

**Molecular response patterns in relapsed/refractory AML patients treated with selinexor and chemotherapy**

**Supplementary information**

**Supplementary Tables**

**Supplementary Table S1. Genes included in our custom myeloid panel.**

<b>Gene</b>	<b>Exons</b>	<b>Gene</b>	<b>Exons</b>	<b>Gene</b>	<b>Exons</b>
<i>ASXL1</i>	12	<i>GATA2</i>	2-6	<i>RUNX1</i>	complete
<i>ASXL2</i>	11+12	<i>IDH1</i>	4	<i>SETBP1</i>	4
<i>BCOR</i>	complete	<i>IDH2</i>	4	<i>SF3B1</i>	13-16
<i>BCORL1</i>	complete	<i>JAK2</i>	12, 14	<i>SMC1A</i>	2, 11, 16, 17
<i>BRAF</i>	Exon15	<i>KDM6A</i>	complete	<i>SMC3</i>	10, 13, 19, 23, 25, 28
<i>CALR</i>	9	<i>KIT</i>	2, 8-11, 13, 17	<i>SRSF2</i>	1
<i>CBL</i>	8, 9	<i>KRAS</i>	2-5	<i>STAG1</i>	complete
<i>CEBPA</i>	complete	<i>MPL</i>	10	<i>STAG2</i>	complete
<i>CSF3R</i>	14-17	<i>MYC</i>	2	<i>TET2</i>	3-11
<i>CSNK1A1</i>	3, 4	<i>NF1</i>	complete	<i>TP53</i>	2-11
<i>DDX41</i>	complete	<i>NPM1</i>	12	<i>U2AF1</i>	2, 6
<i>DNMT3A</i>	complete	<i>NRAS</i>	2-5	<i>WT1</i>	7, 9
<i>ETNK1</i>	3	<i>PHF6</i>	complete	<i>ZBTB7A</i>	2, 3
<i>ETV6</i>	complete	<i>PPM1D</i>	1-6	<i>ZRSR2</i>	complete
<i>EZH2</i>	complete	<i>PTPN11</i>	3, 13		
<i>FLT3</i>	14-16, 20	<i>RAD21</i>	complete		

**Supplementary Table S2. Primer sequences used for NGS MRD analysis.**

Primer name	Primer sequence
SF3B1_NGS_64 8F	GGTAAACACAAGGGCACTGGNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNGCA TTCCTTCTTTATTGCCCTTC
SF3B1_NGS_64 8R	CGGACTACAGCTCCCATCATNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNACTT CTAAGATGTGGCAAGATGG
SRSF2_NGS_6 9_120LF	GGTAAACACAAGGGCACTGGNNNNNNNNTGAGGACGCTA TGGATGCC
SRSF2_NGS_6 9_120LR	CGGACTACAGCTCCCATCATNNNNNNNNNcctcagccccgtttacC TG

**Supplementary Table S3. Comparison of patient demographics and baseline characteristics of included and excluded patients.**

Characteristic	Included patients (n=15)	Excluded patients (n=27)	P
Age			<b>0.019</b>
Median (years)	49.1	59.6	
Range (years)	29-72	35-78	
Sex			0.78
Male - no. (%)	9 (60)	15 (56)	
Female - no. (%)	6 (40)	12 (44)	
ECOG performance status at diagnosis			0.48
0 - no. (%)	10 (66)	4 (15)	
1 - no. (%)	3 (20)	0 (0)	
2 - no. (%)	1 (7)	0 (0)	
Missing data - no. (%)	1 (7)	23 (85)	
ECOG performance status			0.49
0 - no. (%)	6 (40)	8 (30)	
1 - no. (%)	5 (33)	12 (44)	
2 - no. (%)	1 (7)	1 (4)	
3 - no. (%)	1 (7)	0 (0)	
Missing data - no. (%)	2 (13)	6 (22)	
Type of AML			0.37
De novo - no. (%)	11 (73)	19 (70)	

Secondary* - no. (%)	4 (27)	5 (19)	
Therapy-related -no. (%)	0 (0)	3 (11)	
Cytogenetic risk group			0.874
Favorable/intermediate – no. (%)	9 (60)	16 (59)	
Adverse – no. (%)	4 (27)	8 (30)	
missing data - no. (%)	2 (13)	3 (11)	
ELN at SAIL screening (9)			0.571
Favorable/intermediate – no. (%)	5 (33)	3 (11)	
Unfavorable – no. (%)	7 (47)	7 (26)	
Missing data – no. (%)	3 (20)	17 (63)	
WBC count			0.38
Median - (x10 <sup>9</sup> /l)	4.17	8.53	
Range - (x10 <sup>9</sup> /l)	0.6-12.9	0.4-85.0	
Hemoglobin			0.075
Median – g/dL	9.21	10.22	
Range – g/dL	7.1-12.5	8.3-13.4	
Platelet count			<b>0.027</b>
Median - (x10 <sup>9</sup> /l)	46.64	101.38	
Range - (x10 <sup>9</sup> /l)	10-98	3-346	
Prior HCT			0.307
Yes – no. (%)	8 (53)	10 (37)	
No – no. (%)	7 (47)	17 (63)	
aGVHD in patients receiving an allograft or DLIs (n=12; n=7)			0.4
Yes – no. (%)	8 (73)	2 (7)	
No – no. (%)	3 (27)	0 (0)	
Missing data - no. (%)	0 (0)	25 (93)	
cGVHD in transplanted receiving an allograft or DLIs (n=12; n=7)			0.4
Yes – no. (%)	3 (20)	0 (0)	
No – no. (%)	8 (53)	2 (7)	
Missing data - no. (%)	4 (27)	25 (93)	
Treatment after SAIL			0.011

