Supplementary Data 3

Synthesis of (Z)-3-hexenyl β -vicianoside (HexVic) (Supplementary Fig. 10)

General methods

Synthesis of *p*-methoxyphenyl (2,3,4-tri-*O*-Benzoyl- α -L-arabinopyranosyl) - (1 \rightarrow 6)-2,3-di-*O*-benzyl- β -D-glucopyranoside (S3)

Synthesis of *p*-methoxyphenyl (2,3,4-tri-*O*-Benzoyl- α -L-arabinopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 6)-2,3-di-*O*-benzyl-4-*O*-acetyl- β -D-glucopyranoside (S4)

Synthesis of $(2,3,4-\text{tri-}O-\text{Benzoyl-}\alpha-\text{L-arabinopyranosyl})-(1\rightarrow 6)-2,3-\text{di-}O-\text{benzyl-}4-O-\text{acetyl-}D-\text{glucopyranosyl} 2,2,2-\text{trifluoro-}N-\text{phenyl-acetimidate} (S5)$

Synthesis of 3-*cis*-hexenyl (2,3,4-tri-*O*-Benzoyl- α -L-arabinopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 6)-2,3-di-*O*-benzyl-4-*O*-acetyl- β -D-glucopyranoside (S6)

Supplementary references

General methods

All chemicals were reagent grade and purchased from Nacalai tesque. Unless otherwise noted, all chemicals and solvents were used as supplied. Molecular sieves were activated oil bath at 160°C for 2h, followed by being dried *in vacuo*. Moisture sensitive reactions were performed under argon atmosphere. All reactions were monitored by TLC on Silica Gel 60 F_{254} precoated glass slides (Merck). Detection was performed by examination under UV light (254 nm) and/or by charring with 5% 12molybdo(VI)phosphoric acid in EtOH and/or anisaldehyde-H₂SO₄ staining. Flash column chromatography was performed on silica Gel 60 plate F_{254} (Merck). ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded at 298 K on Bruker AVANCE III HD 400 spectrometer. Chemical shifts are reported in ppm relative to the solvent peak. High-resolution ESI-MS was carried out in positive and negative mode on Shimadzu LCMS-IT-TOF-MS spectrometer with aqueous MeOH containing 0.1 % HCO₂H as the mobile phase and sodium trifluoroacetate as an external standard.

p-methoxyphenyl (2,3,4-tri-*O*-Benzoyl- α -L-arabinopyranosyl) -(1 \rightarrow 6)-2,3-di-*O*-benzylβ-D-glucopyranoside (S3)



A solution of *p*-methoxyphenyl 2,3-di-*O*-benzyl-*β*-D-glucopyranoside (**S2**)¹ (1.40 g, 2.84 mmol), 2,3,4-tri-O-Benzoyl-L-arabinopyranosyl (*N*-phenyl)trifluoroacetimidate (**S1**)² (1.80 g, 2.84 mmol) and MS 4Å (3.20 g) in anhydrous CH₂Cl₂ (28 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 0.5 h. TfOH (24 µL, 0.284 mmol) was added to the mixture and the mixture was stirred at -40 °C for 2 h. The reaction mixture was quenched with Et₃N and filtered through the Celite with glass filter, then the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (hexane : AcOEt = 2 : 1 \rightarrow 3 : 2) to give the desired product **S3** (1.99 g, 74%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.05-7.93 (10H, m), 7.59-7.26 (15H, m), 6.91(2H, d, *J* = 8.5 Hz), 6.74 (2H, d, *J* = 8.5 Hz), 5.75-5.57 (4H, m), 5.43-5.39 (1H, m), 5.07 (1H, d, *J* = 7.9. Hz), 4.92 (1H, d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 4.37 (1H, dd, *J* = 4.6, 12.5 Hz), 4.31 (1H, d, *J* = 11.0 Hz), 4.01-3.90 (3H, m), 3.77-3.75 (1H, m), 3.70 (3H, s); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 167.50, 165.82, 165.73, 165.42, 165.32, 155.86, 151.31, 133.70, 133.60, 133.56, 133.51, 133.38, 130.17, 130.02, 129.86, 129.45, 129.43, 129.24, 129.18, 128.98, 128.65, 128.55, 119.16, 114.66, 101.21, 100.81, 77.06, 75.57, 71.51, 70.24, 70.05, 69.65, 68.23, 68.12, 62.08, 55.70; HRMS (IT-TOF, [M+NH⁴]⁺) calcd for C₅₃H₅₀NO₁₆ 956.3124, found

956.3033.

