scores					P for trend
	Quintile 1	Quintile 2	Quintile 3	Quintile 4	Quintile 5	
<b>HEI2015</b>						
<b>NHS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	56 (52-59)	65 (63-67)	71 (69-73)	77 (74-79)	84 (81-88)	
Cases/PYs	7881/441 938	6664/454 881	6016/466 847	5554/481 633	5148/497 846	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.87 (0.84, 0.90)	0.81 (0.78, 0.84)	0.74 (0.71, 0.76)	0.63 (0.61, 0.66)	<0.001
<b>HPFS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	57 (52-60)	66 (64-68)	72 (70-73)	77 (76-79)	85 (82-87)	
Cases/PYs	4944/234 308	4682/237 921	4633/241 295	4360/248 306	4278/254 091	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.96 (0.92, 1.00)	0.94 (0.90, 0.98)	0.89 (0.85, 0.93)	0.84 (0.80, 0.88)	<0.001
<b>Pooled</b>						
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.90 (0.88, 0.93)	0.86 (0.84, 0.88)	0.80 (0.77, 0.82)	0.71 (0.69, 0.73)	<0.001
<b>AMED</b>						
<b>NHS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	19 (17-20)	23 (22-24)	27 (26-27)	30 (29-31)	34 (33-36)	
Cases/PYs	7682/428 989	7193/477 994	5927/459 614	5725/472 105	4736/504 444	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.87 (0.84, 0.90)	0.79 (0.76, 0.82)	0.73 (0.70, 0.75)	0.60 (0.58, 0.63)	<0.001
<b>HPFS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	20 (18-21)	24 (23-25)	27 (26-28)	30 (30-31)	35 (34-37)	
Cases/PYs	5104/244 357	4974/229 379	4113/231 856	4645/253 412	4061/256 915	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.95 (0.91, 0.98)	0.90 (0.86, 0.94)	0.87 (0.83, 0.90)	0.78 (0.75, 0.82)	<0.001
<b>Pooled</b>						
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.90 (0.88, 0.92)	0.83 (0.81, 0.86)	0.78 (0.76, 0.80)	0.68 (0.66, 0.70)	<0.001
<b>HPDI</b>						
<b>NHS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	45 (43-47)	51 (50-52)	55 (54-56)	59 (58-60)	65 (63-67)	

Cases/PYs	7302/463 118	6797/463 449	6398/483 134	5860/464 532	4906/468 912	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.86 (0.84, 0.89)	0.82 (0.79, 0.85)	0.73 (0.71, 0.76)	0.66 (0.63, 0.68)	<0.001
<b>HPFS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	45 (43-47)	51 (50-52)	55 (54-56)	59 (58-60)	65 (63-68)	
Cases/PYs	5264/257 114	4462/225 106	4677/246 946	4486/244 817	4008/241 937	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	1.02 (0.98, 1.06)	0.93 (0.90, 0.97)	0.92 (0.88, 0.96)	0.85 (0.82, 0.89)	<0.001
<b>Pooled</b>						
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.92 (0.90, 0.95)	0.86 (0.84, 0.89)	0.81 (0.78, 0.83)	0.74 (0.71, 0.76)	<0.001
<b>AHEI</b>						
<b>NHS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	34 (31-37)	42 (40-44)	48 (46-50)	54 (51-56)	63 (59-68)	
Cases/PYs	7205/423 366	7046/452 261	6531/470 796	5746/487 131	4735/509 589	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.90 (0.87, 0.93)	0.82 (0.79, 0.85)	0.73 (0.70, 0.75)	0.61 (0.59, 0.64)	<0.001
<b>HPFS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	35 (32-38)	43 (41-45)	49 (47-51)	55 (53-57)	65 (61-69)	
Cases/PYs	4549/223 859	4814/234 807	4753/243 273	4563/251 784	4218/262 197	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.95 (0.91, 1.00)	0.90 (0.86, 0.94)	0.83 (0.80, 0.87)	0.76 (0.72, 0.79)	<0.001
<b>Pooled</b>						
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.92 (0.90, 0.94)	0.85 (0.83, 0.87)	0.77 (0.75, 0.79)	0.67 (0.65, 0.69)	<0.001