Yes – no. (%)	15 (100)	9 (33)	
No – no. (%)	0 (0)	5 (19)	
Missing data - no. (%)	0 (0)	13 (48)	
Type of treatment after SAIL			0.077
alloHCT- no. (%)**	9 (60)	7 (26)	
DLI - no. (%)	3 (20)	2 (7)	
Intensive Chemotherapy - no. (%)	2 (13)	0 (0)	
Non-intensive chemotherapy - no. (%)	1 (7)	0 (0)	
No treatment - no. (%)	0 (0)	5 (19)	
Missing data - no. (%)	0 (0)	13 (48)	

Abbreviations: ECOG, performance status of the Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group; ELN, European LeukemiaNet; WBC, white blood cell count; HCT, hematopoietic stem cell transplantation; alloHCT, allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplantation; aGvHD, acute graft-versus-host disease; cGvHD, chronic graft-versus-host disease; DLI, donor lymphocyte infusion; P, P-value from two-sided chi-squared tests for categorical variables and from two-sided Student's T or Kolmogorov-Smirnov tests for continuous variables.

\* secondary AML developing after an antecedent hematologic disorder;

\*\* three patients received a second alloHCT.

**Supplementary Table S4. Patient demographics and baseline characteristics (n=15).**

Characteristic	Included patients (n=15)
Age	
Median (years)	49.1
Range (years)	29-72
Sex	
Male - no. (%)	9 (60)
Female - no. (%)	6 (40)
ECOG performance status at diagnosis	
0 - no. (%)	10 (66)
1 - no. (%)	3 (20)
2 - no. (%)	1 (7)
Missing data - no. (%)	1 (7)
ECOG performance status	
0 - no. (%)	6 (40)
1 - no. (%)	5 (33)
2 - no. (%)	1 (7)
3 - no. (%)	1 (7)
Missing data - no. (%)	2 (13)
Type of AML	
De novo - no. (%)	11 (73)
Secondary* - no. (%)	4 (27)
Therapy-related -no. (%)	0 (0)
Cytogenetic risk group	
Favorable/intermediate – no. (%)	9 (60)
Adverse – no. (%)	4 (27)
missing data - no. (%)	2 (13)
ELN at SAIL screening (9)	
Favorable/intermediate – no. (%)	5 (33)
Unfavorable – no. (%)	7 (47)
Missing data – no. (%)	3 (20)
WBC count	
Median - (x10 <sup>9</sup> /l)	4.17
Range - (x10 <sup>9</sup> /l)	0.6-12.9
Hemoglobin	
Median – g/dL	9.21
Range – g/dL	7.1-12.5

Platelet count	
Median - (x10 <sup>9</sup> /l)	46.64
Range - (x10 <sup>9</sup> /l)	10-98
Prior HCT	
Yes – no. (%)	8 (53)
No – no. (%)	7 (47)
aGvHD in patients receiving an allograft or DLIs (n=12)	
Yes – no. (%)	8 (73)
No – no. (%)	3 (27)
cGvHD in transplanted receiving an allograft or DLIs (n=12)	
Yes – no. (%)	3 (27)
No – no. (%)	8 (73)
Treatment after SAIL	
Yes – no. (%)	15 (100)
No – no. (%)	0 (0)
Type of treatment after SAIL	
alloHCT- no. (%)	9 (60)
DLI - no. (%)	3 (20)
Intensive chemotherapy - no. (%)	2 (13)
Non-intensive chemotherapy - no. (%)	1 (7)
No treatment - no. (%)	0 (0)
Missing data - no. (%)	0 (0)

Abbreviations: ECOG, performance status of the Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group; ELN, European LeukemiaNet; WBC, white blood cell count; HCT, hematopoietic stem cell transplantation; alloHCT, allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplantation; aGvHD, acute graft-versus-host disease; cGvHD, chronic graft-versus-host disease; DLI, donor lymphocyte infusion; P, P-value from two-sided chi-squared tests for categorical variables and from two-sided Student's T or Kolmogorov-Smirnov tests for continuous variables.

\* secondary AML developing after an antecedent hematologic disorder;

\*\* three patients received a second alloHCT.

