nature portfolio

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Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our <u>Editorial Policies</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

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St	at	.10	ŤΙ	CC

FOr	ali statisticai an	alyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods Section.	
n/a	Confirmed		
	The exact	sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement	
	A stateme	ent on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly	
	The statist	tical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided on tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.	
\boxtimes	A descript	ion of all covariates tested	
	A descript	ion of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons	
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)		
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.		
\boxtimes	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings		
\boxtimes	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes		
\boxtimes	Estimates	of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d , Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated	
	'	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.	
So	ftware an	d code	
Poli	Policy information about <u>availability of computer code</u>		
Da	ata collection	Agilent MassHunter Quantitative Analysis (QQQ) software version B.08. Agilent MassHunter v 7.0	
Da	ata analysis	GraphPad Prism software (version 9.2.0) ICY software Image J software	
		custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.	

Data

Policy information about <u>availability of data</u>

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our $\underline{\text{policy}}$

All data generated or analysed during this study are included in this published article (and its supplementary information files).

Field-spe	cific reporting	
	ne below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.	
X Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences	
For a reference copy of t	he document with all sections, see <u>nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</u>	
Life scier	nces study design	
All studies must dis	close on these points even when the disclosure is negative.	
Sample size	The number of independent biological replicates per condition has been estimated by power analysis (SigmaPlot 12.0). We set the alpha error (false-positive) < 5% and beta error (false-negative) < 20%. We have also considered that differences between means would have to be \geq 20% to reflect meaningful differences and have used our historic data (means, SEMs) and the literature. The estimated biological replicates should be sufficient to reach, in each situation, a power \geq 80%. Yet, if the actual experiments failed to show significant effects and the power of the tests was <80%, additional replicates were tested to achieve a risk of false-positive < 5% or of false-negative <20%.	
Data exclusions	Outliers, defined as values that were superior to (mean+3 standard deviations) or inferior to (mean-3 standard deviations) were excluded.	
Replication	All experiments were replicated at least 3 times independently.	
Randomization	N/A	
Blinding	Whenever possible, labels were replaced by random numbers. But in some cases, blinding was not possible. However, we believe that blinding would have little impact on our studies as the majority of our experiments are in large part experimentator-independent (e.g., quantification of lipids by LC/MS-MS, automated detection of puncta).	
We require informati system or method list Materials & ex n/a Involved in th Antibodies Eukaryotic Palaeontol Animals an Human res Clinical dat	cell lines ChIP-seq cell lines Flow cytometry ogy and archaeology MRI-based neuroimaging d other organisms earch participants	
Antibodies used	The antibodies were obtained from the following sources: rabbit antibodies to LAMP1 (Abcam, 1/300 in immunofluorescence (IF),	
Validation	1/500 for western blots (WB)), LPLA2 (Novus Biologicals, 1/500 for WB); a rat monoclonal antibody (mAb) to LPLA2 (Echelon Biosciences, 1/400 for IF) and mouse mAbs to BMP (Echelon Biosciences, 1/100 for IF) and GAPDH (EnCor Biotechnology, 1/2000 for WB). Peroxidase-conjugated secondary antibodies were from Biorad and Alexa-conjugated fluorescent secondary antibodies were from Life Technologies. All antibodies were commercial antibodies validated by the supplier by multiple methods (KO lines, test with the antigen). We also performed additional validation of the LPLA2 antibody (Echelon, Sup.Fig.3), by showing that pre-incubation with the purified LPLA2 protein prevented staining in HeLa cells.	
Fukanyotio	oll lines	
<u>Eukaryotic c</u>		
Policy information	about <u>cell lines</u>	

HeLa cells and Human NPC1-deficient fibroblasts (GM18453, Coriell Institute)

Human NPC1 cells were tested for typical endolysosomal cholesterol accumulation.

Cell line source(s)

Authentication

Mycoplasma contamination

Commonly misidentified lines (See ICLAC register)

All cell lines were negative for mycoplasma, as assessed with the MycoProbe Mycoplasma detection Kit (R&D systems)

Name any commonly misidentified cell lines used in the study and provide a rationale for their use.

