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1. General Experimental Methods

General Methods: ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on an Agilent 400 NMR spectrometer. Deuterated chloroform and deuterated dimethyl sulfoxide were used as solvents, unless stated otherwise. The spectra were calibrated against the residual solvent peak or TMS. Chemical shifts (δ) and coupling constants (J) are given in ppm (parts per million) and Hz (Hertz). The following abbreviations were used to explain multiplicities: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet, bs = broad singlet. Purity of final compounds was assessed using a Thermo Finnigan LCQ Deca with a Thermo Surveyor LCMS system at wavelengths of 214 and 254 nm and confirmed >95%. All commercially available compounds were used without purification.

2. Figures and Synthetic Schemes



Figure S1. (A) Representative RET inhibitors. (B) Structures of ATP and different pyrazoloadenine-based protein kinase inhibitors



Figure S2: (A) Fragment 1 with Domains I and II highlighted. (B) Fragment 1 in the RET active site. Hydrogen bonds are illustrated in blue and π - π stacking interactions in brown.



Figure S3: (A) Fragment **4d** modelled in the RET active site. The pyrazole does not interact with Phe893 of the DFG motif. (B) Fragment **4a** modelled in the RET active site. The phenyl ring effectively interacts with Phe893 of the DFG motif to gain access into the back pocket. Hydrogen bonds are illustrated in blue and π - π stacking interactions in brown.

Scheme S1: Synthesis of fragments 3b-d and 3e-k^a



^aReagents and condition: a) NaH (1.08 eq.), dry DMF, inert atm., rt to 80 °C, 24-48 h 48-50%; b) K₂CO₃ (1.5 eq.), DMF, rt to 80 °C, 12 h, 56-60%; c) CuI (10 mol%), *N*,*N*-dimetyl ethylene amine (20 mol%), Cs₂CO₃ (3.0 eq), DMA, MW (110 °C, 1h)

Scheme S2: Synthesis of fragments 4a-d^a



"Reagents and condition: a) *N*-iodosuccinimide (1.3 eq.), DMF, N₂ atm., 18 h, 92%; b) MeI (1.5 eq.), K₂CO₃(1.5 eq.), DMF, rt to 80 °C, 12 h. 80%; c) R₁-B(OH)₂ (1.0 eq.), Pd(dppf)Cl₂.DCM complex (1.0 eq.), K₃PO₄ (2.0 eq.), Dioxne:H₂O(4:1), MW (100 °C, 1 h), 45-50%.

Scheme S3: Synthesis of 6a-e, 7a-c and 8a-r^a



^{*a*}Reagents and condition: a) Pd₂(dba)₃ (10 mol%), PCy₃ (20mol%), K₂CO₃(2eq.), DMF:EtOH (4:1), MW (100 °C, 1 h), 42-56%; b) LiOH (3 eq.), THF:H₂O (1:1), MW (100 °C, 15 min.), 75-88%; c) R₃-NH₂ (1.5 eq.), HOAt (1 eq.), EDCl (2.5 eq.), DIPEA (1.2 eq.), dry DMF, rt, 24 h, 35-50%.





^aReagents and condition: a) Triphosgene (0.33 eq.), trimethylamine (0.90 eq.), THF, 0-60 °C, 6 h, 61%; b) DIPEA (2.0 eq.), THF, inert atm., rt, 5 h.60%; c) Pd₂(dba)₃(10 mol%), PCy₃ (20mol%), K₂CO₃ (2.0eq.), DMF:H₂O (4:1), MW (100 °C, 1 h), 38%.

$\begin{array}{c ccccc} NH_2 & & & NH_2 & & \\ N & & & RET \ IC_{50} = 9.20 \ \mu M & & & NH_2 & I \\ N & & & TRKA \ IC_{50} = 57.07 \ \mu M & & & \\ N & & LC-2/ad \ GI_{50} = 1.47 \ \mu M & & & \\ H & & KM-12 \ GI_{50} = 1.73 \ \mu M & & & \\ 1 & & A549 \ GI_{50} = 3.02 \ \mu M & & & R_1 \end{array}$						
Compound	\mathbf{R}_1	RET IC50 (µM)	TRKA IC50 (µM)	LC-2/ad EC ₅₀ (µM)	KM-12 EC ₅₀ (μM)	A549 EC50 (μM)
2	Н	3.2±0.98	16.8±1.48	9.68±0.41	6.81±0.38	9.86±1.98
3a	CH ₃	3.3±0.80	74.7±4.14	1	1	1
3b	₹N_O	0.73±0.50	84.3±0.46	> 20	> 20	> 20
Зс	€N	0.87±0.008	42.8±1.20	> 20	> 20	> 20
3d	ξ-√	1.6±0.6	55.8±10.98	5.16±1.35	7.42±0.30	8.56±2.49
Зе	N Ş	14.7±1.7	66.8±3.30	>20	>20	>20
3f	ş0	1.9±2.81	88.5±44.23	0.36±0.09	8.62±1.33	32.01±9.05
3g	şОН	1.5±0.61	>100	> 10	> 10	> 10
3h	¢o	10.1±2.05	59.5±2.96	> 10	> 10	> 10
3i	<u></u>	1.9±2.23	25.6±2.64	> 10	> 10	> 10
Зј	€CN	28.08±12.97		> 10	> 10	> 10
3k	₹— C o	1.3±0.60	1.374±0.50	> 10	> 10	> 10