**Supplementary Table S5. Comparison of clinical characteristics between CR/CRi (n=7) and all other patients (n=8).**

Characteristic	All (n=15)	CR/CRi after induction chemotherapy n=7	All others (MLFS, SD, PR, PD, after induction) n=8	P
Age				0.586
Median (years)	49.1	46.7	51.3	
Range (years)	29-72	34-72	29-69	
Sex				0.398
Male - no. (%)	9 (60)	5 (71)	4 (50)	
Female - no. (%)	6 (40)	2 (29)	4 (50)	
ECOG performance status at diagnosis				0.061
0 - no. (%)	10 (66)	7 (100)	3 (38)	
1 - no. (%)	3 (20)	0 (0)	3 (38)	
2 - no. (%)	1 (7)	0 (0)	1 (13)	
Missing data - no. (%)	1 (7)	0 (0)	1 (13)	
ECOG performance status				0.545
0 - no. (%)	6 (40)	3 (43)	3 (38)	
1 - no. (%)	5 (33)	2 (29)	3 (38)	
2 - no. (%)	1 (7)	0 (0)	1 (13)	
3 - no. (%)	1 (7)	1 (14)	0 (0)	
Missing data - no. (%)	2 (13)	1 (14)	1 (13)	
Type of AML				0.31
De novo - no. (%)	11 (73)	6 (86)	5 (62)	
Secondary* - no. (%)	4 (27)	1 (14)	3 (38)	
Therapy-induced -no. (%)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	
Cytogenetic risk group				0.853
Favorable/intermediate – no. (%)	9 (60)	5 (71)	4 (50)	
Adverse – no. (%)	4 (27)	2 (29)	2 (25)	
Missing data - no. (%)	2 (13)	0 (0)	2 (25)	
ELN at SAIL screening (9)				0.079
Favorable/intermediate – no. (%)	5 (33)	4 (50)	1 (12)	

Unfavorable – no. (%)	7 (47)	2 (25)	5 (63)	
Missing data – no. (%)	3 (20)	2 (25)	2 (25)	
WBC count				0.54
Median - (x10 <sup>9</sup> /l)	4.17	3.43	4.91	
Range - (x10 <sup>9</sup> /l)	0.6-12.9	0.6-12.6	0.7-12.9	
Hemoglobin				0.664
Median – g/dL	9.21	9.41	9.01	
Range – g/dL	7.1-12.5	7.1-12.5	7.3-11.0	
Platelet count				0.443
Median - (x10 <sup>9</sup> /l)	46.64	52.71	40.57	
Range - (x10 <sup>9</sup> /l)	10-98	15-98	10-86	
Prior HCT				0.782
Yes – no. (%)	8 (53)	4 (57)	4 (50)	
No – no. (%)	7 (47)	3 (43)	4 (50)	
AlloHCT after SAIL				0.833
Yes – no. (%)	9 (60)	4 (57)	5 (63)	
No – no. (%)	6 (40)	3 (43)	3 (37)	
aGVHD in patients receiving an allograft or DLIs (n=12)				0.387
Yes – no. (%)	8 (73)	5 (83)	3 (60)	
No – no. (%)	3 (27)	1 (17)	2 (40)	
cGVHD in transplanted receiving an allograft or DLIs (n=12)				0.621
Yes – no. (%)	3 (27)	2 (33)	1 (20)	
No – no. (%)	8 (73)	4 (67)	4 (80)	
Treatment after SAIL				n.a.
Yes – no. (%)	15 (100)	7 (100)	8 (100)	
No – no. (%)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	
Type of treatment after SAIL				0.335
AlloHCT- no. (%)	9 (60)	4 (57)	5 (62)	
DLI - no. (%)	3 (20)	2 (29)	1 (12)	
Intensive chemotherapy - no. (%)	2 (13)	0 (0)	2 (26)	
Non-intensive chemotherapy - no. (%)	1 (7)	1 (14)	0 (0)	
No treatment - no. (%)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	



Abbreviations: CR, complete remission; CRi, complete remission with incomplete hematologic recovery; MLFS, morphologic leukemia-free state; SD, stable disease; PR, partial remission; PD, progressive disease; ECOG, performance status of the Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group; ELN, European LeukemiaNet; WBC, white blood cell count; HCT, hematopoietic stem cell transplantation; alloHCT, allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplantation; aGvHD, acute graft-versus-host disease; cGvHD, chronic graft-versus-host disease; DLI, donor lymphocyte infusion; P, P-value from two-sided chi-squared tests for categorical variables and from two-sided Student's T or Kolmogorov-Smirnov tests for continuous variables.

\* secondary AML developing after an antecedent hematologic disorder;

**Supplementary Table S6. Comparison of molecular characteristics between CR/CRi (n=8) and all other patients (n=10).**

Mutation class	Mutated gene	All (n=15)	CR/Cri after induction n=7	All others (SD, PR, PD, MLFS, after induction) n=8	P
Epigenetic modifiers	<i>ASXL1</i>				0.605
	Mutated – no. (%)	3 (20)	1 (33)	2 (67)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	12 (80)	6 (50)	6 (50)	
	<i>ASXL2</i>				0.038
	Mutated – no. (%)	3 (20)	3 (100)	0 (0)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	12 (80)	4 (33)	8 (67)	
	<i>DNMT3A</i>				0.605
	Mutated – no. (%)	3 (20)	1 (33)	2 (67)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	12 (80)	6 (50)	6 (50)	
	<i>IDH2</i>				0.333
	Mutated – no. (%)	1 (7)	0 (0)	1 (100)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	14 (93)	7 (50)	7 (50)	
	<i>KDM6A</i>				0.333
	Mutated – no. (%)	1 (7)	0 (0)	1 (100)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	14 (93)	7 (50)	7 (50)	
	<i>TET2</i>				0.605

