

## Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our [Editorial Policies](#) and the [Editorial Policy Checklist](#).

### Statistics

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.

- | n/a                                 | Confirmed  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The exact sample size ( $n$ ) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement  |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly  |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided<br><i>Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.</i>   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> A description of all covariates tested  |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons  |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals) |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. $F$ , $t$ , $r$ ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and $P$ value noted<br><i>Give <math>P</math> values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>                            |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's $d$ , Pearson's $r$ ), indicating how they were calculated  |

*Our web collection on [statistics for biologists](#) contains articles on many of the points above.*

### Software and code

Policy information about [availability of computer code](#)

Data collection

Data analysis

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio [guidelines for submitting code & software](#) for further information.

### Data

Policy information about [availability of data](#)

All manuscripts must include a [data availability statement](#). This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our [policy](#)

## Human research participants

Policy information about [studies involving human research participants and Sex and Gender in Research](#).

Reporting on sex and gender	n/a
Population characteristics	ALK-rearranged tumor specimens were obtained from 26 patients with NSCLC at University Hospital, Kyoto Prefectural University of Medicine (Kyoto, Japan), Japanese Red Cross Kyoto Daiichi Hospital (Kyoto, Japan), and Japanese Red Cross Kyoto Daini Hospital (Kyoto, Japan) prior to treatment with alectinib.
Recruitment	All patients were participants in Institutional Review Board of each Hospitals –approved studies.
Ethics oversight	All patients were participants in Institutional Review Board of each Hospital –approved studies and all provided written informed consent.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

## Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

Life sciences  Behavioural & social sciences  Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see [nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf](https://www.nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf)

## Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size	This research mainly targets for experimental research.
Data exclusions	No data were excluded from the analysis.
Replication	For in vitro experiments, each experiment was independently performed at least twice.
Randomization	In mice experiments, the mice were transferred to the animal facility at Kyoto Prefectural University of Medicine and randomized once their mean tumor volume reached the each indicated volume.
Blinding	Blinding was not performed in this study.

## Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimental systems		Methods	
n/a	Involved in the study	n/a	Involved in the study
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Antibodies	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> ChIP-seq
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Eukaryotic cell lines	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Flow cytometry
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Palaeontology and archaeology	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> MRI-based neuroimaging
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Animals and other organisms		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Clinical data		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Dual use research of concern		

## Antibodies

Antibodies used	p-EGFR (Tyr1068), p-AKT (Ser473), t-AKT, p-ERK1/2 (Thr202/Tyr204), t-ERK1/2, p-c-Jun (Ser63), c-Jun (60A8), p-SAPK/JNK (Thr183/Tyr185), JNK, $\beta$ -actin, DUSP4, DUSP6, p-ALK (Tyr1604), ALK, BIM, BAX, Bcl-xL, Bcl-2, Mcl-1, GAPDH (Cell Signaling Technology) t-EGFR (R&D systems)
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## Validation

All antibodies are commercially available and have been validated by the manufacturer.

## Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about [cell lines and Sex and Gender in Research](#)

## Cell line source(s)

A925L (EML4–ALK variant 5a, E2: A20) was established from a surgical specimen of the EML4–ALK-positive NSCLC patient kindly provided by Fumihito Tanaka of the Second Department of Surgery, University of Occupational and Environmental Health, Japan. H2228 (EML4–ALK variant 3a/b E6; A20) and CCL-1851G™ (A549 EML4-ALK+) cells were purchased from the American Type Culture Collection (Manassas, VA, USA). The H3122 human lung adenocarcinoma cell line, with EML4–ALK fusion protein variant 1 (E13; A20), was kindly provided by Dr. Jeffrey A. Engelman of the Massachusetts General Hospital Cancer Center (Boston, MA, USA). The KTOR1 and KTOR1-RE cells with EML4–ALK fusion protein variant 1 were established from patients with ALK-rearranged NSCLC who regularly visited the Kyoto University Hospital. The EML4-ALK-positive NSCLC patient-derived cell line JFCR-278 was established from the EML4-ALK-positive NSCLC patient in Hospital of Japanese Foundation for Cancer Research, Japan

## Authentication

Cell lines were authenticated by DNA fingerprinting.

## Mycoplasma contamination

Cells were regularly screened for mycoplasma using a MycoAlert Mycoplasma Detection Kit.

Commonly misidentified lines  
(See [ICLAC](#) register)

Commonly misidentified lines were not used in the study.

## Animals and other research organisms

Policy information about [studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines](#) recommended for reporting animal research, and [Sex and Gender in Research](#)

## Laboratory animals

Five-week-old male C.B-17/lcr-scid/scidJcl mice with severe combined immunodeficiency were obtained from Clea Japan (Tokyo, Japan).

## Wild animals

n/a

## Reporting on sex

Data are no relevant to the sex of mice used in this study.

## Field-collected samples

n/a

## Ethics oversight

Mouse experimental protocols were approved by the institutional review board of Kyoto Prefectural University of Medicine (Kyoto, Japan; approval no. M29-529).

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.