p-methoxyphenyl (2,3,4-tri-*O*-Benzoyl- α -L-arabinopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 6)-2,3-di-*O*-benzyl-4-*O*-acetyl- β -D-glucopyranoside (S4)



A solution of **S3** (1.99 g, 2.12 mmol), and DMAP (25.9 mg) in pyridine (10 mL) was stirred at room temperature. Acetyl chloride (0.18 mL, 2.54 mmol) was added to the mixture and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2.5 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (hexane : AcOEt = $3 : 1 \rightarrow 2 : 1$) to give the desired product **S4** (2.03 g, 98%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.05-7.87 (10H, m), 7.59-7.34 (15H, m), 6.89 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz), 6.73 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz), 5.71-5.55 (5H, m), 5.26 (1H, t, J = 9.6 Hz), 5.06 (1H, d, J = 7.7. Hz), 4.90 (1H, d, J = 5.4 Hz), 4.35 (1H, dd, J = 4.9, 12.5 Hz), 4.07-3.82 (4H, m), 3.70 (3H, s), 1.95 (3H, s); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 169.65, 165.90, 165.81, 165.68, 165.38, 165.16, 155.98, 151.20, 133.62, 133.57, 133.47, 133.42, 130.02, 130.00, 129.93, 129.91, 129.52, 129.37, 129.35, 129.27, 128.93, 128.66, 128.57, 128.55, 119.14, 114.74, 101.22, 100.35, 74.06, 73.12, 71.85, 70.27, 69.89, 68.16, 67.80, 61.99, 55.72, 20.72; HRMS (IT-TOF, [M+NH⁴]⁺) calcd for C₅₅H₅₂NO₁₇ 998.3230, found 998.3125.

(2,3,4-tri-*O*-Benzoyl-α-L-arabinopyranosyl)-(1→6)-2,3-di-*O*-benzyl-4-*O*-acetyl-D-glucopyranosyl 2,2,2-trifluoro-*N*-phenyl-acetimidate (85)



A solution of S4 (1.92 g, 1.96 mmol) in MeCN (12 mL) and H₂O (6.0 mL) was stirred at room temperature. CAN (3.22 g, 5.87 mmol) was added to the mixture and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min. The mixture was extracted with AcOEt and the combined organic phase was washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., H₂O and brine and dried over MgSO₄. The obtained crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (hexane : AcOEt = $2 : 1 \rightarrow 1 : 1$) to give the product. A

solution of the obtained product and K₂CO₃ (542 mg, 3.92 mmol) in Acetone (20 mL) was stirred. (Z)-2,2,2-trifluoro-N-phenylacetimidoyl chloride (370 µL, 2.35mmol) was added to the mixture and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for overnight. The reaction mixture was filtered through the Celite with glass filter, then the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (hexane : AcOEt = 2 : 1) to give the desired product **S5** (1.41 g, 68% in 2 steps); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.08-8.02 (6H, m), 7.98-7.94 (2H, m), 7.89-7.85 (2H, m), 7.58-7.50 (6H, m), 7.46-7.35 (10H, m), 7.24-6.97 (2H, m), 6.77-6.65 (2H, br), 6.40-6.23 (1H, br), 5.96 (1H, t, *J* = 9.9 Hz), 5.73-5.65 (3H, m), 5.50-5.25 (2H, m), 4.86-4.85 (1H, m), 4.40-4.33 (2H, m), 4.10-4.06 (1H, m), 3.95-3.90 (1H, m), 3.80 (1H, dd, *J* = 4.4, 11,4 Hz), 1.94 -1.93(3H, m) ; ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 171.30, 169.36, 165.79, 165.70, 165.66, 165.33, 165.30, 165.27, 164.80, 142.95, 133.78, 133.69, 133.63, 133.56, 133.48, 130.07, 130.03, 129.97, 129.49, 129.44, 129.39, 129.35, 129.05, 129.02, 128.95, 128.80, 128.73, 128.68, 128.65, 128.62, 128.59, 124.76, 124.38, 119.36, 119.20, 100.45, 100.12, 92.36, 74.41, 72.81, 71.73, 71.10, 70.63, 70.31, 70.03, 69.90, 69.77, 69.71, 68.35, 67.89, 67.44, 67.26, 61.57, 20.64, 20.62; HRMS (IT-TOF, [M+AcO]⁻) calcd for C₅₈H₄₉NO₁₈ 1104.2907, found 1104.2785.