	Mutated – no. (%)	3 (20)	1 (33)	2 (67)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	12 (80)	6 (50)	6 (50)	
<b>Nucleo- phosmin</b>	<i>NPM1</i> – no. (%)				0.919
	Mutated – no. (%)	2 (13)	1 (50)	1 (50)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	13 (87)	6 (46)	7 (54)	
<b>Cohesin complex</b>	<i>RAD21</i>				n.a.
	Mutated – no. (%)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	15 (100)	7 (100)	8 (100)	
	<i>SMC1A</i>				0.333
	Mutated – no. (%)	1 (7)	0 (0)	1 (100)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	14 (93)	7 (50)	7 (50)	
<b>Signal transduction</b>	<i>CBL</i>				0.333
	Mutated – no. (%)	1 (7)	0 (0)	1 (100)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	14 (93)	7 (50)	7 (50)	
	<i>FLT3</i> – no. (%)				0.104
	Mutated – no. (%)	2 (13)	2 (100)	0 (0)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	13 (87)	5 (38)	8 (62)	
	<i>KRAS</i>				0.333
	Mutated – no. (%)	1 (7)	0 (0)	1 (100)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	14 (93)	7 (50)	7 (50)	
	<i>NF1</i>				0.333
	Mutated – no. (%)	1 (7)	0 (0)	1 (100)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	14 (93)	7 (50)	7 (50)	
	<i>PTPN11</i>				0.919
	Mutated – no. (%)	2 (13)	1 (50)	1 (50)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	13 (87)	6 (46)	7 (54)	
<b>Spliceosome</b>	<i>SF3B1</i>				0.919
	Mutated – no. (%)	2 (13)	1 (50)	1 (50)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	13 (87)	6 (46)	7 (54)	
	<i>SRSF2</i>				0.605
	Mutated – no. (%)	3 (20)	1 (33)	2 (67)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	12 (80)	6 (50)	6 (50)	
	<i>U2AF1</i>				0.333
	Mutated – no. (%)	1 (7)	0 (0)	1 (100)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	14 (93)	7 (50)	7 (50)	
	<i>ZBTB7A</i>				0.268
	Mutated – no. (%)	1 (7)	1 (100)	0 (0)	
Wildtype – no. (%)	14 (93)	6 (43)	8 (57)		
<b>Myeloid TF's</b>	<i>BCOR</i>				0.333
	Mutated – no. (%)	1 (7)	0 (0)	1 (100)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	14 (93)	7 (50)	7 (50)	

	<i>CEBPA</i>				0.333
	Mutated – no. (%)	1 (7)	0 (0)	1 (100)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	14 (93)	7 (50)	7 (50)	
	<i>CUX1</i>				0.070
	Mutated – no. (%)	3 (20)	0 (0)	3 (100)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	12 (80)	7 (58)	5 (42)	
	<i>GATA2</i>				0.919
	Mutated – no. (%)	2 (13)	1 (50)	1 (50)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	13 (87)	6 (46)	7 (54)	
	<i>RUNX1</i>				0.31
	Mutated – no. (%)	4 (27)	1 (25)	3 (75)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	11 (73)	6 (55)	5 (45)	
	<i>SETBP1</i>				0.333
	Mutated – no. (%)	1 (7)	0 (0)	1 (100)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	14 (93)	7 (50)	7 (50)	
<b>Tumor suppressors</b>	<i>PPM1D</i>				0.333
	Mutated – no. (%)	1 (7)	0 (0)	1 (100)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	14 (93)	7 (50)	7 (50)	
	<i>TP53</i>				0.104
	Mutated – no. (%)	2 (13)	2 (100)	0 (0)	
	Wildtype – no. (%)	13 (87)	5 (38)	8 (62)	
	<i>WT1</i>				0.155
	Mutated – no. (%)	2 (13)	0 (0)	2 (100)	
Wildtype – no. (%)	13 (87)	7 (54)	6 (46)		

Abbreviations: CR, complete remission; CRi, complete remission with incomplete hematologic recovery; MLFS, morphologic leukemia-free state; SD, stable disease; PR, partial remission; PD, progressive disease; P, P-value from two-sided chi-squared tests for categorical variables; TF, transcription factor.

**Supplementary Table S7. Response patterns of gene mutations under SAIL treatment.**

<b>Gene</b>	<b>Molecular Response association</b>	<b>Based on number of patients (n)</b>
<i>RUNX1</i>	Molecular non-response	4
<i>GATA2</i>	Molecular non-response	2
<i>TET2</i>	Molecular non-response	3
<i>ASXL1</i>	Molecular non-response	3
<i>ASXL2</i>	Molecular non-response	3
<i>BCOR</i>	Molecular non-response	1
<i>CUX1</i>	Molecular non-response	3
<i>DNMT3A</i>	Molecular non-response	3
<i>FLT3</i>	Molecular response	2
<i>NPM1</i>	Molecular non-response	2
<i>PTPN11</i>	Molecular non-response	2
<i>SRSF2</i>	Molecular non-response	3
<i>TP53</i>	Molecular response	2
<i>SF3B1</i>	Molecular response	2
<i>WT1</i>	Molecular non-response	2

Note: Molecular response was defined as VAF negativity in the follow-up sample after SAIL treatment in comparison to the relapse sample.

