

## *Supplementary Material*

# **Predictors of pulmonary sequelae after COVID-19 pneumonia: a 12-month follow-up study.**

**N. Bernardinello<sup>1†</sup>, E. Cocconcelli<sup>1†</sup>, C. Giraudo<sup>2</sup>, M. Daverio<sup>1</sup>, G. Castelli<sup>1</sup>, S. Petrarulo<sup>1</sup>, M. Bovo<sup>3</sup>, G. Fichera<sup>4</sup>, S. Cavinato<sup>5</sup>; A. M. Cattelan<sup>5</sup>, M. Saetta<sup>1</sup>, P. Spagnolo<sup>1</sup>, E. Balestro<sup>1</sup>**

**1. Respiratory Disease Unit, Department of Cardiac, Thoracic, Vascular Sciences, and Public Health, University of Padova and Padova City Hospital, Padova, Italy**

**2. Department of Medicine, Institute of Radiology, University of Padova and Padova City Hospital, Padova, Italy**

**3. University of Padova, School of Medicine**

**4. Pediatric Radiology Unit, University Hospital of Padova, Padova, Italy**

**5. Division of Infectious and Tropical Diseases, University of Padova and Padova City Hospital, Padova, Italy**

† These authors share the first authorship

\*Corresponding author: Dr. Elisabetta Balestro (MD, Ph.D.)

Tel: +39 049 8213702; fax: +39 049 8213110.

Email: [elisabetta.balestro@aopd.veneto.it](mailto:elisabetta.balestro@aopd.veneto.it)



**Table S1: treatment during hospitalization of patients who assisted at follow-up in the post-COVID clinic according to CT scan recovery at 12 months (n=347)**

	Overall population (n=347)	REC (n=323)	NOT-REC (n=24)	<i>p</i>
<b>Hydroxychloroquine/chloroquine – n (%)</b>	132 (38)	121 (38)	11 (46)	0.51
<b>Azithromycin – n (%)</b>	209 (60)	196 (61)	13 (54)	0.52
<b>Ceftriaxone – n (%)</b>	142 (41)	132 (41)	10 (42)	0.99
<b>Other antibiotics – n (%)</b>	116 (33)	101 (31)	15 (62)	<b>0.003</b>
<b>Lopinavir/ritonavir – n (%)</b>	65 (19)	58 (18)	7 (29)	0.18
<b>Remdesivir – n (%)</b>	107 (31)	98 (30)	9 (37)	0.50
<b>Other antivirals – n (%)</b>	6 (2)	5 (2)	1 (4)	0.35
<b>Tocilizumab – n (%)</b>	18 (5)	15 (5)	3 (12)	0.12
<b>Corticosteroids – n (%)</b>	238 (69)	217 (67)	21 (87)	<b>0.04</b>
<b>Heparins – n (%)</b>	281 (81)	262 (81)	19 (79)	0.79
<b>IgG plasma – n (%)</b>	67 (19)	62 (19)	5 (21)	0.79
<b>Corticosteroids at discharge– n (%)</b>	195 (56)	179 (55)	16 (70)	0.20

Values are expressed as numbers and (%). To compare treatment during hospitalization between recovered (REC) and not recovered (NOT-REC), a chi-square test or a Fisher's t-test ( $n < 5$ ) for categorical variables was used.