Palaeontology and Archaeology

Specimen provenance

Provide provenance information for specimens and describe permits that were obtained for the work (including the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information). Permits should encompass collection and, where applicable, export.

Specimen deposition

Indicate where the specimens have been deposited to permit free access by other researchers.

Dating methods

If new dates are provided, describe how they were obtained (e.g. collection, storage, sample pretreatment and measurement), where they were obtained (i.e. lab name), the calibration program and the protocol for quality assurance OR state that no new dates are provided.

Tick this box to confirm that the raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information.

Ethics oversight

Identify the organization(s) that approved or provided guidance on the study protocol, OR state that no ethical approval or guidance was required and explain why not.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research

Laboratory animals

For laboratory animals, report species, strain, sex and age OR state that the study did not involve laboratory animals.

Wild animals

Provide details on animals observed in or captured in the field; report species, sex and age where possible. Describe how animals were caught and transported and what happened to captive animals after the study (if killed, explain why and describe method; if released, say where and when) OR state that the study did not involve wild animals.

Field-collected samples

For laboratory work with field-collected samples, describe all relevant parameters such as housing, maintenance, temperature, photoperiod and end-of-experiment protocol OR state that the study did not involve samples collected from the field.

Ethics oversight

Identify the organization(s) that approved or provided guidance on the study protocol, OR state that no ethical approval or guidance was required and explain why not.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Human research participants

Policy information about studies involving human research participants

Population characteristics

Describe the covariate-relevant population characteristics of the human research participants (e.g. age, gender, genotypic information, past and current diagnosis and treatment categories). If you filled out the behavioural & social sciences study design questions and have nothing to add here, write "See above."

Recruitment

Describe how participants were recruited. Outline any potential self-selection bias or other biases that may be present and how these are likely to impact results.

Ethics oversight

Identify the organization(s) that approved the study protocol.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Clinical data

Policy information about <u>clinical studies</u>

All manuscripts should comply with the ICMJE guidelines for publication of clinical research and a completed CONSORT checklist must be included with all submissions.

Clinical trial registration

 $Provide\ the\ trial\ registration\ number\ from\ Clinical Trials. gov\ or\ an\ equivalent\ agency.$

Study protocol

Note where the full trial protocol can be accessed OR if not available, explain why.

Data collection

Describe the settings and locales of data collection, noting the time periods of recruitment and data collection.

Outcomes

Describe how you pre-defined primary and secondary outcome measures and how you assessed these measures.

Dual use research of concern

Policy information about <u>dual use research of concern</u>

Hazards

Software

repository, provide accession details.

Could the accidental, deli in the manuscript, pose a	berate or reckless misuse of agents or technologies generated in the work, or the application of information presented threat to:	
No Yes Public health National security Crops and/or livest Ecosystems Any other significa		
Experiments of concer	rn	
Does the work involve an	y of these experiments of concern:	
No Yes		
	to render a vaccine ineffective	
- -	to therapeutically useful antibiotics or antiviral agents nce of a pathogen or render a nonpathogen virulent	
	ibility of a pathogen	
Alter the host rang		
t	diagnostic/detection modalities	
	nization of a biological agent or toxin	
Any other potentia	Illy harmful combination of experiments and agents	
ChIP-seq		
'		
Data deposition		
	v and final processed data have been deposited in a public database such as GEO.	
Confirm that you have	e deposited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks.	
Data access links May remain private before public	For "Initial submission" or "Revised version" documents, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document, provide a link to the deposited data.	
Files in database submiss	ion Provide a list of all files available in the database submission.	
Genome browser session (e.g. <u>UCSC</u>)	Provide a link to an anonymized genome browser session for "Initial submission" and "Revised version" documents only, to enable peer review. Write "no longer applicable" for "Final submission" documents.	
Methodology		
Replicates	Describe the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement.	
Sequencing depth	Describe the sequencing depth for each experiment, providing the total number of reads, uniquely mapped reads, length of reads and whether they were paired- or single-end.	
Antibodies	Describe the antibodies used for the ChIP-seq experiments; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.	
Peak calling parameters	Specify the command line program and parameters used for read mapping and peak calling, including the ChIP, control and index files used.	
Data quality	Describe the methods used to ensure data quality in full detail, including how many peaks are at FDR 5% and above 5-fold enrichment.	