**Supplementary Table S8. Univariate Analysis for OS and EFS in 15 SAIL patients.**

<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Variables in the model</b>	<b>Univariate analysis</b>		
		<b>HR</b>	<b>95% CI</b>	<b>P</b>
OS	Age <median vs >median	0.129	0.025-0.666	<b>0.014</b>
	Male vs. female	0.513	0.144-1.832	0.304
	ECOG at SAIL screening 0 or 1 vs. 2	0.500	0.100-2.496	0.398

	alloHCT after SAIL yes vs. no	0.331	0.094-1.172	0.087
	Type of AML primary vs. secondary/therapy-induced	0.222	0.055-0.906	<b>0.036</b>
	Hemoglobin (g/dL) <median vs. >median	2.096	0.580-7.571	0.259
	WBC count (x10 <sup>9</sup> /l) <median vs. >median	0.713	0.201-2.529	0.601
	Platelet count (x10 <sup>9</sup> /l) <median vs. >median	1.828	0.504-6.635	0.359
	<i>FLT3</i> mut vs wt	0.770	0.096-6.184	0.805
	<i>ASXL1</i> mut vs wt	0.770	0.162-3.661	0.743
	<i>ASXL2</i> mut vs wt	0.727	0.150-3.528	0.693
	<i>CUX1</i> mut vs wt	1.137	0.235-5.502	0.873
	<i>DNMT3A</i> mut vs wt	1.354	0.279-6.585	0.707
	<i>GATA2</i> mut vs wt	0.519	0.064-4.189	0.538
	<i>SRSF2</i> mut vs wt	0.964	0.204-4.564	0.963
	<i>TET2</i> mut vs wt	3.881	0.914-16.470	0.066
	<i>TP53</i> mut vs wt	4.351	0.787-24.066	0.092
EFS	Age <median vs >median	0.485	0.079-2.966	0.433
	Male vs. female	0.704	0.116-4.265	0.703
	ECOG at SAIL 0 and 1 vs. 2 and 3	0.289	0.018-4.648	0.381
	alloHCT after SAIL yes vs. no	0.134	0.012-1.507	0.104
	Type of AML primary vs. secondary/therapy-induced	1.122	0.122-10.328	0.919
	Hemoglobin (g/dL) <median vs. >median	3.934	0.422-36.690	0.229
	WBC count (x10 <sup>9</sup> /l) <median vs. >median	0.696	0.113-4.270	0.695
	Platelet count (x10 <sup>9</sup> /l) <median vs. >median	1.605	0.261-9.872	0.610
	<i>FLT3</i> mut vs wt	2.179	0.302-15.721	0.440

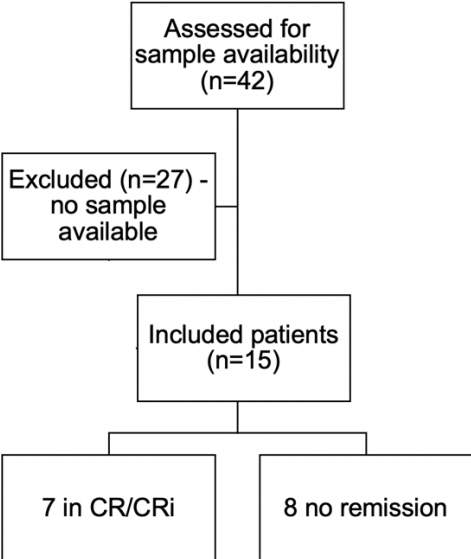
	<i>DNMT3A</i> mut vs wt	0.296	0.031- 2.827	0.290
	<i>GATA2</i> mut vs wt	0.638	0.071- 5.772	0.689
	<i>TP53</i> mut vs wt	1.420	0.234- 8.597	0.703

Note: Genes were considered for univariate analysis if they were detectable in at least 3 patients. Hazard ratios greater than or less than 1 indicate an increased or decreased risk, respectively, of an event for the first category listed.

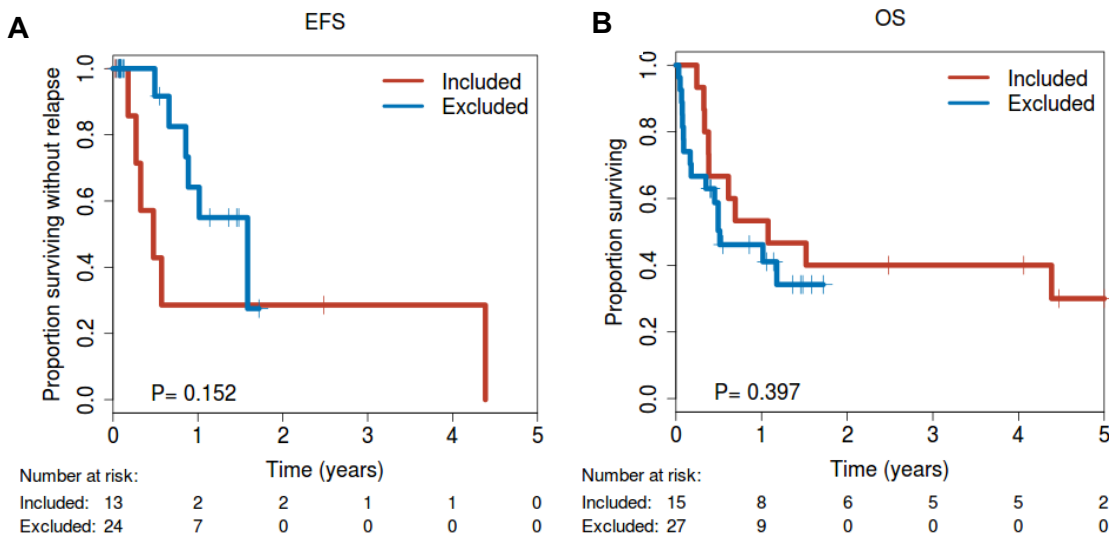
Patient number was too small for a useful calculation for the following variables: *BCOR*, *CBL*, *CEBPA*, *IHD2*, *KDM6A*, *KRAS*, *NF1*, *PPM1D*, *RAD21*, *RUNX1*, *SETBP1*, *SMC1A*, *TET2*, *U2AF1*, *ZBTB7A*.

