Catalytic asymmetric Michael reaction of methyl alkynyl ketone catalyzed by diphenylprolinol silyl ether

Nariyoshi Umekubo, Yujiro Hayashi*

Department of Chemistry, Graduate School of Science, Tohoku University 6-3 Aramaki-Aza Aoba-ku, Sendai, Miyagi 980-8579, Japan

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Experimental procedures and Characterization data

Table of Contents

1.	Materials and Methods	Page S2
2.	Experimental Procedures	Page S3-S19
	2. 1. Typical procedure of asymmetric Michael reaction using alkynyl ketone	Page S3
	2. 2. Compounds information	Page S3- S7
	2. 3. Typical procedure of Wittig reaction to determine the value of <i>ee</i>	Page S7
	2. 4. Compounds information	Page S7-S12
	2. 5. One-pot procedure of providing compound 10 from compound 1 and compound 2g	Page S12-S13
	2. 6. One-pot procedure of providing compound 6 from compound 10	Page S13-S14
	2.7. Lindlar reduction of compound 6 to determine its absolute configuration	Page S14- S15
	2. 8. Preparation of compound 8	Page S15- S16
	2.9. Stereo-selective reduction of compound 8	Page S16- S17
	2. 10. Deprotection of compound 9	Page S17- S18
	2. 11. Oxidation of compound SI-1	Page S18- S19
	2.12. Reduction & intramolecular lactonization of compound 16	Page S19
	2.13. A side-reaction in asymmetric Michael reaction	Page S19- S20
	2.14. Compounds information about side-product	Page S20- S21
3.	References	Page S21
Spe	ectra for Compounds	Page S22-S118

1. Materials and Methods

General Methods.

General Remarks: All reactions were carried out under argon atmosphere and monitored by thin-layer chromatography using Merck 60 F254 precoated silica gel plates (0.25 mm thickness). Specific optical rotations were measured using a JASCO P-1020 polarimeter and a JASCO DIP-370 polarimeter. FT-IR spectra were recorded on a JASCO FT/IR-410 spectrometer and a Perkin Elmer spectrum BX FT-IP spectrometer. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on an Agilent-400 MR (400 MHz for ¹H NMR, 100 M Hz for ¹³C NMR) instrument. Data for ¹H NMR are reported as chemical shift (δ ppm), integration multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, quintet = quin, septet = sep, dd = doublet of doublets, ddd = doublet of doublets, dt = double of triplets, td = triplet of doublets, m = multiplet, brs = broad singlet), coupling constant (Hz), Data for ¹³C NMR are reported as chemical shift. High resolution ESI-TOF mass spectra were measured by Themo Orbi-trap instrument. HPLC analysis was performed on a HITACHI Elite LaChrom Series HPLC, UV detection monitored at appropriate wavelength respectively, using CHIRALPACK[®] IG (0.46 cm × 25 cm).

2. Experimental Procedures

2.1. Typical procedure of asymmetric Michael reaction using alkynyl ketone



To a solution of cinnamaldehyde **1** (23.5 mg, 0.18 mmol) and 4-(triisopropylsilyl)but-3-yn-2-one **2a** (33.7 mg, 0.15 mmol) in EtOH (600 μ L), H₂O (8.1 μ L, 0.45 mmol), diphenylprolinol silyl ether (9.7 mg, 0.030 mmol), *p*-nitrophenol (2.1 mg, 0.015 mmol) were added at room temperature. After stirred the reaction mixture at this temperature for 3 hours, its solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was directly purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-Hexane: EtOAc = 12:1) to give the target compound (37.1 mg, 0.104 mmol) in 69% yield.

2.2. Compounds information

(R)-5-Oxo-3-phenyl-7-(triisopropylsilyl)hept-6-ynal (3a)



Yield: 69% (36.8 mg)

Physical State: Yellow oil

¹**H NMR** (**CDCl**₃) δ 1.05-1.15 (m, 21H), 2.79-2.82 (m, 2H), 2.95 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.90 (quin, *J* = 7.2, 1H), 7.20-7.24 (m, 3H), 7.29-7.33 (m, 2H), 9.66 (t, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H)

¹³**C NMR (CDCl₃)** δ 200.4, 185.1, 142.1, 128.9, 128.9, 127.3, 127.1, 127.1, 104.0, 96.7, 51.6, 49.3, 35.9, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 10.9, 10.9, 10.9

HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₂H₃₂O₂SiNa: 379.2064, found: 379.2064

IR(neat)v 2145, 1726, 1677, 1463, 1386, 1222, 1116, 1073, 997, 883, 7000, 679, 586, 457, 410 cm⁻¹

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{26}$ -20.1 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃)

 $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc =3:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.40

(R)-3-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-5-oxo-7-(triisopropylsilyl)hept-6-ynal (3b)



TIPS[^]

Yield: 68% (39.3 mg)

Physical State: Yellow oil

¹**H NMR (CDCl₃)** δ 1.06-1.15 (m, 21H), 2.75-2.78 (m, 2H), 2.92 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.85 (quin, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 9.65 (t, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H)

¹³**C NMR (CDCl₃)** δ 200.7, 185.3, 158.6, 134.1, 128.3, 128.3, 114.2, 114.2, 104.1, 96.6, 55.2, 51.9, 49.5, 34.9, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 11.0, 11.0, 11.0

HRMS (**ESI**): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₃H₃₄O₃SiNa: 409.2169, found: 409.2169

 $IR(neat) v \ 2145, \ 1726, \ 1677, \ 1463, \ 1386, \ 1222, \ 1116, \ 1073, \ 997, \ 883, \ 7000, \ 679, \ 586, \ 457, \ 410 \ cm^{-1}$

 $[\alpha]_{D^{26}}$ -15.5 (*c* 1.5, CHCl₃)

 $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc =3:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.20

(R)-3-(4-Bromophenyl)-5-oxo-7-(triisopropylsilyl)hept-6-ynal (3c)



Yield: 61% (37.9 mg)

Physical State: Yellow oil

¹**H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)** δ 1.06-1.11 (m, 21H), 2.80 (dt, *J* = 1.6, 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.92 (dd, *J* = 2.4, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (quin, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 9.66 (t, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H) ¹³**C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz)** δ 199.8, 188.9, 141.2, 132.0, 132.0, 129.1, 129.1, 121.0, 104.0, 91.6, 51.3, 49.2, 34.9, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 11.0, 11.0, 11.0

HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₂H₃₁BrO₂SiNa: 457.1169, found: 457.1172

IR(neat)v 2145, 1726, 1677, 1489, 1463, 1118, 1074, 1011, 883, 821, 681, 404 cm⁻¹

[α]_D²⁶ -19.5 (*c* 1.7, CHCl₃)

 $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc =3:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.45

(R)-3-(3-Bromophenyl)-5-oxo-7-(triisopropylsilyl)hept-6-ynal (3d)



Yield: 64% (41.6 mg)

Physical State: Yellow oil

¹**H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz**) δ 1.06-1.17 (m, 21H), 2.81 (ddd, *J* = 1.6, 5.6, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.93 (dd, *J* = 1.2, 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (quin, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.16-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.34-7.38 (m, 2H), 9.70 (t, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H)

¹³**C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz**) δ 199.7, 184.6, 144.6, 130.5, 130.4, 130.3, 126.2, 122.9, 103.9, 97.1, 51.2, 49.1, 35.0, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 11.0, 11.0, 11.0

HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₂H₃₁BrO₂SiNa: 457.1169, found: 457.1173

IR(neat) ν 2145, 1726, 1677, 1568, 1463, 1428, 1221, 1117, 1074, 997, 882, 784, 679, 587, 440, 408 cm⁻¹ $[\alpha]_{D}^{26}$ -38.5 (*c* 0.50, CHCl₃)

 $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc =3:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.45

$(R) \hbox{-} 3 \hbox{-} (2 \hbox{-} Bromophenyl) \hbox{-} 5 \hbox{-} oxo \hbox{-} 7 \hbox{-} (triisopropylsilyl) hept \hbox{-} 6 \hbox{-} ynal (3e)$



Yield: 70% (45.6 mg)

Physical State: Yellow oil

¹**H NMR** (**CDCl**₃, **400 MHz**) δ 1.07-1.15 (m, 21H), 2.85 (dd, *J* = 1.6, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.94 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 17.6 Hz, 1H), 3.03 (dd, *J* = 6.0, 16.8 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (quin, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (dt, *J* = 2.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (dd, *J* = 1.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dt, *J* = 1.2, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (dd, *J* = 1.2, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 9.68 (t, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H) ¹³**C NMR** (**CDCl**₃, **100 MHz**) δ 200.1, 184.8, 140.8, 133.5, 128.6, 128.1, 127.9, 124.3, 103.8, 96.9, 49.8, 47.9, 34.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 11.0, 11.0, 11.0 **HRMS** (**ESI**): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₂H₃₁BrO₂SiNa: 457.1169, found: 457.1170 **IR(neat)**v 2146, 1726, 1676, 1470, 1223, 1110, 1022, 883, 755, 681, 585, 450 cm⁻¹ [α]_D²⁶ +3.40 (*c* 1.9, CHCl₃) **R**_t(*n*-Hexane: EtOAc =3:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.45

(R)-3-(Furan-2-yl)-5-oxo-7-(triisopropylsilyl)hept-6-ynal (3f)



TIPS²

Yield: 78% (40.8 mg)

Physical State: Yellow oil

¹**H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)** δ 1.04-1.17 (m, 21H), 2.79 (dt, *J* = 1.6, 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.90 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.02 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 16.8 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (quin, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 6.26 (dd, *J* = 1.6, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (t, *J* = 0.80 Hz, 1H), 9.72 (t, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H)

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 200.1, 184.7, 154.9, 141.7, 110.2, 105.9, 103.8, 96.9, 48.7, 46.6, 29.0, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 10.9, 10.9, 10.9

HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₀H₃₀O₃SiNa: 369.1856, found: 369.1858

IR(neat)v 2146, 1727, 1679, 1464, 1218, 1115, 1072, 1015, 883, 734, 681, 597 cm⁻¹

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{26}$ -4.41 (*c* 1.5, CHCl₃)

 $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc =3:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.20

(R)-3-(Dimethyl(phenyl)silyl)-5-oxo-7-(triisopropylsilyl)hept-6-ynal (3g)



TIPS[^]

Yield: 71% (44.1 mg)

Physical State: Yellow oil

¹**H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)** δ 0.33 (s, 6H), 1.08-1.12 (m, 21H), 2.01-2.16 (m, 1H), 2.34 (ddd, *J* = 2.0, 8.0, 17.6 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (dd, *J* = 9.6, 16.8 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (ddd, *J* = 1.6, 5.6, 17.6 Hz, 1H), 2.69 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 16.8 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.39 (m, 3H), 7.47-7.50 (m, 2H), 9.62 (t, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H)

¹³**C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz**) δ 201.5, 187.1, 136.2, 133.9, 133.9, 129.5, 128.0, 128.0, 104.0, 96.4, 46.0, 44.1, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 15.4, 11.0, 11.0, -4.37, -4.46

HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₄H₃₈O₂Si₂Na: 437.2303, found: 437.2303

IR(neat)v 2145, 1725, 1677, 1462, 1427, 1253, 1212, 1112, 1069, 997, 883, 836, 778, 736, 701, 681, 471 cm⁻¹

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{26}$ -5.02 (*c* 1.5, CHCl₃)

 $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc =3:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.50

(R)-3-Methyl-5-oxo-7-(triisopropylsilyl)hept-6-ynal (3h)

Yield: 55% (24.3 mg)

Physical State: Colorless oil

¹**H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)** δ 1.04 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 1.08-1.16 (m, 21H), 2.35 (ddd, *J* = 2.4, 8.0, 17.2 Hz, 1H), 2.48-2.60 (m, 2H), 2.60-2.66 (dd, *J* = 6.4, 16.4 Hz, 1H), 2.72 (quin, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 9.75 (t, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H)

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 201.3, 186.2, 104.2, 96.2, 51.9, 50.0, 24.6, 20.0, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 10.8, 10.8, 10.8, 10.8

HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₇H₃₀O₂SiNa: 317.1907, found: 317.1907

IR(neat)v 2145, 1726, 1673, 1463, 1163, 1072, 996, 918, 883, 701, 680, 505 cm⁻¹

 $[\alpha]_{D^{26}}$ +20.6 (*c* 0.20, CHCl₃)

 $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc =3:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.60

2.3. Typical procedure of Wittig reaction to determine the value of ee



To a solution of aldehyde (37.1 mg, 0.10 mmol) in toluene (300 μ L), Ph₃P=CHCO₂Et (69.6 mg, 0.20 mmol) was added at room temperature. After stirring the reaction mixture at this temperature for 1 hour, the reaction mixture was directly purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-Hexane: EtOAc = 3:1) to give the target compound.