Describe the software used to collect and analyze the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community

Flow Cytometry

Plots		
Confirm that:		
The axis labels state the mar	ker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).	
The axis scales are clearly vis	sible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).	
All plots are contour plots w	ith outliers or pseudocolor plots.	
A numerical value for number	er of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.	
Methodology		
Sample preparation	Describe the sample preparation, detailing the biological source of the cells and any tissue processing steps used.	
Instrument	Identify the instrument used for data collection, specifying make and model number.	
Software	Describe the software used to collect and analyze the flow cytometry data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.	
Cell population abundance	Describe the abundance of the relevant cell populations within post-sort fractions, providing details on the purity of the samples and how it was determined.	
Gating strategy	Describe the gating strategy used for all relevant experiments, specifying the preliminary FSC/SSC gates of the starting cell population, indicating where boundaries between "positive" and "negative" staining cell populations are defined.	
Tick this box to confirm that	a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.	
Magnetic resonance i	maging	
Experimental design		
Design type	Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.	
Design specifications	Specify the number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each trial or block (if trials are blocked) and interval between trials.	
Behavioral performance measu	State number and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used to establish that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across subjects).	
Acquisition		
Imaging type(s)	Specify: functional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.	
Field strength	Specify in Tesla	
Sequence & imaging parameter	Specify the pulse sequence type (gradient echo, spin echo, etc.), imaging type (EPI, spiral, etc.), field of view, matrix size, slice thickness, orientation and TE/TR/flip angle.	
Area of acquisition	State whether a whole brain scan was used OR define the area of acquisition, describing how the region was determined.	
Diffusion MRI Used	☐ Not used	
Preprocessing		
Preprocessing software	Provide detail on software version and revision number and on specific parameters (model/functions, brain extraction, segmentation, smoothing kernel size, etc.).	
Normalization	If data were normalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types used for transformation OR indicate that data were not normalized and explain rationale for lack of normalization.	
Normalization template	Describe the template used for normalization/transformation, specifying subject space or group standardized space (e.g. original Talairach, MNI305, ICBM152) OR indicate that the data were not normalized.	
Noise and artifact removal	Describe your procedure(s) for artifact and structured noise removal, specifying motion parameters, tissue signals and physiological signals (heart rate, respiration).	

Volume censoring	Define your software and/or method and criteria for volume censoring, and state the extent of such censoring.	
Statistical modeling & infere	nce	
Model type and settings	Specify type (mass univariate, multivariate, RSA, predictive, etc.) and describe essential details of the model at the first and second levels (e.g. fixed, random or mixed effects; drift or auto-correlation).	
Effect(s) tested	Define precise effect in terms of the task or stimulus conditions instead of psychological concepts and indicate whether ANOVA or factorial designs were used.	
Specify type of analysis: W	hole brain ROI-based Both	
Statistic type for inference (See <u>Eklund et al. 2016</u>)	Specify voxel-wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.	
Correction	Describe the type of correction and how it is obtained for multiple comparisons (e.g. FWE, FDR, permutation or Monte Carlo).	
Models & analysis n/a Involved in the study	redictive analysis	
Functional and/or effective conn	ectivity Report the measures of dependence used and the model details (e.g. Pearson correlation, partial correlation, mutual information).	

etc.).

metrics.

Report the dependent variable and connectivity measure, specifying weighted graph or binarized graph, subject- or group-level, and the global and/or node summaries used (e.g. clustering coefficient, efficiency,

Specify independent variables, features extraction and dimension reduction, model, training and evaluation

Graph analysis

Multivariate modeling and predictive analysis