**Supplementary Figures**

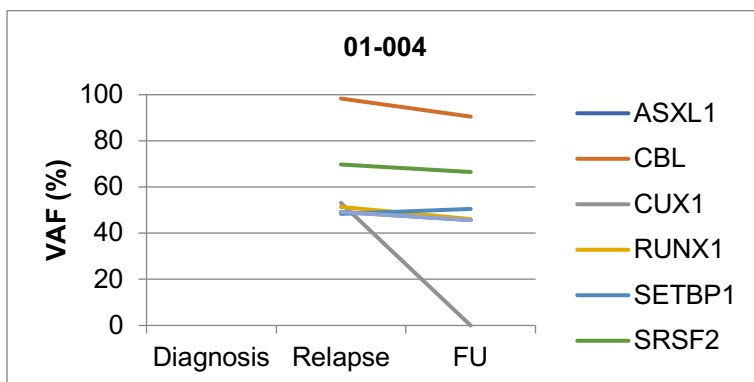
**Supplementary Figure S1. Consort diagram of studied patients.**



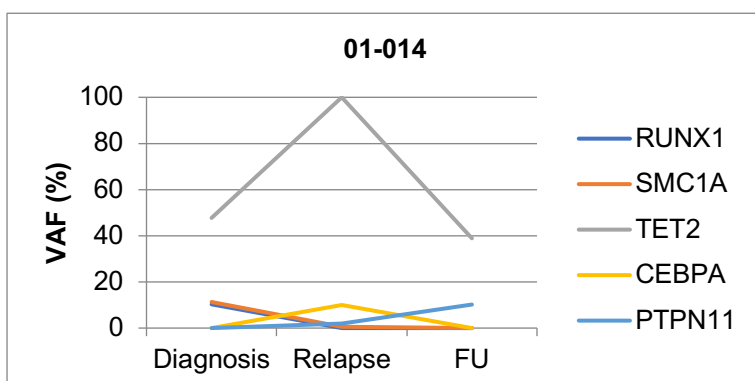
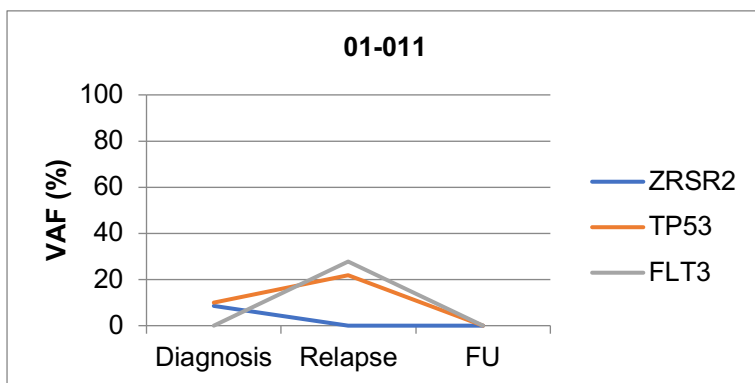
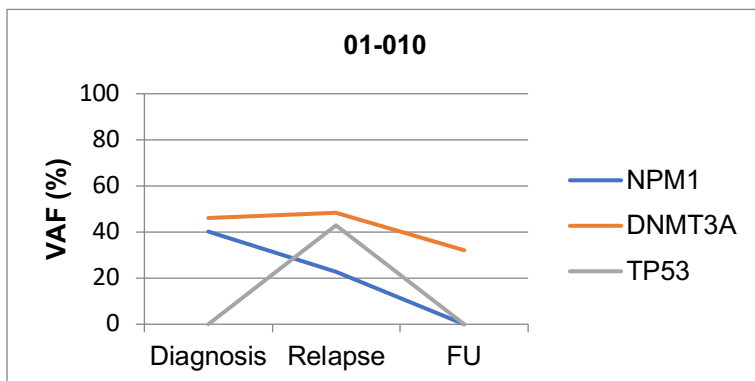
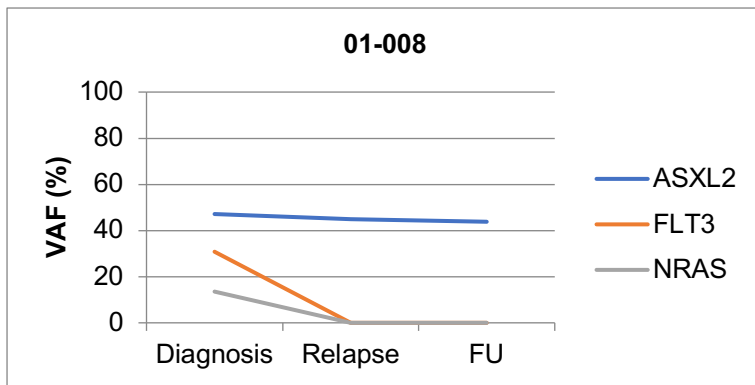
**Supplementary Figure S2. Comparison of (A) EFS and (B) OS between included and excluded patients.**

