iScience, Volume 26

# **Supplemental information**

# Activation of long-non-coding RNA NEAT1

### sponging microRNA-147 inhibits radiation damage

## by targeting PDPK1 in troxerutin radioprotection

Yong-jian Hu, Gui-yuan Song, Fan Zhang, Nan Zhang, Fei Wang, Jing-long Wang, Xia Wang, Tao-yang Wang, Yu-feng Li, Yi-di Yan, Wen-tao Dou, Chen-yi Cheng, and Ping Xu

#### Supplementary data

S-Fig.1 Sequencing results of NEAT1 and sgRNAs of miR-147. Related to Fig. 1. A. Sequencing results of NEAT1(miR-147)-GV272 positive recombinant clone. B. Sequencing results of NEAT1(miR-147a)-GV272 positive recombinant clone. C. Sites of sgRNAs and primers in miR-147 gene.

S-Fig2. NEAT1 targets miR-147a and miR-147a can target PDPK1. Related to Fig. 1. A. miR-147a was predicted to be a target miRNA of NEAT1. B. The relative luciferase activity in 293T cells co-transfected with miR-147a and NEAT1-WT or NEAT1-MUT. C. The relative expression of miR-147a influenced by NEAT1 in L02 cells. U6 is the internal control. D. The target area of miR-147a on PDPK1 3'UTR. E. The relative luciferase activity in 293T cells co-transfected with miR-147a and PDPK1-3'UTR-WT or PDPK1-3'UT-MUT. F. The relative expression of PDPK1 mRNA and protein in L02 cells in Pre-miR group. G. After 293T cells were transfected with miR-147 overexpression plasmid for 48 hours, Act D 10  $\mu$ g/mL was added to each group to inhibit the synthesis of mRNA. After the RNA was extracted at the corresponding time point, the expression of PDPK1 mRNA at each time point was analyzed by RT-PCR, and the PCR amplified product was subjected to 3% agarose gel electrophoresis. n=3; luciferase activity. C, F, G, n=3; B, E, n=5. \* p < 0.01; NS: not significant. Data were shown as mean±SEM.

**S-Fig3. TRT up-regulated PDPK1 by targeting miR-147 in non-irradiated TC and V79 cells and pre-miR-/- mice. Related to Fig. 3. A**. The expression of miR-147 in the cells at the different time points after the radiation. At 1 h after the radiation, miR-147 increased significantly. **B.** The expression of PDPK1 mRNA in cells at different time points after the radiation. At 2 h after radiation, PDPK1 mRNA decreased significantly. **C**. The expression of PDPK1 protein in the cells at the different time points after the radiation. At 2 h after the radiation exposure, the expression of PDPK1 protein decreased significantly. **D**. The effect of TRT on miR-147 after miR-147 overexpression. Pre-miR was transfected after TRT treatment, after 48 h, and the total RNA was extracted. TRT significantly reduced the expression of miR-147. **E**. The

effect of TRT on PDPK1 mRNA after miR-147 overexpression. Pre-miR was transfected with TRT treatment, after 48 h, total RNA was extracted. TRT significantly increased the expression of PDPK1 mRNA, compared with pre-miR transfected alone. **F**. The effect of TRT on PDPK1 protein after miR-147 overexpression. Pre-miR was transfected with TRT treatment, after 48 h, and the total protein was extracted. TRT significantly increased the expression of PDPK1 protein, compared with pre-miR transfected alone. TRT significantly increased the expression of PDPK1 protein, compared with pre-miR transfected alone. TRT significantly increased the expression of PDPK1 protein, compared with pre-miR transfected alone. TRT significantly increased the expression of PDPK1 protein, compared with pre-miR transfected alone.

S-Fig.4 TRT down-regulated miR-147 level in irradiated cells. Related to Fig. 3. A-C. Effect of TRT on the expression of miR-147 after the transfection of pre-miR and radiation injury. D-F. Effect of TRT on the expression of miR-147 after transfection of miR-inh and radiation injury. n=3. \* p < 0.01; NS: not significant. Data were shown as mean $\pm$ SEM.

S-Fig. 5 TRT up-regulated PDPK1 levels by targeting miR-147 to activate AKT in irradiated TC and V79 cells. Related to Fig. 3. A. Effect of TRT on the expression of PDPK1 mRNA after the transfection of pre-miR and radiation injury. B. Effect of TRT on the expression of PDPK1 protein after transfection of pre-miR and the radiation injury. C. Effect of TRT on the expression of p-AKT protein after the transfection of pre-miR and the radiation of pre-miR and the radiation injury. D. Effect of TRT on the expression of PDPK1 mRNA after transfection of miR-inh and the radiation injury. E. Effect of TRT on the expression of PDPK1 mRNA after transfection of miR-inh and the radiation injury. F. Effect of TRT on the expression of p-AKT protein after transfection injury. F. Effect of TRT on the expression of p-AKT protein after transfection of miR-inh and the radiation injury. F. Effect of TRT on the expression of p-AKT protein after transfection of miR-inh and the radiation injury. F. Effect of TRT on the expression of p-AKT protein after transfection of miR-inh and the radiation injury. F. Effect of TRT on the expression of p-AKT protein after transfection of miR-inh and the radiation injury. F.