The enantiomeric ratio was determined by HPLC using CHIRALPACK[®] IG (*n*-Hexane: *i*-PrOH = 66:1; flow rate 1.0 ml/min, major isomer $t_R = 12.7$ min, minor isomer $t_R = 24.9$ min) (95% *ee*).

2.4. Compounds information

Ethyl (R,E)-7-oxo-5-phenyl-9-(triisopropylsilyl)non-2-en-8-ynoate



Yield: 73% (31.2 mg)

Physical State: Yellow oil

¹**H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)** δ 0.94-1.17 (m, 21H), 1.25 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 2.51-2.60 (m, 2H), 2.90 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 2H), 3.48 (quin, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.78 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.17-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.32 (m, 3H)

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 185.6, 166.2, 145.6, 142.3, 128.7, 128.7, 127.4, 127.4, 127.0, 123.5, 104.1, 96.5, 60.2, 51.5, 40.7, 38.6, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 14.2, 11.0, 11.0, 11.0

HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₆H₃₈O₃SiNa: 449.2482, found: 449.2480

IR(neat)v 2145, 1721, 1677, 1463, 1367, 1264, 1207, 1160, 1109, 1075 1041, 997, 883, 838, 762, 700, 679 cm⁻¹

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{26}$ -7.14 (*c* 1.8, CHCl₃)

 $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc =3:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.40

The enantiomeric ratio was determined by HPLC using CHIRALPACK[®] IG (*n*-Hexane: *i*-PrOH = 66:1; flow rate 1.0 ml/min, major isomer $t_R = 12.7$ min, minor isomer $t_R = 24.9$ min) (95% *ee*).

Ethyl (R,E)-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-7-oxo-9-(triisopropylsilyl)non-2-en-8-ynoate



TIPS

Yield: 80% (36.5 mg)

Physical State: Yellow oil

¹**H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)** δ 1.04-1.17 (m, 21H), 1.25 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 2.45-2.58 (m, 2H), 2.85 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.43 (quin, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 4.14 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.76 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (td, *J* = 7.2, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H)

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 185.8, 166.2, 158.4, 145.8, 134.3, 128.3, 128.3, 123.4, 114.1, 114.1, 104.2,

96.5, 60.2, 55.2, 51.8, 40.0, 38.8, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 14.2, 11.0, 11.0, 11.0

HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₇H₄₀O₄SiNa: 479.2588, found: 479.2593

IR(neat)v 2146, 1718, 1675, 1513, 1458, 1251, 1038, 827, 419 cm⁻¹

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{26}$ -2.84 (*c* 0.20, CHCl₃)

 $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc =3:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.20

The enantiomeric ratio was determined by HPLC using CHIRALPACK[®] IG (*n*-Hexane: *i*-PrOH = 66:1; flow rate 1.0 ml/min, major isomer $t_R = 20.6$ min, minor isomer $t_R = 39.3$ min) (95% *ee*).

Ethyl (R,E)-5-(4-bromophenyl)-7-oxo-9-(triisopropylsilyl)non-2-en-8-ynoate



TIPS[^]

Yield: 81% (40.8 mg)

Physical State: Yellow oil

¹**H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)** δ 1.06-1.14 (m, 21H), 1.26 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 2.50-2.59 (m, 2H), 2.87 (dd, *J* = 0.80, 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.43 (quin, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.76 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (td, *J* = 7.2, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H)

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 185.1, 166.1, 145.0, 141.2, 131.9, 131.9, 129.1, 129.1, 123.8, 120.8, 104.1, 96.8, 60.3, 51.3, 40.2, 38.4, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 14.2, 11.0, 11.0, 11.0

HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₆H₃₇BrO₃SiNa: 527.1588, found: 527.1589

IR(neat)v 2145, 1720, 1677, 1464, 1206, 1101, 882, 679 cm⁻¹

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{26}$ +2.65 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃)

 $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc =3:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.45

The enantiomeric ratio was determined by HPLC using CHIRALPACK[®] IG (*n*-Hexane: *i*-PrOH = 66:1; flow rate 1.0 ml/min, major isomer $t_R = 12.7$ min, minor isomer $t_R = 20.3$ min) (94% *ee*).

Ethyl (R,E)-5-(3-bromophenyl)-7-oxo-9-(triisopropylsilyl)non-2-en-8-ynoate



TIPS

Yield: 78% (39.3 mg)

Physical State: Yellow oil

¹**H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)** δ 1.07-1.15 (m, 21H), 1.26 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 2.46-2.59 (m, 2H), 2.87 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.43 (quin, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.78 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (td, *J* = 7.6, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33-7.36 (m, 2H)

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 185.0, 166.1, 145.0, 144.7, 130.4, 130.3, 130.2, 126.2, 123.9, 122.8, 104.0, 96.9, 60.3, 51.2, 40.3, 38.4, 18.7, 18.7, 18.5, 18.5, 18.4, 18.4, 14.2, 11.0, 11.0, 11.0 HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₆H₃₇BrO₃SiNa: 527.1588, found: 527.1586 IR(neat)v 2146, 1719, 1677, 1464, 1367, 1270, 1206, 1113, 882, 680 cm⁻¹ [α]_D²⁶ -10.9 (*c* 0.65, CHCl₃) $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc =3:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.45

The enantiomeric ratio was determined by HPLC using CHIRALPACK[®] IG (*n*-Hexane: *i*-PrOH = 66:1; flow rate 1.0 ml/min, major isomer $t_R = 11.4$ min, minor isomer $t_R = 20.4$ min) (95% ee).