Table S1. Inhibition values for various N-functionalized fragments^a

^{*a*} All data represent mean of at least n = 3 independent experiments.

Table S2. Inhibition values for various C-3 functionalized fragments^a

$NH_2 R_2$								
Compound	R ₂	RET IC50 (µM)	TRKA IC50 (µM)	LC-2/ad EC ₅₀ (µM)	KM-12 EC ₅₀ (μM)	A549 EC ₅₀ (μM)		
4a	$\mathbf{k} = \mathbf{k} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{k}$	6.82±2.22	69.1±3.21	> 20	> 20	> 20		
4b	ξ−−√−F	14.62±0.2	109±5.42	> 20	> 20	> 20		
4c	} ► N	27.13±3.11	> 100	> 20	> 20	> 20		
4d	N N	1.044±0.27	> 100	> 20	> 20	> 20		

^{*a*} All data represent mean of at least n = 3 independent experiments.

Table S3. Inhibition values and SAR for various N-1 and C-3 functionalized derivatives^a

Code	Compound	RET IC50 (µM)	TRKA IC50 (µM)	LC-2/ad EC ₅₀ (µM)	KM-12 EC ₅₀ (μM)	Α549 ΕC50 (μΜ)
6a	N NH2	1.01±0.37	2.65	> 20	>20	>20
6b	N NH2 N N O	14.16±3.2		> 20	> 20	> 20
6с	HO NH2	10.16±4.2	6.43	> 20	> 20	> 20
6d		12.187±5.84	62.116	> 20	> 20	> 20



^a All data represent mean of at least n = 3 independent experiments.

 Table S4.
 Inhibition values and SAR for various N-functionalized substituted

 phenylacetamides^a



Code	\mathbf{R}_1	R ₃	RET IC ₅₀ (μM)	TRKA IC50 (µM)	LC-2/ad EC ₅₀ (µM)	KM-12 EC ₅₀ (μM)	Α549 ΕC ₅₀ (μΜ)
8a	CH ₃	HN F	35.52±1.41	3.7±0.25	1.68±0.45	2.11±0.08	9.20±3.11
8b	CH ₃	HN N-O	0.00057±0.0000005	0.20±0.74	0.024±0.02	0.71±0.07	20.35±0.51
8c	CH ₃		0.0562±0.000004	4.03±0.93	0.37±0.04	2±0.03	56.3±5.91

8d	CH ₃	HN N-N	0.007954±0.02	106±22.59	> 20	> 20	> 20
8e	CH ₃		0.25±0.075	120±36.4	> 20	> 20	> 20
8f	CH ₃		26.42±0.4	47.8±18.05	> 20	> 20	> 20
8g	N NH2	O N N N	0.449±0.005	0.13±0.025	0.76±0.35	3.42±0.27	9.87±3.64
8h	CH ₃		0.109±0.40	0.295±0.16	1.56±0.36	10.46±0.21	> 20
8i	N		21.63±4.5	98.9±20.7	> 20	> 20	> 20
8j	N	HN F	> 20	> 20	> 20	> 20	> 20
8k	N		0.13±0.07	4.74±1.45	0.38±0.03	1.12±0.12	> 20
81	N		0.069±0.004	3.95±0.8	3.0±0.04	2.57±0.64	> 20
8m	N Ş	HN N N	2.93±0.5	0.49±0.18	> 20	> 20	> 20

8n	₹N_O	HN HN	0.08±0.02	0.12±0.06	7.83±0.80	> 20	> 20
80	ş/_N	HN N-O	16.70±8.95	46.60±3.45	> 20	> 20	> 20
8p	₩O-	HN N-O	0.000326±0.00005	0.198±0.067	0.016	0.3±0.02	5.92±1.33
8q	¥~	HN F	0.25±0.07	1.74±0.43	2.41±0.16	4.38±0.30	> 20
8r	<u></u>	HN F	3.48±0.42	2.48±0.83	> 20	> 20	> 20

^{*a*} All data represent mean of at least n = 3 independent experiments.