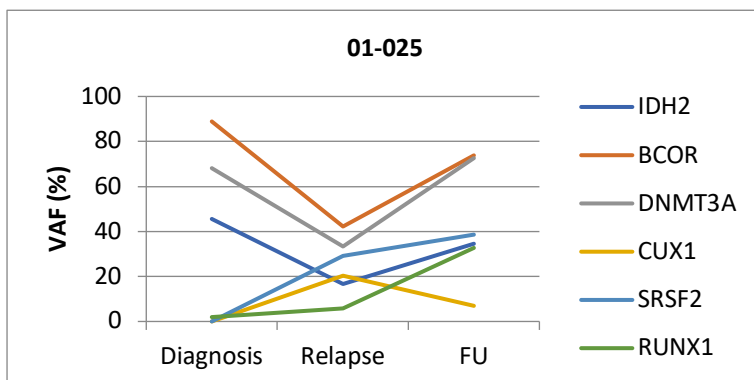
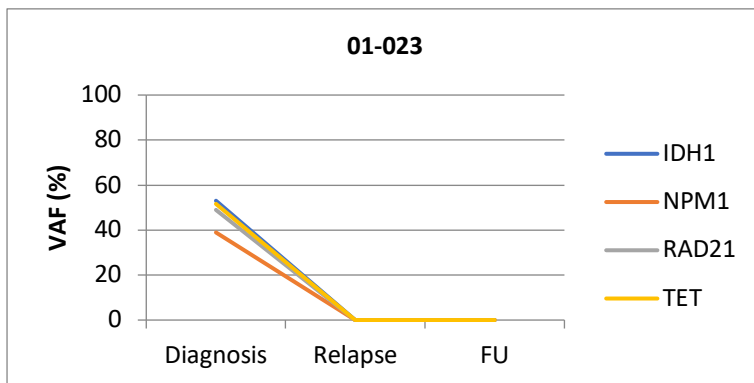
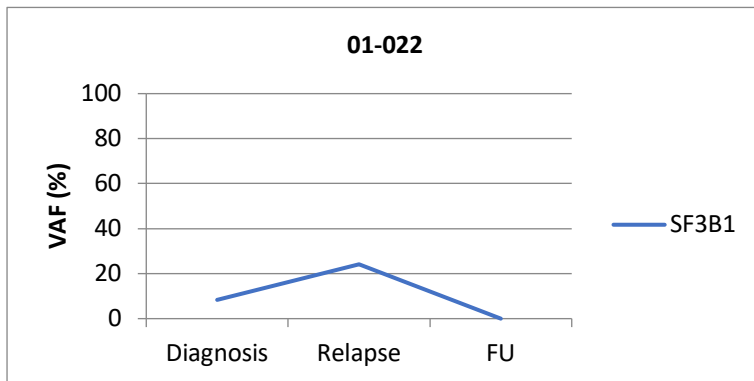
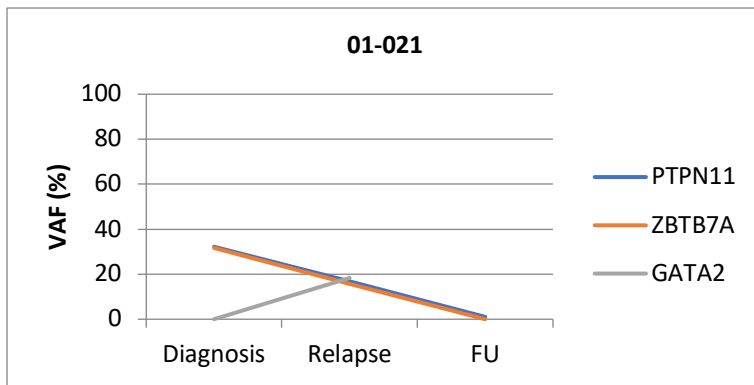