Ethyl (R,E)-5-(2-bromophenyl)-7-oxo-9-(triisopropylsilyl)non-2-en-8-ynoate

O Br CO₂Et

Yield: 70% (435.3 mg)

Physical State: Yellow oil

¹**H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)** δ 1.05-1.17 (m, 21H), 1.26 (t, *J* =7.2 Hz, 3H), 2.52-2.64 (m, 2H), 2.86 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 16.4 Hz, 1H), 2.92 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (quin, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.78 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (td, *J* = 7.2, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (dt, *J* = 1.6, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (dd, *J* = 1.6, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (dd, *J* = 0.80, 8.0 Hz, 1H)

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 185.1, 166.1, 145.0, 140.9, 133.4, 128.4, 127.8, 127.8, 124.8, 123.8, 103.9, 96.7, 60.2, 49.8, 39.0, 37.0, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 14.2, 11.0, 11.0, 11.0

HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₆H₃₇BrO₃SiNa: 527.1588, found: 527.1588

IR(neat)v 2146, 1721, 1676, 1470, 1367, 1267, 1205, 1162, 1107, 1024, 996 920, 883, 756, 680, 585, 452, 420 cm⁻¹

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{26}$ -14.1 (*c* 1.7, CHCl₃)

 \mathbf{R}_{f} (*n*-Hexane: EtOAc =3:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.45

The enantiomeric ratio was determined by HPLC using CHIRALPACK[®] IG (*n*-Hexane: *i*-PrOH = 66:1; flow rate 1.0 ml/min, major isomer $t_R = 9.05$ min, minor isomer $t_R = 9.91$ min) (95% *ee*).

Ethyl (R,E)-5-(furan-2-yl)-7-oxo-9-(triisopropylsilyl)non-2-en-8-ynoate

CO₂Et TIPS

Yield: 65% (27.0 mg)

Physical State: Yellow oil

¹**H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)** δ 1.04-1.17 (m, 21H), 1.27 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 2.50-2.64 (m, 2H), 2.82 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 16.4 Hz, 1H), 2.94 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 16.4 Hz, 1H), 3.61 (quin, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.81 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.04 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 6.26 (dd, *J* = 2.0, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (td, *J* = 7.6, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H)

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 185.0, 166.1, 155.2, 145.1, 141.6, 123.7, 110.1, 105.9, 103.9, 96.7, 60.3, 48.7,

36.0, 33.9, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 14.2, 11.0, 11.0, 11.0

HRMS (ESI): $[M+Na]^+$ calcd for $C_{24}H_{36}O_4SiNa$: 439.2275, found: 439.2272

IR(neat)v 2146, 1720, 1681, 1464, 1367, 1267, 1161, 1110, 883, 733, 664 cm⁻¹

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{26}$ +1.04 (*c* 0.75, CHCl₃)

 $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc =3:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.20

The enantiomeric ratio was determined by HPLC using CHIRALPACK[®] IG (*n*-Hexane: *i*-PrOH = 66:1; flow rate 1.0 ml/min, major isomer $t_R = 11.9$ min, minor isomer $t_R = 16.5$ min) (94% *ee*).

Ethyl (R,E)-5-(dimethyl(phenyl)silyl)-7-oxo-9-(triisopropylsilyl)non-2-en-8-ynoate

SiMe₂Ph \cap .CO₂Et

TIPS²

Yield: 85% (41.1 mg)

Physical State: Yellow oil

¹**H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)** δ 0.32 (s, 3H), 0.33 (s, 3H), 1.05-1.15 (m, 21H), 1.26 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.79-1.86 (m, 1H), 2.14 (dquin, *J* = 1.2, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.30-2.37 (m, 1H), 2.47 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 16.4 Hz, 1H), 2.57 (dd, *J* = 5.6, 16.8 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.72 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (td, *J* = 7.2, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.33-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.46-7.50 (m, 2H)

¹³**C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz**) δ 187.5, 166.1, 147.8, 136.7, 136.7, 133.9, 129.4, 128.0, 122.7, 122.7, 104.1, 96.1, 60.1, 45.7, 32.6, 21.1, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 14.2, 11.0, 11.0, 11.0, -4.11, -4.11

HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₈H₄₄O₃Si₂Na: 507.2721, found: 507.2723

IR(neat)v 2145, 1720, 1676, 1464, 1428, 1367, 1261, 1186, 1112, 1044, 997, 883, 835, 775, 736, 701, 680, 472 cm⁻¹

[α]_D²⁶ -6.45 (*c* 2.1, CHCl₃)

 $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc =3:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.50

The enantiomeric ratio was determined by HPLC using CHIRALPACK[®] IG (*n*-Hexane: *i*-PrOH = 66:1; flow rate 1.0 ml/min, major isomer $t_R = 7.84$ min, minor isomer $t_R = 9.32$ min) (98% *ee*).

Ethyl (*R*,*E*)-5-methyl-7-oxo-9-(triisopropylsilyl)non-2-en-8-ynoate

Me .CO₂Et TIPS

Yield: 60% (21.8 mg)

Physical State: Yellow oil

¹**H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)** δ 0.99 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 1.08-1.16 (m, 21H), 1.29 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 2.10-1.17 (m, 1H), 2.22-2.30 (m, 1H), 2.30-2.39 (m, 1H), 2.41 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 2.57 (dd, *J* = 6.0, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.84 (dd, J = 1.2, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (td, J = 7.2, 15.6 Hz, 1H) ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) & 186.8, 166.3, 146.4, 123.4, 104.2, 96.0, 52.1, 38.9, 29.3, 19.6, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 14.2, 10.9, 10.9, 10.9 HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₁H₃₆O₃SiNa: 387.2326, found: 387.2325 IR(neat)v 2146, 1727, 1677, 1462, 1070, 882, 682, 522, 483, 459, 431, 421, 413 cm⁻¹ [α]_D²⁶ +10.8 (*c* 0.15, CHCl₃) R_f(*n*-Hexane: EtOAc =3:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.60

The enantiomeric ratio was determined by HPLC using CHIRALPACK[®] IG (*n*-Hexane: *i*-PrOH = 66:1; flow rate 1.0 ml/min, major isomer $t_R = 5.91$ min, minor isomer $t_R = 6.39$ min) (76% ee).

