

## ELECTRONIC SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

**Artificial intelligence for differentiating COVID-19 from other viral pneumonias on CT: comparative analysis of different models based on quantitative and radiomic approaches**

	All Data COVID				All Data non-COVID				
	Age (years)		Sex n		Age (years)		Sex n		
Demographic Data	25th percentile	55	M	458	25th percentile	54	F	148	
	Median	67	F	189	Median	66	M	236	
	75th percentile	78	F/M	41%	75th percentile	74	F/M	63%	
	IQR	23		647	IQR	20		384	
Siemens	Scanner model	n	Kernel	n	Scanner model	n	Kernel	n	
	Definition	273	B30f	1	Definition	133	B30f	0	
	Sensation64	63	B31f	3	Sensation64	217	B31f	0	
	DefinitionEdge	311	BI57-1	287	DefinitionEdge	5	BI57-1	2	
			BI57-3	24			BI57-3	3	
			B70f	332			B70f	349	
	Tot Siemens:	647	B80f	0	Tot Siemens:	355	B80f	1	
Philips	Brilliance64	0	D	0	Brilliance64	29	D	1	
			L	0			L	1	
			YA	0			YA	0	
			YB	0			YB	21	
			YC	0			YC	6	
	Tot Philips:	0			Tot Philips:	29			
kV <sub>p</sub> and slice thickness	kV <sub>p</sub>		n	SI Thk (mm)	n	kV <sub>p</sub>	n	SI Thk (mm)	n
	80	1		1	44	80	10	1	102
	100	125		3	603	100	93	3	279
	120	446	Other	0		120	270	Other	3
	140	75				140	11		

**Table S1** Demographic data of patients, scanner models and acquisition parameters of all CT used in this work.

	Training Set COVID				Training Set non-COVID			
	Age (years)		Sex	n	Age (years)		Sex	n
Demographic Data	25th percentile	55	M	347	25th percentile	53.5	M	188
	Median	67	F	149	Median	65	F	127
	75th percentile	78	F/M	43%	75th percentile	74	F/M	68%
	IQR	23	n:	496	IQR	20.5	n:	315
Siemens								
	model	Kernel	n	model	Kernel	n		
	Definition	B30f	1	Definition	B30f	0		
	Sensation64	B31f	3	Sensation64	B31f	0		
	DefinitionEdge	BI57-1	254	DefinitionEdge	BI57-1	0		
		BI57-3	1		BI57-3	0		
		B70f	237		B70f	285		
	<b>Tot Siemens 496</b>	B80f	0	<b>Tot Siemens 286</b>	B80f	1		
	Brilliance64	D	0	Brilliance64	D	1		
Philips		L	0		L	1		
		YA	0		YA	0		
		YB	0		YB	21		
	<b>Tot Philips 0</b>	YC	0	<b>Tot Philips 29</b>	YC	6		
kV <sub>p</sub> and slice thickness	kV <sub>p</sub>	SI Thk (mm)	n	kV <sub>p</sub>	SI Thk (mm)	n		
	80	0	1	80	8	1	89	
	100	99	3	100	82	3	224	
	120	340	Other	120	216	Other	2	
	140	57		140	9			

**Table S2** Demographic data of patients, scanner models and acquisition parameters of CT used for the training set.

	IVS COVID				IVS nonCOVID				
	Age (years)		Sex n		Age (years)		Sex n		
Demographic Data	25th percentile	58	M	111	25th percentile	60	M	48	
	Median	67	F	40	Median	68	F	21	
	75th percentile	79	F/M	36%	75th percentile	75	F/M	44%	
	IQR	20		151	IQR	15		69	
Siemens	model		Kernel	n	model		Kernel	n	
	Definition	76	B30f	0	Definition	21	B30f	0	
	Sensation64	19	B31f	0	Sensation64	43	B31f	0	
	DefinitionEdge	56	BI57-1	33	DefinitionEdge	5	BI57-1	2	
			BI57-3	23			BI57-3	3	
			B70f	95			B70f	64	
	Tot Siemens 151		B80f	0	Tot Siemens 69		B80f	0	
Philips	Brilliance64	0	D	0	Brilliance64	0	D	0	
			L	0			L	0	
			YA	0			YA	0	
			YB	0			YB	0	
			YC	0			YC	0	
	Tot Philips 0		Tot Philips 0						
kV <sub>p</sub> and slice thickness	kVp n		SI Thk (mm) n		kVp		SI Thk (mm) n		
	80	1	1	27	80	2	1	13	
	100	26	3	124	100	11	3	55	
	120	106	Other	0	120	54	Other	1	
	140	18			140	2			

**Table S3** Demographic data of patients, scanner models and acquisition parameters of CT used for the independent validation set (IVS).