\* Multivariable adjusted for age, calendar year, race and ethnicity (NHS: Hispanic, no-Hispanic Black, non-Hispanic White, or other; HPFS: Black, White, or other), marriage status (married, divorced/separate/single, widowed); living status (alone or not), family history of myocardial infarction (yes/no), family history of diabetes (yes/no), family history of cancer (yes/no), menopausal status (pre or postmenopausal (never, past or current menopausal hormone use), NHS only), multivitamin use(yes/no), aspirin use(yes/no), total energy intake (quintile), smoking status (never smoker, former smoker, current smoker: 1-14, 15-24 or  $\geq 25$  cigarettes/d), alcohol drinking (g/d: 0, 0.1-4.9, 5.0-14.9, 15.0-19.9, 20.0-29.9 and  $\geq 30$ ), and physical activity (quintile), history of hypertension (yes/no), history of hypercholesterolemia (yes/no), and body mass index (kg/m<sup>2</sup>: <21, 21-24.9, 25-29.9, 30-34.9,  $\geq 35$ ).

Abbreviations: AMED=Alternate Mediterranean Diet score; AHEI=Alternate Healthy Eating Index; HEI-2015=Healthy Eating Index-2015; HPDI=Healthful Plant-based Diet Index; HPFS= Health Professionals Follow-Up Study; NHS= Nurses' Health Study; PY= person-years.

**eTable 14.** Hazard ratios of death from any cause according to quintiles of the Healthy Eating Index-2015 (HEI-2015), Alternate Mediterranean Diet score (AMED), Healthful Plant-based Diet Index (HPDI), and Alternate Healthy Eating Index (AHEI) by updating diet after diagnosis of chronic disease

	Quintiles of dietary scores					P for trend
	Quintile 1	Quintile 2	Quintile 3	Quintile 4	Quintile 5	
<b>HEI2015</b>						
<b>NHS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	57 (53-59)	64 (63-66)	69 (68-70)	73 (72-75)	79 (77-82)	
Cases/PYs	6524/456 391	6217/468 203	6188/473 812	6143/476 518	6191/468 220	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.91 (0.88, 0.94)	0.89 (0.86, 0.92)	0.83 (0.80, 0.87)	0.76 (0.73, 0.79)	<0.001
<b>HPFS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	57 (53-60)	65 (64-67)	71 (69-72)	76 (74-77)	82 (80-84)	
Cases/PYs	4479/241 662	4578/246 754	4650/245 540	4612/245 471	4578/236 493	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.98 (0.94, 1.02)	0.94 (0.90, 0.98)	0.92 (0.88, 0.96)	0.89 (0.85, 0.93)	<0.001
<b>Pooled</b>						
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.94(0.91, 0.96)	0.91 (0.88, 0.93)	0.87 (0.84, 0.89)	0.81 (0.79, 0.84)	<0.001
<b>AMED</b>						
<b>NHS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	20 (19-22)	24 (23-25)	27 (26-28)	30 (29-30)	33 (32-35)	
Cases/PYs	6299/434 025	6938/476 792	6215/465 439	6251/492 346	5560/474 541	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.92 (0.89, 0.95)	0.86 (0.83, 0.89)	0.80 (0.77, 0.83)	0.72 (0.69, 0.75)	<0.001
<b>HPFS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	20 (19-22)	24 (24-25)	27 (27-28)	30 (30-31)	35 (33-36)	
Cases/PYs	4438/241 703	4644/235 409	4816/256 039	4596/241 034	4403/241 736	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.95 (0.91, 0.99)	0.93 (0.89, 0.97)	0.87 (0.83, 0.91)	0.83 (0.79, 0.87)	<0.001
<b>Pooled</b>						
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.93 (0.91, 0.96)	0.89 (0.86, 0.91)	0.83 (0.81, 0.85)	0.77 (0.74, 0.79)	<0.001
<b>HPDI</b>						
<b>NHS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	47 (44-48)	52 (51-52)	55 (54-56)	58 (58-59)	63 (62-66)	
Cases/PYs	5927/467 547	6474/481 604	6408/470 439	6559/472 804	5895/450 751	

Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.96 (0.93, 1.00)	0.90 (0.87, 0.94)	0.87 (0.84, 0.90)	0.77 (0.74, 0.80)	<0.001
<b>HPFS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	46 (44-48)	51 (50-52)	55 (54-56)	59 (58-60)	64 (62-66)	
Cases/PYs	4261/251 812	4677/246 144	4820/246 630	4792/243 520	4347/227 815	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	1.00 (0.96, 1.04)	0.98 (0.94, 1.02)	0.96 (0.92, 1.00)	0.92 (0.87, 0.96)	<0.001
<b>Pooled</b>						
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.98 (0.95, 1.00)	0.93 (0.91, 0.96)	0.91 (0.88, 0.93)	0.83 (0.81, 0.86)	<0.001
<b>AHEI</b>						
<b>NHS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	35 (32-37)	41 (40-43)	46 (45-48)	51 (50-53)	59 (56-62)	
Cases/PYs	6467/463 259	6755/478 892	6419/479 446	6228/473 558	5394/447 990	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.96 (0.93, 1.00)	0.88 (0.85, 0.91)	0.85 (0.82, 0.88)	0.76 (0.73, 0.78)	<0.001
<b>HPFS</b>						
Median score (IQR)	35 (32-38)	43 (41-44)	48 (47-49)	53 (52-55)	61 (59-65)	
Cases/PYs	4371/242 988	4691/247 055	4705/247 260	4642/243 129	4488/235 488	
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.97 (0.93, 1.01)	0.94 (0.90, 0.98)	0.90 (0.87, 0.94)	0.85 (0.82, 0.89)	<0.001
<b>Pooled</b>						
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.97 (0.94, 0.99)	0.90 (0.88, 0.93)	0.87 (0.85, 0.90)	0.80 (0.77, 0.82)	<0.001

\* Multivariable adjusted for age, calendar year, race and ethnicity (NHS: Hispanic, no-Hispanic Black, non-Hispanic White, or other; HPFS: Black, White, or other), marriage status (married, divorced/separate/single, widowed); living status (alone or not), family history of myocardial infarction (yes/no), family history of diabetes (yes/no), family history of cancer (yes/no), menopausal status (pre or postmenopausal (never, past or current menopausal hormone use), NHS only), multivitamin use(yes/no), aspirin use(yes/no), total energy intake (quintile), smoking status (never smoker, former smoker, current smoker: 1-14, 15-24 or  $\geq 25$  cigarettes/d), alcohol drinking (g/d: 0, 0.1-4.9, 5.0-14.9, 15.0-19.9, 20.0-29.9 and  $\geq 30$ ), and physical activity (quintile), history of hypertension (yes/no), history of hypercholesterolemia (yes/no), and body mass index (kg/m<sup>2</sup>: <21, 21-24.9, 25-29.9, 30-34.9,  $\geq 35$ ).

Abbreviations: AMED=Alternate Mediterranean Diet score; AHEI=Alternate Healthy Eating Index; HEI-2015=Healthy Eating Index-2015; HPDI=Healthful Plant-based Diet Index; HPFS= Health Professionals Follow-Up Study; NHS= Nurses' Health Study; PY= person-years.

eTable 15. Pooled hazard ratios of death from any cause according to quintiles of the Healthy Eating Index-2015 (HEI-2015), Alternate Mediterranean Diet score (AMED), Healthful Plant-based Diet Index (HPDI), and Alternate Healthy Eating Index (AHEI) using random-effects meta-analysis