2.5. One-pot procedure of providing compound 10 from compound 1 and compound 2g



To a solution of aldehyde **2g** (114 mg, 0.60 mmol) and 4-(triisopropylsilyl)but-3-yn-2-one **1** (112 mg, 0.50 mmol) in EtOH (2.0 mL), H₂O (27 μ L, 1.5 mmol), diphenylprolinol silyl ether (32.5 mg, 0.10 mmol) and *p*nitrophenol (7.0 mg, 0.050 mmol) were added at room temperature. After stirred at this temperature for 12 hours, its solvent was removed by evaporation under reduced pressure. To a solution of the residue in *t*-BuOH/H₂O = (3/1) (0.8 mL), NaH₂PO₄·H₂O (312 mg, 1.0 mmol), 2-methyl-2-butene (160 μ L, 1.5 mmol) and NaClO₂ (45 mg, 0.5 mmol) were added at 0 °C. After stirred at this temperature for 2 hours, the oxidant in the reaction mixture was quenched by acetaldehyde (0.14 mL, 2.5 mmol). Its solvent and excess amount of acetaldehyde were removed by evaporation under reduced pressured. To a solution of the residue in Et₂O: MeOH = (4:1) (1.0 mL), TMSCHN₂ (2.0 M in Et₂O, 75 μ L, 1.5 mmol) was added at room temperature. After stirred at this temperature for 15 minutes, its solvent was removed by evaporation under reduced pressure. To a solution of the residue in MeOH (1.0 mL), sodium borohydride (56.0 mg, 1.5 mmol) was added at 0 °C. After stirred at this temperature for 1 hour, the reductant was quenched by acetic acid (0.24 mL, 6.0 mmol). Its solvent and acetic acid were removed by evaporation under reduced pressure. To a solution of the residue in CH₂Cl₂ (1.5 mL), CSA (117 mg, 0.5 mmol) was added at room temperature. After stirred at this temperature for 1 hour, the reaction mixture was quenched by sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (5 mL) and diluted by EtOAc (5 mL). After separated, the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (5 mL) for three times. The combined organic layers were washed by brine (10 mL), dried over on sodium sulfate, and evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude material was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-Hexane: EtOAc = 10:1) to give desired compound **10** (85.0 mg, 0.21 mmol) in 42% isolated yield.

(4R,6S)-4-(Dimethyl(phenyl)silyl)-6-((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-one (10)

Yield: 42% (85.0 mg)

Physical State: Colorless oil

¹**H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)** δ 0.33 (s, 3H), 0.33 (s, 3H), 1.02-1.11 (m, 21H), 1.78-2.00 (m, 3H), 2.27 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 18.0 Hz, 1H), 2.62 (ddd, *J* = 1.6, 6.0, 18.0 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (dd, *J* = 3.2, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 7.35-7.42 (m, 3H), 7.45-7.48 (m, 2H)

¹³**C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz**) δ 170.1, 135.3, 133.8, 133.8, 129.7, 128.1, 128.1, 103.7, 89.1, 70.4, 30.7, 29.8, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 15.6, 11.0, 11.0, -5.65, -5.76

HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₄H₃₈O₂Si₂Na: 437.2303, found: 437.2300

IR(neat)v 2943, 2865, 2317, 1746, 1464, 1261, 1065, 977, 883, 814, 702, 668 cm⁻¹

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{26}$ +43.9 (*c* 1.5, CHCl₃)

 $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc = 2:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.45

2.6. One-pot procedure of providing compound 6 from compound 10



To a solution of compound **10** (82.8 mg, 0.20 mmol) in THF, TBAF (1.0 M in THF, 300 μ L, 0.30 mmol) was added at 0 °C. After stirred at this temperature for 30 minutes, acetic acid (34.3 μ L, 0.60 mmol) was added. Then solvent was removed by evaporation under reduced pressure. To a solution of the residue in

CH₂Cl₂ (0.30 mL), MgSO₄ (82.8 mg) and HBF₄·OEt₂ (272 μ L, 2.0 mmol) were added at 40 °C. After stirred at this temperature for 2 hours, TBAOH (10% in MeOH, 5.2 mL, 2.0 mmol) was added. Then solvent was removed by evaporation under reduced pressure. To a solution of the residue in THF: MeOH = (1:1) (0.30 mL), KF (34.9 mg, 0.60 mmol), KHCO₃ (60.0 mg, 0.60 mmol) and aq. H₂O₂ (35% in H₂O, 40.2 μ L, 0.60 mmol) were added at 40 °C. After stirred at this temperature for 2 hours, solvent was removed by evaporation under reduced pressure. To a solution of the residue in 2,2-dimethoxy propane (0.60 mL), TsOH·H₂O (133 mg, 0.70 mmol) was added at 50 °C. After stirred at this temperature for 2 hours, the reaction mixture was quenched by sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (5 mL) and diluted by EtOAc (5 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (5 mL) for three times. The combined organic layers were washed with brine (20 mL), dried over on sodium sulfate. Its solvent was removed by evaporation under reduced pressure. The combined organic layers were washed with brine (20 mL), dried over on sodium sulfate. Its solvent was removed by evaporation under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-Hexane: EtOAc = 4:1) to give corresponding compound **6** (17.0 mg, 0.080 mmol) in 40% isolated yield.

Methyl 2-((4R,6S)-6-ethynyl-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxan-4-yl)acetate (6)

CO₂Me

Yield: 40% (17.0 mg)

Physical State: Colorless oil

¹**H NMR** (**CDCl**₃, **400 MHz**) δ 1.42 (s, 3H), 1.47 (s, 3H), 1.67 (t, *J* =13.2 Hz, 1H), 1.85 (td, *J* = 2.4, 16.8 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (dd, *J* = 6.0, 16.0 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 2.56 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 16.0 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 4.31 (dsext, *J* = 2.4, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (td, *J* = 2.4, 11.6 Hz, 1H) ¹³**C NMR** (**CDCl**₃, **100 MHz**) δ 171.0, 99.6, 82.2, 72.9, 65.4, 60.0, 51.7, 40.8, 36.7, 30.0, 19.3 **HRMS** (**ESI**): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₁H₁₆O₄Na: 235.0941, found: 235.0940 **IR(neat)**v 3276, 2926, 2126, 1728, 1462, 1381, 1262, 1200, 1166, 1123, 1011, 924, 845, 743, 665, 557 cm⁻¹ [α]_D²⁶ -1.97 (*c* 1.1, CHCl₃)

 $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc = 2:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.40

2.7. Lindlar reduction of compound 6 to determine its absolute configuration



To a solution of compound 7 (12.7 mg, 0.060 mmol) in toluene (1.0 mL), Lindlar's catalyst (2.0 mg) and quinolone (7.11 μ L, 0.060 mmol) were added at room temperature under H₂ atmosphere (1 atm). After stirred at this condition for 3 hours, the residue was filtrated by Celite[®]. The solvent was removed by evaporation under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-Hexane: EtOAc

= 4:1) to give corresponding compound **15** (11.7 mg, 0.055 mmol) in 91% isolated yield. All Spectrum data of target compound were matched to reported data¹). The reported value of optical rotation is $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ -2.8 (*c* 1.4, CHCl₃) and observed one was $[\alpha]_D^{27}$ -2.9 (*c* 1.0 CHCl₃). Thus, absolute configuration of compound **15** is same to reported one.

