

Figure S2. A) Scatterplot showing PR before the operation, after percutaneous transluminal angioplasty (PTA) and stenting in M1 stenosis. PR increased after PTA and stenting $(0.79\pm0.10 \text{ after PTA}, 0.82\pm0.06 \text{ after stenting versus } 0.49\pm0.11 \text{ before operation; P<0.01}$. **B)** Scatterplot showing the relationship between PR and diameter

stenosis in M1 stenosis (r=-0.49, P=0.11). **C**) Scatterplot showing the relationship between PR and Tmax in M1 stenosis. PR was significantly negatively correlated with Tmax (r=-0.72, P<0.01, Figure 3C). If Tmax > 6 seconds was selected as the intentional indication in our study, we got the cut-off value of PR 0.64 (95% CI: 0.56-0.73). **D**) Tmax pre-intervention and post-intervention. Tmax decreased in most patients (9/10) at 6-month follow-up.