	Quintiles of dietary scores					P for trend
	Quintile 1	Quintile 2	Quintile 3	Quintile 4	Quintile 5	
<b>HEI-2015</b>						
<b>Pooled</b>						
Age-adjusted	1.00 (ref.)	0.83 (0.77, 0.88)	0.75 (0.70, 0.81)	0.68 (0.61, 0.76)	0.62 (0.52, 0.75)	<0.001
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.93 (0.86, 1.00)	0.90 (0.84, 0.97)	0.86 (0.79, 0.93)	0.82 (0.70, 0.98)	0.02
<b>AMED</b>						
<b>Pooled</b>						
Age-adjusted	1.00 (ref.)	0.86 (0.80, 0.92)	0.78 (0.73, 0.84)	0.72 (0.66, 0.80)	0.68 (0.62, 0.75)	<0.001
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.93 (0.87, 1.00)	0.89 (0.84, 0.95)	0.84 (0.76, 0.93)	0.82 (0.73, 0.93)	0.003
<b>HPDI</b>						
<b>Pooled</b>						
Age-adjusted	1.00 (ref.)	0.92 (0.86, 0.98)	0.85 (0.79, 0.93)	0.82 (0.77, 0.88)	0.78 (0.68, 0.89)	<0.001
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.96 (0.91, 1.03)	0.93 (0.84, 1.01)	0.91 (0.83, 1.00)	0.87 (0.73, 1.03)	0.10
<b>AHEI</b>						
<b>Pooled</b>						
Age-adjusted	1.00 (ref.)	0.85 (0.80, 0.91)	0.77 (0.73, 0.81)	0.71 (0.66, 0.75)	0.65 (0.57, 0.74)	<0.001
Multivariable adjusted *	1.00 (ref.)	0.94 (0.87, 1.02)	0.89 (0.84, 0.94)	0.85 (0.78, 0.91)	0.80 (0.69, 0.94)	0.002

\* Multivariable adjusted for age, calendar year, race and ethnicity (NHS: Hispanic, no-Hispanic Black, non-Hispanic White, or other; HPFS: Black, White, or other), marriage status (married, divorced/separate/single, widowed); living status (alone or not), family history of myocardial infarction (yes/no), family history of diabetes (yes/no), family history of cancer (yes/no), menopausal status (pre or postmenopausal (never, past or current menopausal hormone use), NHS only), multivitamin use(yes/no), aspirin use(yes/no), total energy intake (quintile), smoking status (never smoker, former smoker, current smoker: 1-14, 15-24 or ≥25 cigarettes/d), alcohol drinking (g/d: 0, 0.1-4.9, 5.0-14.9, 15.0-19.9, 20.0-29.9 and ≥30), and physical activity (quintile), history of hypertension (yes/no), history of hypercholesterolemia (yes/no), and body mass index (kg/m<sup>2</sup>: <21, 21-24.9, 25-29.9, 30-34.9, ≥35).

Abbreviations: AMED=Alternate Mediterranean Diet score; AHEI=Alternate Healthy Eating Index; HEI-2015=Healthy Eating Index-2015; HPDI=Healthful Plant-based Diet Index; HPFS= Health Professionals Follow-Up Study; NHS= Nurses' Health Study; PY= person-years.

eTable 16. Pooled hazard ratios for death from specific causes according to four healthy eating scores using random-effects meta-analysis\*