3. Kinase Selectivity



Figure S4 . Kinome profiling of 8p at 20 nM.

4. Experimental Details of Final Compounds

3-iodo-1-methyl-1*H***-pyrazolo**[**3**,**4***-d*]**pyrimidin-4-amine (3a)** K₂CO₃ (3.96 g, 28.74 mmol) and iodomethane (4.07 g, 28.74 mmol) were added to a solution of **2** (5.0 g, 19.16 mmol) in DMF (100 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h and then heated to 80 °C for 12 h. The suspension was filtered through a pad of Celite® and washed with DMF (15 mL). The filtrate was concentrated and purified by column chromatography (16% petroleum ether in ethyl acetate) to provide **3a** in 80% yield as a white solid. ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, DMSO**) δ 8.16 (s, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (**101 MHz, DMSO**) δ 156.41, 150.04, 146.23, 100.71, 91.20, 34.14.Creamish white solid; Yield: 80%; (LCMS): Calculated for [M+1]⁺ C₆H₆IN₅ 276.05, found 276.10.

3-iodo-1-(2-morpholinoethyl)-1*H*-**pyrazolo**[**3,4-***d*]**pyrimidin-4-amine (3b)** A suspension of intermediate **2** (75mg, 0.35mmol), 4-(2-chloroethyl)morpholine hydrochloride (1 eq) and sodium hydride (1.08 eq) in dry DMF (3mL) was stirred at 80°C for 24-48h under argon atmosphere. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was evaporated and subjected to column chromatography (methanol/dichloromethane = 18-20%) to afford **3b** in 45% yield. White solid; Yield: 45%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.24 (s, 1H), 4.43 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.53 – 3.50 (m, 4H), 2.77 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.46 (s, 4H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.08, 156.35, 154.04, 103.44, 89.23, 66.49, 57.27, 53.38, 44.20; Calculated for [M+1]⁺ C₁₁H₁₅IN₆O 375.19, found 375.22 .

1-(2-(dimethylamino)ethyl)-3-iodo-1*H***-pyrazolo[3,4-***d***]pyrimidin-4-amine (3c)** A suspension of intermediate **2** (75mg, 0.35mmol), 2-Chloro-*N*,*N*-dimethylethylamine hydrochloride (l eq) and sodium hydride (1.08 eq) in dry DMF (3mL) was stirred at 80°C for 24-48h under argon atmosphere. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the reaction

mixture was evaporated and subjected to column chromatography (methanol/dichloromethane = 18-20%) to afford **3c** in 32% yield. White solid; Yield: 32%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.24 (s, 1H), 4.43 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.53 – 3.50 (m, 4H), 2.77 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.46 (s, 4H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 157.35, 156.18, 155.69, 104.01, 86.31, 70.35, 58.84, 47.10. Calculated for [M+1]⁺ C₉H₁₃IN₆ 333.15, found 333.60.

3-iodo-1-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1*H*-**pyrazolo**[**3**,**4**-*d*]**pyrimidin-4-amine** (**3e**) A suspension of intermediate **2** (75mg, 0.35mmol), 2-(chloromethyl)pyridine (l eq) and potassium carbonate (2eq) in DMF (3mL) was stirred at 80°C for 12h. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the mixture was treated with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The combined organic phase was collected and then concentrated in vacuum, column chromatography (ethyl acetate / petroleum ether = 60-70%) to afford **3e** in 45% yield. Light brown solid; Yield: 45%; ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 8.57-8.53 (m, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 7.60 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.19 – 7.15 (m, 1H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.92 (brs, 2H), 5.69 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (**101 MHz, DMSO**) δ 158.14, 156.70, 156.32, 154.34, 149.64, 137.54, 123.29, 122.07, 103.55, 90.19, 51.98. Calculated for [M+1]⁺ C₁₁H₉IN₆ 353.14, found 353.52.

