

## **Characterization of Oxygen Nanobubbles and in vitro evaluation of retinal cells under hypoxic conditions**

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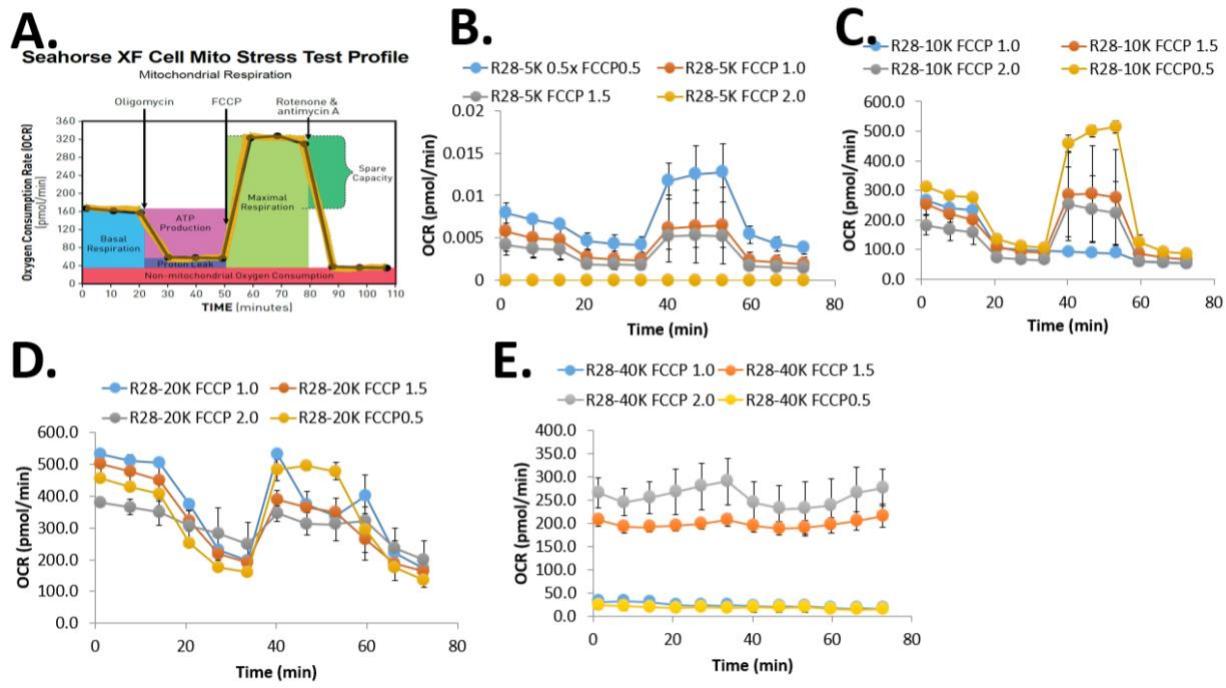
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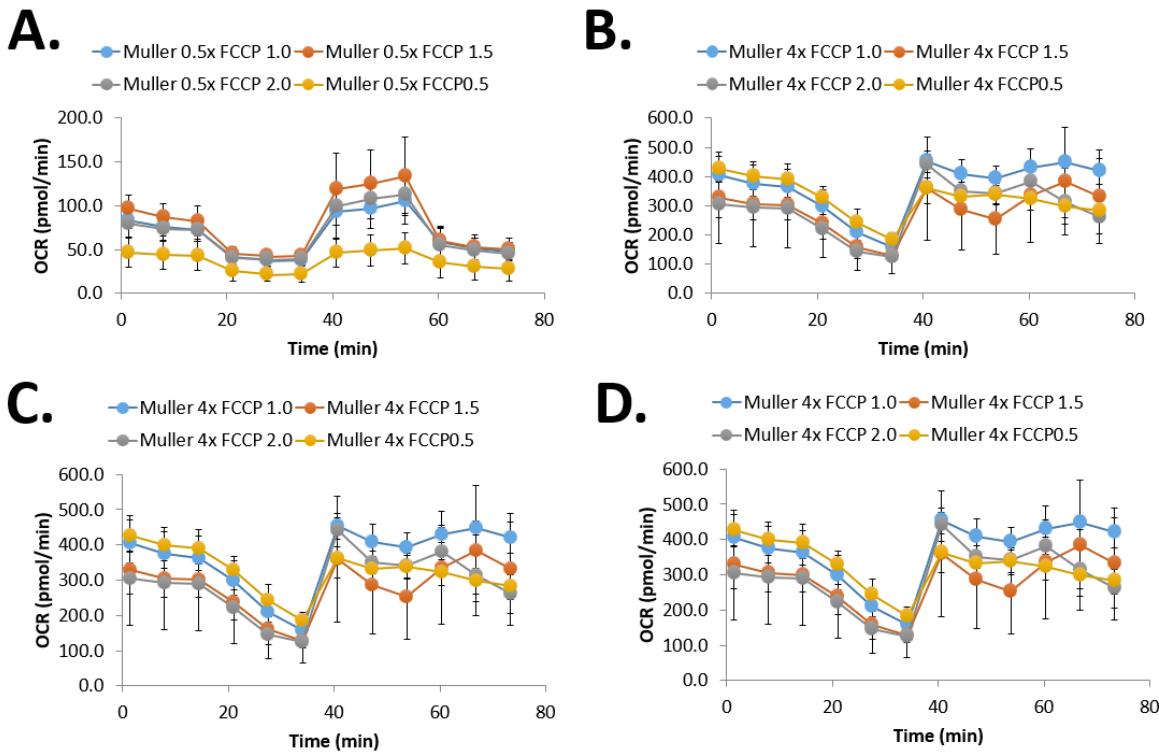
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**Figure S1: Mitochondrial Stress Test R28 Optimization.** (A) The typical mitochondrial stress test profile. R28 cells were seeded at (B) 5,000 cells/well, (C) 10,000 cells/well, (D) 20,000 cells/well, or (E) 40,000 cells/well and exposed to 6 hours of hypoxia followed by treatment of 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, or 2.0  $\mu\text{M}$  of carbonyl cyanide-4 (trifluoromethoxy) phenylhydrazone (FCCP). Ideal Mitochondrial stress profiles have starting OCR between 100-200 pMol/min. The highest maximal respiration peak at the determined cell concentration defines the FCCP concentration. Optimization showed that a cell concentration of 5,000 cells/well matched the typical profile, and the FCCP concentration of 1.5  $\mu\text{M}$  showed the largest maximal respiration for R28 cells.