Cause of Death	Dietary scores				
	Cases	HEI2015	AMED	HPDI	AHEI
<b>Pooled</b>					
All causes	54 163	0.82 (0.71, 0.94)	0.88 (0.82, 0.95)	0.87 (0.74, 1.01)	0.81 (0.70, 0.94)
Cardiovascular disease	12 769	0.87 (0.69, 1.08)	0.93 (0.80, 1.08)	0.93 (0.78, 1.12)	0.86 (0.69, 1.09)
Heart disease	9716	0.84 (0.66, 1.05)	0.92 (0.79, 1.08)	0.90 (0.74, 1.10)	0.83 (0.66, 1.05)
Stroke	3053	0.97 (0.75, 1.26)	0.96 (0.84, 1.09)	1.03 (0.86, 1.23)	0.97 (0.74, 1.27)
Cancer	14 443	0.82 (0.78, 0.86)	0.93 (0.90, 0.97)	0.90 (0.86, 0.95)	0.84 (0.81, 0.88)
Respiratory disease	4229	0.56 (0.35, 0.88)	0.66 (0.49, 0.88)	0.65 (0.39, 1.08)	0.57 (0.36, 0.89)
Neurodegenerative disease	7105	1.02 (0.95, 1.09)	0.94 (0.90, 0.99)	0.95 (0.89, 1.02)	0.93 (0.87, 0.99)

\* Calculated per 25-percentile increment in four healthy eating scores (25 points for HEI-2015, 9 points for AMED, 18 points for HPDI, and 25 points for AHEI-2010).

Multivariable adjusted for age, calendar year, race and ethnicity (NHS: Hispanic, no-Hispanic Black, non-Hispanic White, or other; HPFS: Black, White, or other), marriage status (married, divorced/separate/single, widowed); living status (alone or not), family history of myocardial infarction (yes/no), family history of diabetes (yes/no), family history of cancer (yes/no), menopausal status (pre or postmenopausal (never, past or current menopausal hormone use), NHS only), multivitamin use(yes/no), aspirin use(yes/no), total energy intake (quintile), smoking status (never smoker, former smoker, current smoker: 1-14, 15-24 or  $\geq 25$  cigarettes/d), alcohol drinking (g/d: 0, 0.1-4.9, 5.0-14.9, 15.0-19.9, 20.0-29.9 and  $\geq 30$ ), and physical activity (quintile), history of hypertension (yes/no), history of hypercholesterolemia (yes/no), and body mass index (kg/m<sup>2</sup>: <21, 21-24.9, 25-29.9, 30-34.9,  $\geq 35$ ).

Abbreviations: AMED=Alternate Mediterranean Diet score; AHEI=Alternate Healthy Eating Index; HEI-2015=Healthy Eating Index-2015; HPDI=Healthful Plant-based Diet Index.

**eTable 17.** Hazard ratios for death from specific causes according to four healthy eating scores, applying a competing-risk regression model\*