Methyl 2-((4R,6S)-2,2-dimethyl-6-vinyl-1,3-dioxan-4-yl)acetate (15)

CO₂Me

 $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc = 2:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.35

2.8. Preparation of compound 8



To a solution of aldehyde **2g** (1.33 g, 7.0 mmol) and 4-(triisopropylsilyl)but-3-yn-2-one **1** (1.57 g, 7.0 mmol) in EtOH (21 mL), H₂O (378 μ L, 21 mmol), diphenylprolinol silyl ether (456 mg, 1.4 mmol) and *p*-nitrophenol (97.4 mg, 0.70 mmol) were added at room temperature. After stirred the reaction mixture at this temperature for 3 hours, its solvent was removed under reduced pressure. To a solution of the residue in *t*-BuOH: H₂O = (3:1) (21 mL), NaH₂PO₄·H₂O (2.18 g, 14 mmol), 2-methyl-2-butene (2.23 mL, 21 mmol) and NaClO₂ (633 mg, 7.0 mmol) were added at 0 °C. After stirred at this temperature for 2 hours, the reaction mixture was quenched by sat. aq. sodium hyposulfite (50 mL). The residue was diluted by EtOAc (20 mL). After separated,

the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (30 mL) for three times. The combined organic layers were evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was directly used without further purification. To a solution of crude material in DMF (30 mL), MeI (2.18 mL, 35 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (7.26 g, 75 mmol) were added at room temperature. After stirred at this temperature for 2 hours, the reaction mixture was quenched by sat. aq. ammonium chloride (60 mL). The residue was diluted by EtOAc (30 mL). After separated, the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (50 mL) for three times. The combined organic layers were washed by brine, dried over on sodium sulfate, and evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude material was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-Hexane: EtOAc = 15:1) to give the target compound **8** (1.71 g, 3.85 mmol) in 55% yield.

Methyl (R)-3-(dimethyl(phenyl)silyl)-5-oxo-7-(triisopropylsilyl)hept-6-ynoate (8)

SiMe₂Ph .CO₂Me

TIPS²

Yield: 55% (1.71 g)

Physical State: Brown oil

¹**H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)** δ 0.33 (s, 6H), 1.07-1.15 (m, 21H), 2.05-2.12 (m, 1H), 2.26 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (dd, *J* = 6.0, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 2.55 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 16.8 Hz, 1H), 2.66 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 16.8 Hz, 1H) 3.56 (s, 3H), 7.33-7.39 (m, 3H), 7.48-7.50 (m, 2H)

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 187.2, 173.3, 136.4, 133.9, 133.9, 129.4, 127.9, 127.9, 104.0, 95.7, 51.4, 46.0, 34.4, 32.8, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 11.0, 11.0, 11.0, -4.48, -4.52

HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₅H₄₀O₃Si₂Na: 467.2408, found: 467.2411

IR(neat)v 2946, 2867, 2146, 1721, 1676, 1464, 1428, 1367, 1261, 1185, 1112, 1044, 997, 883, 835, 815, 775, 736, 701, 680, 581 cm⁻¹

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{26}$ +14.3 (*c* 0.90, CHCl₃)

 $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc = 3:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.55

2.9. Stereo-selective reduction of compound 8



To a solution of compound **8** (44.5 mg, 0.10 mmol) in MeOH (300 μ L), sodium borohydride (11.3 mg, 0.30 mmol) was added at 0 °C. After stirred at this temperature for 1 hour, the reaction mixture was quenched by sat. aq. ammonium chloride (5 mL). The residue was diluted by EtOAc (5 mL). After separated, the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (5 mL) for three times. The combined organic layers were washed by brine (20 mL) and dried over on sodium sulfate. The solvent was removed by evaporation under reduced pressure.

The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-Hexane: EtOAc = 8:1) to give the target compound **9** (39.2 mg, 0.088 mmol) in 88% yield.

Methyl (3R,5S)-3-(dimethyl(phenyl)silyl)-5-hydroxy-7-(triisopropylsilyl)hept-6-ynoate (9)

OH SiMe₂Ph .CO₂Me

TIPS²

Yield: 88% (39.2 mg)

Physical State: Brown oil

¹**H** NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 0.321 (s, 6H), 1.03-1.14 (m, 21H), 1.60-1.66 (m, 1H), 1.70-1.81 (m, 1H), 1.87-1.95 (m, 1H), 2.39 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 16.4 Hz, 1H), 2.46 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 16.4 Hz, 1H), 3.60 (d, *J* = 0.80 Hz, 3H), 4.31 (dd, *J* = 4.0, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.36 (m, 3H), 7.48-7.50 (m, 2H)

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 175.5, 137.0, 133.9, 133.9, 129.3, 127.9, 127.9, 108.6, 85.4, 61.2, 51.9, 39.1, 34.2, 18.6, 18.6, 18.6, 18.6, 18.6, 18.6, 11.1, 11.1, 11.1, -4.32, -4.87

HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₅H₄₂O₃Si₂Na: 469.2565, found: 469.2564

IR(neat)v 2944, 2866, 2169, 1739, 1463, 1252, 1113, 1017, 883, 834, 816, 774, 735, 701, 678 cm⁻¹

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{26}$ -3.04 (*c* 2.5, CHCl₃)

 $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc = 2:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.45

2.10. Deprotection of compound 9



To a solution of compound **9** (133 mg, 0.30 mmol) in THF (0.90 mL), TBAF (1.0 M in THF, 0.60 mL, 0.60 mmol) was added at 0 °C with stirring. Then, the reaction temperature was elevated to room temperature. After stirred at this temperature for 1 hour, the reaction mixture was quenched by sat. aq. ammonium chloride (20 mL). The residue was diluted by EtOAc (10 mL). After separated, aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL) for three times. The combined organic layers were dried over on sodium sulfate and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-Hecane/EtOAc = $1/6 \sim 1/2$) to give desired alcohol **SI-1** (23.5 mg, 27%) and undesired lactone **11** (47.2 mg, 61%).