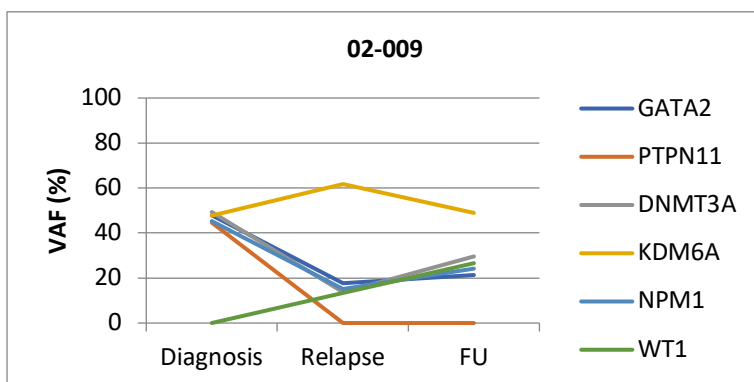
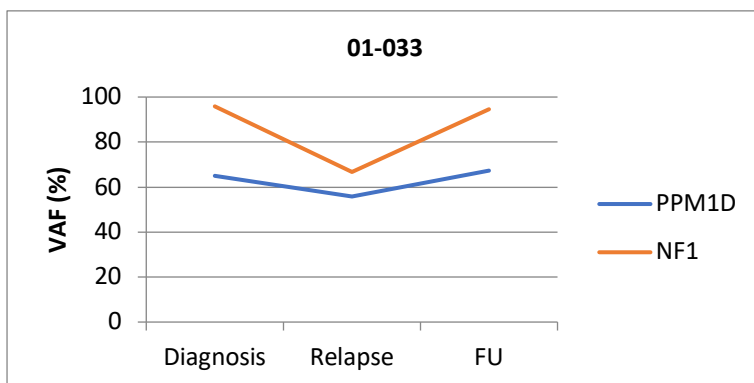
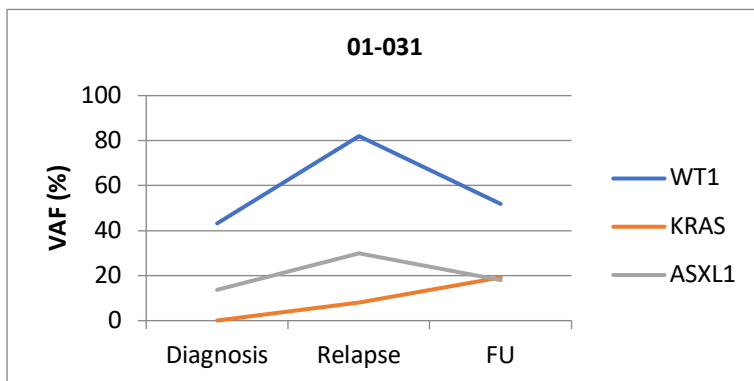
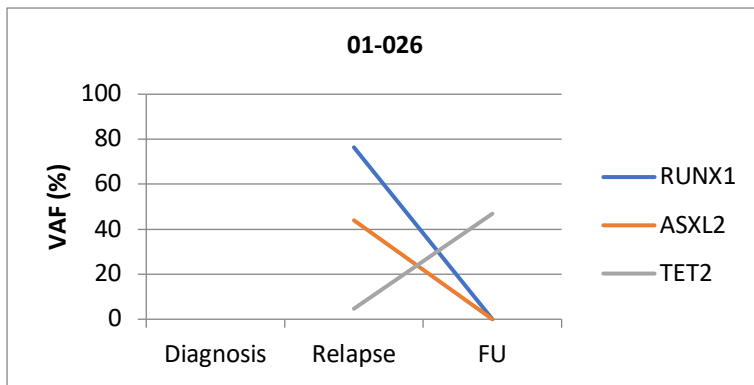
**Supplementary Figure S3. Patient-specific clonal evolution from diagnosis to relapse/refractoriness and follow-up after cycle one of SAIL treatment.**



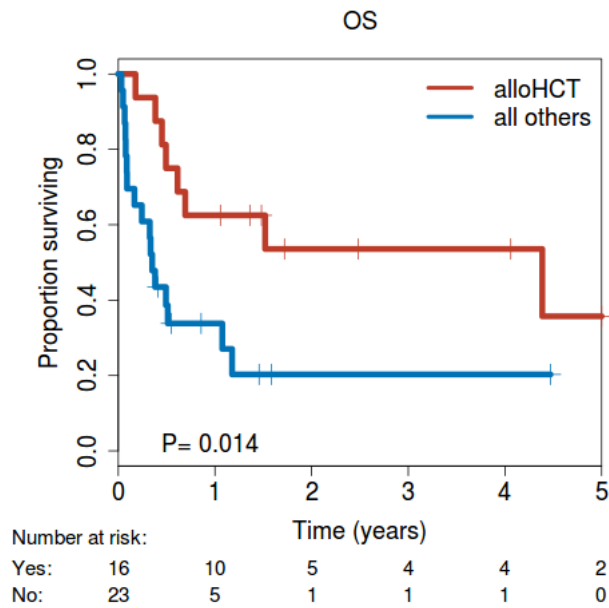




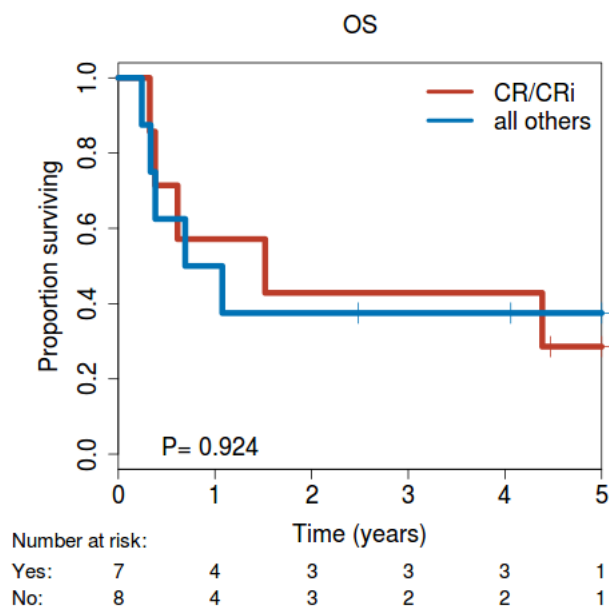




**Supplementary Figure S4. OS of patients undergoing alloHCT after SAIL induction vs all other patients.**



**Supplementary Figure S5. OS in patients achieving CR/CRi vs. patients with other response to SAIL induction therapy.**



**Supplementary Figure S6. OS in patients with declining and persisting clones after one cycle of SAIL treatment.**