S-Fig.6 Effect of TRT on the apoptosis of the liver, thymus and lung after the radiation injury in pre-miR-/- mice. Related to Fig. 3. Scale bar, 10 μm.

S-Fig.7 TRT up-regulated p-AKT expression by targeting PDPK1 in radioprotection in TC and V79 cells. Related to Fig. 4. A. The effect of TRT on PDPK1 mRNA after knockdown of PDPK1 mRNA in non-irradiated cells. PDPK1 shRNA was transfected, and after 46 h, TRT was added, followed by incubation for

another 2 h, after which the total RNA was extracted. **B**. The effect of TRT on PDPK1 protein after the knockdown of PDPK1 mRNA in non-irradiated cells. **C**. The effect of TRT on AKT protein after the knockdown of PDPK1 mRNA in non-irradiated cells. **D**. The effect of TRT on PDPK1 protein after knockdown of PDPK1 mRNA in irradiated cells. **E**. The effect of TRT on p-AKT protein after knockdown of PDPK1 mRNA in irradiated cells. **F**. The effect of TRT on PDPK1 protein after knockdown of PDPK1 mRNA in irradiated cells. **F**. The effect of TRT on PDPK1 protein after knockdown of PDPK1 mRNA in irradiated cells. **G**. The effect of TRT on p-AKT protein after knockdown of PDPK1 mRNA in irradiated cells. **G**. The effect of TRT on p-AKT protein after knockdown of PDPK1 mRNA in irradiated TC cells. **H**. The effect of TRT on the expression of p-AKT protein after the knockdown of PDPK1 mRNA in irradiated V79 cells. n=3. \* p < 0.01; NS: not significant. Data were shown as mean±SEM.

S-Fig. 8 TRT down-regulated p-JNK expression by targeting AKT during the radioprotection in cells. Related to Fig. 6. A. The effect of TRT on p-JNK protein after the knockdown of AKT1 mRNA in irradiated L02 cells. B. The effect of TRT on p-JNK protein after knockdown of AKT1 mRNA in irradiated MTEC-1 cells (cells purified from TC). C. The effect of TRT on p-JNK protein after knockdown of AKT1 mRNA in irradiated V79 cells. D. The effect of TRT on p-JNK protein after overexpression of AKT1 mRNA in irradiated L02 cells. E. The impactof TRT on p-JNK protein after overexpression of AKT1 mRNA in irradiated MTEC-1 cells (cells purified from TC). F. The effect of TRT on p-JNK protein after overexpression of AKT1 mRNA in irradiated MTEC-1 cells (cells purified from TC). F. The effect of TRT on p-JNK protein after overexpression of AKT1 mRNA in irradiated V79 cells. n=3. \* p < 0.01; NS: not significant. Data were shown as mean $\pm$ SEM.

**S-Fig. 9 TRT up-regulated PDPK1 levels by targeting NEAT1 in L02 cells after the radiation exposure. Related to Fig. 5. A**. The relative expression of PDPK1 mRNA decreased in miR-147 group, compared with NC, but increased in miR-147 + NEAT1 group, compared with miR-147 + NC. **B**. The relative expression of PDPK1 protein decreased in miR-147 group compared with NC, but increased in miR-147 + NEAT1 group, compared with miR-147 + NC. **C**. Effect of TRT on the expression of PDPK1 mRNA after transfection of NEAT1 and radiation injury. **D**. Impact of TRT on the expression of PDPK1 protein after the transfection of NEAT1 and the radiation injury. n=3. \* p < 0.01; NS: not significant. Data were shown as mean $\pm$ SEM.

S-Fig.10 TRT up-regulated PDPK1 levels by targeting miR-147 during the radioprotection in the mice (A-D: thymus; E: liver). Related to Fig. 6. A. The expression of PDPK1 protein at the different time points in the liver after the radiation. B. Effect of TRT on the expression of NEAT1 expression after the radiation in pre-miR -/- mice. C. Effect of TRT on the expression of PDPK1, p-AKT and p-JNK proteins after radiation in pre-miR -/- mice. D. Effect of TRT on histopathological changes in the thymus after the radiation in pre-miR -/- mice treated with TRT. Scale bar, 100  $\mu$ m. E. The effect of TRT on NEAT1 in the cytoplasm and nucleus in pre-miR -/- mice co-treated with TRT and 6 Gy. n=8. \* p < 0.01; NS: not significant. Data were shown as mean ± SEM.

S-Fig.11 Mechanism of TRT intervention on radiation injury by modulating NEAT1/miR-147/PDPK1 axis. Related to conclusions. Related to Fig. 6.



The yellow part is sgRNAs; the highlighted red part is the primer, and the amplified fragment is 435 bp; wine red is the precursor of miR-147.

S-fig.1



S-fig.2



S-fig. 3



S-fig.4



S-fig.5



WT

Pre-miR -/-

S-fig.6



S-fig.7



S-fig.8





S-fig.9



S-fig.10



S-fig.11