Methyl (3R,5S)-3-(dimethyl(phenyl)silyl)-5-hydroxyhept-6-ynoate (SI-1)

OH SiMe₂Ph .CO₂Me

Yield: 27% (23.5 mg) Physical State: Colorless oil ¹**H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)** δ 0.322 (s, 6H), 1.57-1.64 (m, 1H), 1.67-1.73 (m, 1H), 1.94 (ddd, *J* = 2.8, 9.6, 12.8 Hz, 1H), 2.22 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 16.8 Hz, 1H), 2.42-2.43 (m, 1H), 2.47 (dd, *J* = 3.6, 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 4.27 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 7.35-7.37 (m, 3H), 7.49-7.51 (m, 2H)

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 175.9, 136.7, 133.9, 133.9, 129.3, 127.9, 127.9, 84.8, 72.7, 60.3, 52.0, 38.9, 34.0, 16.8, -4.47, -4.92

HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₆H₂₂O₃SiNa: 313.1230, found: 313.1235

IR(neat)v 3448, 3291, 3070, 2952, 2116, 1733, 1428, 1253, 1113, 1043, 816, 775, 736, 702 cm⁻¹

 $[\alpha]_{D^{26}}$ -18.2 (*c* 0.50, CHCl₃)

 $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc = 2:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.25

(4R,6S)-4-(Dimethyl(phenyl)silyl)-6-ethynyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-one (11)

Yield: 61% (47.2 mg)

Physical State: Yellow oil

¹**H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)** 0.343 (s, 3H), 0.347 (s, 3H), 1.83-1.96 (m, 3H), 2.24-2.36 (s, 1H), 2.58 (dd, *J* = 2.0, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 2.64 (dd, *J* = 4.2, 16.4 Hz, 1H), 5.14 (quin, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.36-7.42 (m, 2H), 7.46-7.50 (m, 3H)

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 170.0, 135.2, 133.8, 133.8, 129.8, 128.1, 128.1, 80.2, 75.6, 69.4, 30.6, 29.2, 15.3, -5.60, -5.69

HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₁₈O₂SiNa: 281.0968, found: 281.0964

IR(neat)v 3265, 2954, 2092, 1735, 1683, 1428, 1253, 1113, 816, 776, 737, 702 cm⁻¹

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{26}$ +53.9 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃)

 $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc = 2:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.30

2.11. Oxidation of compound SI-1



To a solution of alcohol **SI-1** (20 mg, 0.076 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (1.0 mL), Mn_2O (65.4 mg, 0.76 mmol) was added at room temperature. After stirred at this temperature for 1 hour, its solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was diluted by EtOAc and filtrated by silica gel. After removed its solvent under reduced pressure, the reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-Hexane: EtOAc = 3:1) to give desired ketone **16** (16.9 mg, 0.058 mmol) in 76%.

Methyl (R)-3-(dimethyl(phenyl)silyl)-5-oxohept-6-ynoate (16)

Yield: 76% (16.9 mg) Physical State: Colorless oil ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 0.326 (s, 6H), 2.02-2.09 (m, 1H), 2.22 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (dd, *J* = 5.6, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 2.58-2.70 (m, 2H), 3.20 (s, 1H), 3.57 (s, 3H), 7.35-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.48-7.51 (m, 2H) ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 186.8, 173.5, 136.2, 133.9, 133.9, 129.5, 128.0, 128.0, 81.3, 78.6, 51.6, 45.8, 34.2, 17.6, -4.56, -4.61 HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₆H₂₀O₃SiNa: 311.1074, found: 311.1079 IR(neat)v 3281, 2925, 2359, 1719, 1439, 1263, 1015, 763 cm⁻¹ [α]_D²⁶ -8.80 (*c* 0.050, CHCl₃) R_t(*n*-Hexane: EtOAc = 2:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.60

2.12. Reduction & intramolecular lactonization of compound 16



To a solution of compound **16** (14.4 mg, 0.050 mmol) in MeOH (150 μ L), sodium borohydride (5.68 mg, 0.15 mmol) was added at 0 °C. After stirred at this temperature for 1 hour, the reaction mixture was quenched by sat. aq. ammonium chloride (0.5 mL). The residue was diluted by EtOAc (0.5 mL). After separated, the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (1 mL) for three times. The combined organic layers were washed by brine (3 mL) and dried over sodium sulfate. The solvent was removed by evaporation under reduced pressure. It was difficult to determine the value of diastereo ratio because the both of peaks were overlap in ¹H-NMR spectrum. To distinguished its peaks, alcohol was converted to lactone. To a solution of the residue in CH₂Cl₂ (0.5 mL), CSA (2.32 mg, 0.0020 mmol) was added at room temperature. After stirred at this temperature for 1 hour, the residue was directly purified by column chromatography (*n*-Hexane: EtOAc = 5:1) to give diastereomixtures of compound **11** (9.8 mg, 0.038 mmol) with *syn: anti* = 3:1. *Syn: anti* ratio means that the diastereo ratio of the compound **11**.

2.13. A side-reaction in asymmetric Michael reaction



To a solution of 4-(4-nitrophenyl)but-3-yn-2-one (18.9 mg, 0.10 mmol) in EtOH (100 μ L), (*S*)-2-(diphenyl((trimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)pyrrolidine (32.5 mg, 0.10 mmol) was added at room temperature. After stirred at this temperature for 1 hour, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was directly purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-Hexane: EtOAc = 3:1 with 1% Et₃N) to give adduct (38.5 mg, 0.075 mmol) in 75%.

(S)-4-(2-(Diphenyl((trimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)pyrrolidin-1-yl)-4-(4-nitrophenyl)but-3-en-2-one



E/Z mixtures **Yield:** 75% (38.5 mg)

Physical State: Yellow oil

¹**H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz**) δ -0.15 (s, 9H), 0.83-0.93 (m, 1H), 1.21-1.28 (m, 1H), 1.85 (s, 3H), 1.93-2.04 (m, 2H) 2.15-2.22 (m, 1H), 3.47 (ddd, *J* = 5.6, 9.6, 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 5.40 (brs, 1H), 7.29-7.43 (m, 10 H), 8.00-8.19 (m, 4H)

¹³**C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz**) δ 193.9, 163.0, 158.8, 158.8, 147.3, 147.3, 142.3, 142.1, 141.4, 129.3, 129.3, 129.3, 129.3, 129.3, 128.1, 128.1, 127.8, 127.8, 127.7, 127.7, 127.5, 127.5, 83.2, 66.1 44.0, 30.8, 27.3, 22.1, 2.09, 2.09, 2.09

HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₃₀H₃₄N₂O₄SiNa: 537.2180, found: 537.2180

IR(neat)v 2956, 1661, 1601, 1523, 1493, 1345, 1252, 1182, 1069, 969, 840, 755, 704 cm⁻¹

 $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc = 1:2, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.10

2.14. Compounds information about side-product

(4E,6Z)-7-Phenyl-1-(triisopropylsilyl)hepta-4,6-dien-1-yn-3-one (4)

TIPS

E/Z mixtures. (The presented structure is major isomer determined by coupling constant.)