Quantitative Metrics (QM)	Number of QM
Mean HU, p25 <sup>th</sup> , p50 <sup>th</sup> , p75 <sup>th</sup> , p90 <sup>th</sup> , Standard Deviation, Skewness, Kurtosis, mu.fit, sigma.fit WAVE.fit, WAVE.th, Mean HU ill, Standard Deviation ill, p25 <sup>th</sup> ill, p50 <sup>th</sup> ill, p75 <sup>th</sup> ill, p90 <sup>th</sup> ill, Skewness ill, Kurtosis ill	20

**Table S4** List and number of Quantitative Metrics extracted using gaussian model applied both on bilateral lungs and 4 geometrical subdivisions.

Model	Relevant features	Number of relevant features
Model 1	Patient Age, Patient Sex, 10 percentile, Interquartile Range, Minimum, Range, Skewness, Total Energy, Uniformity, Variance	10
Model 2	Patient Age, Patient Sex, Skewness BL, p75 <sup>th</sup> BL, Standard Deviation ill BL, Skewness ill BL, Kurtosis LF, p75 <sup>th</sup> LF, Standard Deviation ill LF, p50 <sup>th</sup> ill LF, p75 <sup>th</sup> ill LF, p75 <sup>th</sup> UF, p90 <sup>th</sup> ill UF, skewness ill UF, Kurtosis LD, p90 <sup>th</sup> LD, Standard Deviation ill LD, skewness ill LD, Kurtosis ill LD, p50 <sup>th</sup> UD, Skewness UD, Kurtosis UD, p90 <sup>th</sup> UD, Standard Deviation ill UD, Upper/Lower, Front/Dorsal	26
Model 3	Patient Age, Patient Sex, 10 Percentile, Minimum, Range, Skewness, Variance, Difference Variance, Joint Entropy, Imc2 25, Inverse variance 25, Cluster Prominence 50, Cluster Shade 50, Gray Level Non Uniformity 25, Gray Level Non Uniformity Normalized 25, Low Gray Level Zone Emphasis 25, Zone Percentage 25, Large Area High Gray Level Emphasis 100, Size Zone Non Uniformity Normalized 100, Small Area Low Gray Level Emphasis 100, Zone Percentage 100, Large Area High Gray Level Emphasis 200, Small Area High Gray Level Emphasis 200, Zone Percentage 200	24
Model 4	Patient Age, Patient Sex, Standard Deviation ill BL, Skewness ill BL, Kurtosis LF, p90 <sup>th</sup> UF, Standard Deviation ill LF, Kurtosis UF, p90 <sup>th</sup> ill UF, Skewness LD, p75 <sup>th</sup> ill LD, Skewness ill LD, Kurtosis ill LD, Skewness UD, Kurtosis ill UD, Front/Dorsal, Minimum, Joint Entropy, Maximum Probability 5, Cluster Shade 25, Imc2 25, Inverse Variance 25, Cluster Shade 50, Imc 2 50, Gray Level Non Uniformity 25, Gray Level Non Uniformity Normalized 25, Low Gray Level Zone Emphasis 25, Large Area High Gray Level Emphasis 100, Small Area Low Gray Level Emphasis 100, Size Zone Non-Uniformity 200, Small Area High Gray Level Emphasis 200, Zone Percentage 200	32

**Table S5** Number and typology of relevant features both of first order (RF1) and second order (RF2: GLCM and GLSZM) for each model after LASSO regression. Legend: UF = Upper Front, UD = Upper Dorsal, LF = Lower Front, LD = Lower Dorsal.

The radiomic quality score (RQS) was calculated using the platform available at <https://www.radiomics.world/rqs>. In this work RQS=14 was calculated.