3-*cis*-hexenyl (2,3,4-tri-*O*-Benzoyl-α-L-arabinopyranosyl)-(1→6)-2,3-di-*O*-benzyl-4-*O*-acetyl-β-D-glucopyranoside (S6)



A solution of **S5** (210 mg, 0.20 mmol), MS 4Å (0.25 g) and (Z)-hex-3en-1-ol (28 μ L, 0.24 mmol) in DCM (4 mL) was stirred at -20 °C. TfOH (1.78 μ L, 20 μ mol) was added to the mixture and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 2.5 h. The reaction mixture was quenched with Et₃N and filtered through the membrane filter with glass filter, then the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (toluene : AcOEt = 10 : 1 \rightarrow 8 : 1) to give the desired product **S6** (110 mg, 57%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.06-8.01 (4H, m), 7.97 (2H, d, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 7.91 (2H, d, *J* = 7.7 Hz), 7.86 (2H, d, *J* = 7.7 Hz), 7.60-7.33 (15H, m), 5.73-5.70 (2H, m), 5.64-5.58 (2H, m), 5.31 (1H, dd, *J* = 9.4, 8.3 Hz), 5.20-5.13 (2H, m), 5.08-5.02 (1H, m), 4.86 (1H, d, *J* = 5.7 Hz), 4.60 (1H, d, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 4.36 (1H, dd, *J* = 4.2, 12.7 Hz), 4.04 (1H, d, *J* = 11.0 Hz), 3.09-3.85 (2H, m), 3.77-3.72 (1H, m), 3.64-3.59 (1H, m), 3.25-3.19 (1H, m), 2.09-2.02 (1H, m), 1.93 (3H, s), 1.88-1.81 (2H, m), 0.82 (3H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 171.02, 167.19, 167.08, 166.97, 166.60, 166.38, 135.06, 134.84, 134.80, 134.74, 134.47, 131.29, 131.28, 131.23, 131.15, 130.88, 130.80, 130.67, 130.52, 130.29, 129.91, 129.80, 129.67, 125.69, 102.40, 102.08, 74.83, 74.54, 73.19, 71.64, 71.23, 71.01, 70.63, 69.67, 69.60, 63.57, 28.76, 22.00, 21.88, 15.51; HRMS (IT-TOF, [M+AcO]⁻) calcd for C₅₆H₅₅O₁₈ 1015.3394, found 1015.3290.

(Z)-3-hexenyl β -vicianoside (HexVic)³



(Z)-3-hexenyl β-vicianoside (HexVic)

A solution of **S6** (110 mg, 0.11 mmol) in MeOH (2 mL) and THF (1 mL) was stirred at room temperature. Sodium methoxide 28% in MeOH (2.4 μ L, 11 μ mol) was added to the mixture and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for overnight. The reaction mixture was quenched with DOWEX(CO₂H) and filtered through the membrane filter with glass filter, then the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (CHCl₃ : MeOH = 3 : 1 \rightarrow 1 : 1) and preparative HPLC (Triart C18 column, H₂O : 90% MeCN = 90 : 10 to 0 : 100, 20 min) to give the desired product (*Z*)-3-hexenyl β-vicianoside (HexVic) (32.1 mg, 71%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 5.50-5.37 (2H, m), 4.33 (1H, d, *J* = 6.7 Hz), 4.29 (1H, d, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 4.11 (1H, dd, *J* = 11.3, 2.2 Hz), 3.90-3.81 (3H, m), 3.75 (1H, dd, *J* = 11.3, 5.5 Hz), 3.63-3.53 (4H, m), 3.48-3.43 (1H, m), 3.39-3.33 (2H, m), 3.32-3.18 (1H, m), 2.42-2.37 (2H, m), 2.13-2.06 (2H, m), 0.99 (3H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 134.50, 125.91, 105.13, 104.36, 77.92, 76.85, 75.04, 74.19, 72.37, 71.55, 70.61, 69.49, 69.46, 66.73, 28.81, 21.56, 14.66; HRMS (IT-TOF, [M+NH⁴]⁺) calcd for C₁₇H₃₄NO₁₀ 412.2177, found 412.2199.

Supplementary references

- Gu, G. et al. Synthesis and Immunological Characterization of Modified Hyaluronic Acid Hexasaccharide Conjugates. J. Org. Chem. 78, 8004–8019 (2013)
- Yu, B., & Tao, H. Glycosyl Trifluoroacetimidates. 2. Synthesis of Dioscin and Xiebai Saponin I. J. Org. Chem. 67, 9099-9102 (2002)
- Kishida, M., Fujii, M., Ida, Y., & Akita H. Chemoenzymatic Synthesis of Naturally Occurring (Z)-3-Hexenyl 6-O-Glycosyl-β-D-glucopyranosides. *Heterocycles* 65, 2127-2137 (2005).