Physical State: Brawn oil

¹**H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz**) δ 0.96-1.04 (m, 21H), 6.35 (d, *J* = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 6.96-6.97 (m, 2H) 7.32-7.44

(m, 3H), 7.49-7.52 (m, 2H), 7.67 (ddd, J = 3.6, 6.8, 15.6 Hz, 1H) ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 177.8, 148.4, 142.7, 135.7, 131.9, 129.6, 128.9, 128.9, 127.5, 127.5, 126.4, 102.9, 95.7, 18.6, 18.6, 18.6, 18.6, 18.6, 18.6, 11.1, 11.1, 11.1 HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₂H₃₀OSiNa: 361.1958, found: 361.1959 IR(neat)v 2946, 2866, 2151, 1615, 1462, 1231, 1105, 997, 881, 754, 679 cm⁻¹ R_f(*n*-Hexane: EtOAc = 3:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.85

(1'*R*,2'*S*,3'*R*)-2'-(3-(Triisopropylsilyl)propioloyl)-1',2',3',6'-tetrahydro-[1,1':3',1''-terphenyl]-4'carbaldehyde (5)



Diastereomeric mixtures. (The presented structure is major isomer determined by coupling constant.)

Physical State: Brawn oil

¹**H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)** δ 0.96-1.04 (m, 21H), 2.46 (tdd, *J* = 2.4, 10.4, 21.2 Hz, 1H), 3.01 (td, *J* = 5.6, 21.2 Hz, 1H), 3.46 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 12.4 Hz, 1H), 3.52 (ddd, *J* = 5.4, 10.8, 12.4 Hz, 1H), 4.58 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (t, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.14-7.33 (m, 10 H), 9.47 (s, 1H)

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 204.8, 191.6, 149.2, 143.4, 141.8, 137.4, 129.3, 129.3, 128.7, 128.7, 128.4, 128.4, 127.3, 127.3, 126.7, 126.7, 104.2, 97.5, 56.8, 41.3, 36.7, 36.0, 18.5, 18.5, 18.5, 18.4, 18.4, 18.4, 10.9, 10.9, 10.9

HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₃₁H₃₈O₂SiNa: 493.2533, found: 493.2538

IR(neat)v 3428, 3030, 2945, 2866, 2146, 1726, 1685, 1494, 1460, 1374, 1204, 1148, 1074, 997, 957, 882, 758, 701, 583 cm⁻¹

 $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}(n$ -Hexane: EtOAc = 3:1, color reagent: Hanessian's stain reagent): 0.20

3. References

[1] Y. Gu, B. B. Snider, Org. Lett. 2003, 5, 4385.








































S40





























































TIPS





-600	-550	-500	-450	-400	-350	-300	-250	-200	-150	-100	-50		
940.1 920.1													
690'L- 890'L-													0.0
980'L1													0.5
201.1- 911.1-											_	-	o.
-1130 6811-			_									F-10.8	- -
2911- 2911-													
-1.248 -1.266													2.0
-2.521 -2.521	ž			_								۲. IE.	5.5
-2.539				~								1 00 T	0
5/6.2- 822.550													က်
-2.582	Ē			`								F 30'I	3.5
-2.601 -2.601	-										_	L 00'I	4.0
-2.615 -2.619												1 00 1	.5
787.2- 753.5- 753.5-													
-2.805 -2.829													11 (pl
-2.908 -2.908													5.5
-2.926 -2.949 -2.967	F		,	~ ~								J ^I 26.0	0.0
-3.589 278.5-	r			~								98.0]	ц С
-3.607	Ē		,	<							_	F 00'I	9
149.6- 761.4-	_			_	i	ÈÈ							7.0
071.4- 071.4-					(S.						- 62 0	7.5
962'9- 988'9-						\hat{I}							.0.
940.8- 86.038				Ĺ.	Q	\rangle							2
797.9- 692.9-				l		· <							αi
782.8- 782.8-					0=	\prec							9.0
6.801 108.8-						\parallel							9.5
048.8-						PS							0.0
905.7- 205.7- 205.7-						F							5 10
							074					·	_ <u>_</u>

-600	-550	-500	-450	-400	-350	-300	-250	-200	-150	-100	-50	- 50	8
940.1 920.1													
690'L-												-	0.0
980'L1													0.5
201.1- 911.1-												-	_ o
-1130 6811-			_									-96'9 Γ-10'	
291'1- 291'1-													
-1.248 -1.266													2.0
ر_2.521 2.521	ĩ			_								Γ. IE	5.2]
-2.539				~								F 66	0 0
5/6.2- 822.550													က်
-2.582	Ē			>							-24	0e -1	
-2.601 -2.601	=										_		4.0
-2.615 -2.619												03 T	2
787.2- 753.5- 753.5-													
-2.805 -2.829													1 (pl.
-2.908 -2.908													5.5
-2.926 -2.949 -2.967	F		,	~								F 26 [.]	0.0
-3.589 278.5-				~								_ _{⊉∕} 98 [.]	<u>م</u> 0
-3.6074 -3.624	Ē			\								F 00	0 1
149.6- 761.4-	_				i	Ţ					_		7.0
071.4- 071.4-					(S.						- 62	7.5
962'9- 988'9-													
940.8- 860.3-				Ĺ	Q	\rangle							2
797.9- 692.9-				l		· <							σ
782.8- 782.8-					0=	\prec							0.6
6.801 108.8-						\parallel							9.5
048.8-						PS							0.0
905.7- 205.7- 205.7-						F							5 10
							070					1	L _
















































































9






O SiMe₂Ph CO₂Me



