**Figure S2: Mitochondrial Stress Test Muller Optimization.** Muller cells were seeded at (A) 5,000 cells/well, (B) 10,000 cells/well, (C) 20,000 cells/well, or (D) 40,000 cells/well and exposed to 6 hours of hypoxia followed by treatment of 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, or 2.0  $\mu$ M of carbonyl cyanide-4 (trifluoromethoxy) phenylhydrazone (FCCP). Ideal Mitochondrial stress profiles have starting OCR between 100-200 pMol/min. The highest maximal respiration peak at the determined cell concentration defines the FCCP concentration. Optimization showed that a cell concentration of 5,000 cells/well matched the typical profile, and the FCCP concentration of 1.5  $\mu$ M showed the largest maximal respiration for Muller cells.

**Table S1: Body Weight Change.** Days post injection (dpi). Group 1: Saline injection. Group 2: ONB injection.

<b>Subject Name</b>	<b>Group</b>	<b>Baseline</b>	<b>1 dpi</b>	<b>7 dpi</b>
101	1	3.21	3.16	3.25
102	1	2.98	2.98	3.11
103	1	3.06	3.03	3.09
104	2	2.98	2.99	3.06
105	2	3.12	3.15	3.14
106	2	3.10	3.11	3.21

**Table S2: Clinical Signs Observed.** Days post injection (dpi). Group 1: Saline injection. Group 2: ONB injection. No abnormalities detected (NAD).

Subject Name	Group	0 dpi	1 dpi	2 dpi	3 dpi	4 dpi	5 dpi	6 dpi
101	1	NAD						
102	1	NAD						
103	1	NAD						
104	2	NAD						
105	2	NAD						
106	2	NAD						

**Table S3: General Ophthalmic Exam Evaluation.**

	OS	1	Saline	Day 7	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
104	OD	2	ONB	Day 7	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	OS	2	ONB	Day 7	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
105	OD	2	ONB	Day 7	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	OS	2	ONB	Day 7	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
106	OD	2	ONB	Day 7	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	OS	2	ONB	Day 7	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

CC: Conjunctival congestion; CS Conjunctival swelling; CD: Conjunctival discharge; PA: Corneal vascular pannus; CO: Corneal opacity; CA: Corneal opacity area; KP: Inflammatory KP; AC: Aqueous cell; HY: Hypopyon; AF: Aqueous flare; FS: Fibrin strands; IH: Iris hyperemia; IE: Iris exfoliation; IS: Iris synechia; ALC: Anterior lens capsule deposit; PCL: Posterior lens capsule deposit; LO: Lens opacity; VC: Vitreous cell; VH: Vitreous haze; RV: Retinal vasculitis; PP: Papillitis; Total clinical score: Sum of findings.