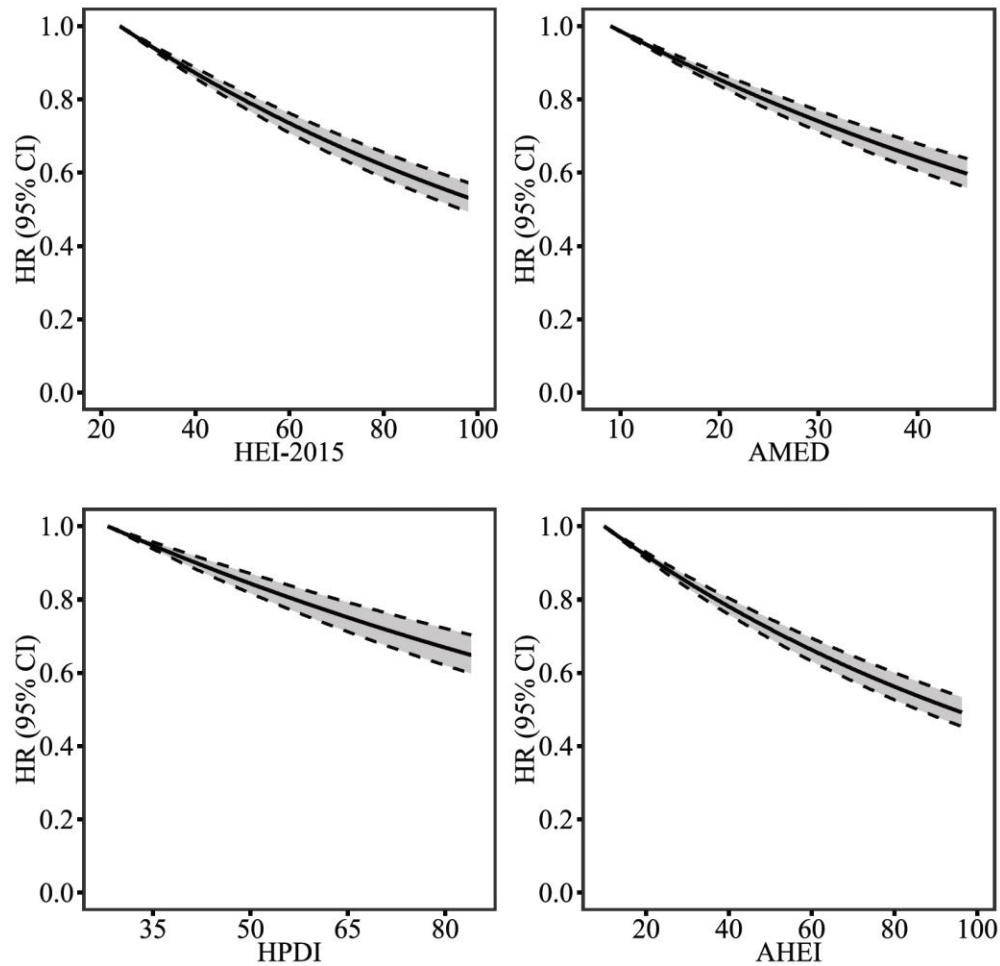
Cause of Death	Dietary scores				
	Cases	HEI2015	AMED	HPDI	AHEI
<b>Pooled</b>					
Cardiovascular disease	12 769	0.85 (0.81, 0.89)	0.90 (0.87, 0.93)	0.91 (0.86, 0.95)	0.84 (0.80, 0.87)
Cancer	14 443	0.85 (0.81, 0.89)	0.93 (0.90, 0.95)	0.92 (0.88, 0.97)	0.87 (0.83, 0.91)
Respiratory disease	4229	0.49 (0.45, 0.53)	0.65 (0.61, 0.68)	0.62 (0.57, 0.67)	0.52 (0.48, 0.56)
Neurodegenerative disease	7105	0.98 (0.92, 1.05)	0.97 (0.93, 1.02)	0.93 (0.87, 0.99)	0.92 (0.86, 0.98)
<b>NHS</b>					
Cardiovascular disease	6128	0.74 (0.69, 0.79)	0.82 (0.78, 0.86)	0.79 (0.74, 0.85)	0.72 (0.67, 0.77)
Cancer	8733	0.84 (0.79, 0.89)	0.93 (0.89, 0.97)	0.92 (0.87, 0.98)	0.85 (0.80, 0.90)
Respiratory disease	2491	0.40 (0.36, 0.45)	0.58 (0.54, 0.63)	0.50 (0.44, 0.56)	0.43 (0.39, 0.48)
Neurodegenerative disease	5004	0.98 (0.91, 1.06)	1.00 (0.94, 1.05)	0.92 (0.84, 1.00)	0.91 (0.84, 0.98)
<b>HPFS</b>					
Cardiovascular disease	6641	0.95 (0.89, 1.02)	0.96 (0.92, 1.00)	1.01 (0.95, 1.08)	0.94 (0.88, 1.00)
Cancer	5710	0.87 (0.81, 0.94)	0.93 (0.89, 0.97)	0.92 (0.86, 0.99)	0.89 (0.83, 0.95)
Respiratory disease	1738	0.63 (0.55, 0.71)	0.73 (0.67, 0.79)	0.80 (0.71, 0.91)	0.63 (0.56, 0.72)
Neurodegenerative disease	2101	0.97 (0.86, 1.09)	0.93 (0.86, 1.00)	0.95 (0.84, 1.07)	0.93 (0.84, 1.04)

\* Calculated per 25-percentile increment in four healthy eating scores (25 points for HEI-2015, 9 points for AMED, 18 points for HPDI, and 25 points for AHEI-2010).

Multivariable adjusted for age, calendar year, race and ethnicity (NHS: Hispanic, no-Hispanic Black, non-Hispanic White, or other; HPFS: Black, White, or other), marriage status (married, divorced/separate/single, widowed); living status (alone or not), family history of myocardial infarction (yes/no), family history of diabetes (yes/no), family history of cancer (yes/no), menopausal status (pre or postmenopausal (never, past or current menopausal hormone use), NHS only), multivitamin use(yes/no), aspirin use(yes/no), total energy intake (quintile), smoking status (never smoker, former smoker, current smoker: 1-14, 15-24 or ≥25 cigarettes/d), alcohol drinking (g/d: 0, 0.1-4.9, 5.0-14.9, 15.0-19.9, 20.0-29.9 and ≥30), and physical activity (quintile), history of hypertension (yes/no), history of hypercholesterolemia (yes/no), and body mass index (kg/m<sup>2</sup>: <21, 21-24.9, 25-29.9, 30-34.9, ≥35). We applied a competing-risk regression model for cause-specific mortality by including healthy eating score as an unconstrained exposure, allowing the effects of the healthy eating score to vary across cause-specific mortality.

Abbreviations: AMED=Alternate Mediterranean Diet score; AHEI=Alternate Healthy Eating Index; HEI-2015=Healthy Eating Index-2015; HPDI=Healthful Plant-based Diet Index; HPFS= Health Professionals Follow-Up Study; NHS= Nurses' Health Study.

**eFigure 1.** The associations between four healthy eating scores and all-cause mortality using the restricted cubic spline analysis



Data from two cohorts were pooled for the restricted cubic spline analysis. P for linearity for all four dietary scores <0.001; p for non-linearity = 0.001, <0.001, 0.04, and <0.001 for HEI-2015, AMED, HPDI, and AHEI, respectively. Model was adjusted for age, calendar year, cohort, race and ethnicity (NHS: Hispanic, no-Hispanic Black, non-Hispanic White, or other; HPFS: Black, White, or other), marriage status (married, divorced/separate/single, widowed); living status (alone or not), family history of myocardial infarction (yes/no), family history of diabetes (yes/no), family history of cancer (yes/no), menopausal status (pre or postmenopausal (never, past or current menopausal hormone use), NHS only), multivitamin use(yes/no), aspirin use(yes/no), total energy intake (quintile), smoking status (never smoker, former smoker, current smoker: 1-14, 15-24 or  $\geq 25$  cigarettes/d), alcohol drinking (g/d: 0, 0.1-4.9, 5.0-14.9, 15.0-19.9, 20.0-29.9 and  $\geq 30$ ), and physical activity (quintile), history of hypertension (yes/no), history of hypercholesterolemia (yes/no), and body mass index ( $\text{kg}/\text{m}^2$ : <21, 21-24.9, 25-29.9, 30-34.9,  $\geq 35$ ).

Abbreviations: AMED=Alternate Mediterranean Diet score; AHEI=Alternate Healthy Eating Index; HEI-2015=Healthy Eating Index-2015; HPDI=Healthful Plant-based Diet Index



## Reference

1. Reedy, J., et al., *Evaluation of the Healthy Eating Index-2015*. J Acad Nutr Diet, 2018. **118**(9): p. 1622-1633.
2. Trichopoulou, A., et al., *Adherence to a Mediterranean diet and survival in a Greek population*. N Engl J Med, 2003. **348**(26): p. 2599-608.
3. Satija, A., et al., *Healthful and Unhealthful Plant-Based Diets and the Risk of Coronary Heart Disease in U.S. Adults*. J Am Coll Cardiol, 2017. **70**(4): p. 411-422.
4. Chiuve, S.E., et al., *Alternative dietary indices both strongly predict risk of chronic disease*. J Nutr, 2012. **142**(6): p. 1009-18.