3-iodo-1-(3-methoxypropyl)-1*H*-**pyrazolo**[**3,4-***d*]**pyrimidin-4-amine** (**3f**) A suspension of intermediate **2** (75mg, 0.35mmol), 1-bromo-3-methoxypropane (1 eq) and potassium carbonate (2eq) in DMF (3mL) was stirred at 80°C for 12h. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the mixture was treated with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The combined organic phase was collected and then concentrated in vacuo, column chromatography (ethyl acetate / petroleum ether = 60-70%) to afford **3f** in 67% yield. Creamish white solid; Yield: 67%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.34 (s, 1H), 5.94 (brs, 2H), 4.48 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.38 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.31 (s, 3H), 2.15 (quin, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H); ¹³C

NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.27, 156.06, 153.84, 103.95, 85.74, 69.35, 58.65, 44.84, 29.73. Calculated for [M+1]⁺ C₉H₁₂IN₅O 334.13, found 334.52.

2-(4-amino-3-iodo-1*H***-pyrazolo[3,4-***d***]pyrimidin-1-yl)ethan-1-ol (3g) A suspension of intermediate 2** (75mg, 0.35mmol), 2-bromoethan-1-ol (1 eq) and potassium carbonate (2eq) in DMF (3mL) was stirred at 80°C for 12h. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the mixture was treated with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The combined organic phase was collected and then concentrated in vacuum, column chromatography (ethyl acetate / petroleum ether = 60-70%) to afford 3-substituted-1*H*-pyrazolo [3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amines in 56-60% yield. Light yellow solid; Yield: 42%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.15 (s, 1H), 4.83 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.74 (q, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 162.03, 157.59, 155.74, 154.73, 109.44, 91.05, 59.66, 49.86. Calculated for [M+1]⁺C₇H₈IN₅O 306.08, found 306.15.

3-iodo-1-(2-methoxyethyl)-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine (3h) A suspension of intermediate **2** (75mg, 0.35mmol), 1-bromo-2-methoxyethane (1 eq) and potassium carbonate (2eq) in DMF (3mL) was stirred at 80°C for 12h. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the mixture was treated with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The combined organic phase was collected and then concentrated in vacuum, column chromatography (ethyl acetate / petroleum ether = 60-70%) to afford 3-substituted-1*H*-pyrazolo [3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amines in 56-60% yield. Creamish white solid; Yield: 62%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.32 (s, 1H), 6.01 (brs, 2H), 4.54 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 3.82 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 3.31 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.35, 156.18, 155.69, 104.01, 86.31, 70.35, 58.84, 47.10. Calculated for [M+1]⁺ C₈H₁₀IN₅O 320.10, found 320.22.

3-iodo-1-isobutyl-1*H***-pyrazolo**[**3**,**4**-*d*]**pyrimidin-4-amine (3i)** A suspension of intermediate **2** (75mg, 0.35mmol), 1-bromo-2-methylpropane (1 eq) and potassium carbonate (2eq) in DMF (3mL) was stirred at 80°C for 12h. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the mixture was treated with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The combined organic phase was collected and then concentrated in vacuum, column chromatography (ethyl acetate / petroleum ether = 60-70%) to **3i** in 52% yield. White solid; Yield: 52%; ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, CDCl3**) δ 8.32 (s, 1H), 6.05 (brs, 2H), 4.18 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.34 (dp, *J* = 14.0, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 0.92 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (**101 MHz, CDCl3**) δ 161.50, 160.02, 158.29, 158.14, 89.74, 58.89, 33.25, 23.96. Calculated for [M+1]⁺ C₉H₁₂IN₅ 317.13, found 317.25.

3-(4-amino-3-iodo-1*H***-pyrazolo[3,4-***d***]pyrimidin-1-yl)propanenitrile (3j)** A suspension of intermediate **2** (75mg, 0.35mmol), 3-bromopropanenitrile (1 eq) and potassium carbonate (2eq) in DMF (3mL) was stirred at 80°C for 12h. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the mixture was treated with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The combined organic phase was collected and then concentrated in vacuum, column chromatography (ethyl acetate / petroleum ether = 60-70%) to afford **3j** in 35% yield. Light yellow solid; Yield: 35%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.20 (s, 1H), 4.52 – 4.48 (m, 3H), 3.09 – 3.08 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 158.16, 156.68, 156.65, 154.15, 118.74, 103.57, 90.53, 42.63, 18.12. Calculated for [M+1]⁺ C₈H₇IN₆ 315.09, found 315.21.

3-iodo-1-(tetrahydro-2*H***-pyran-4-yl)-1***H***-pyrazolo[3,4-***d***]pyrimidin-4-amine (3k) A suspension of intermediate 2** (75mg, 0.35mmol), 4-bromotetrahydro-2*H*-pyran (1 eq) and potassium carbonate (2eq) in DMF (3mL) was stirred at 80°C for 12h. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the mixture was treated with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The combined organic phase was collected and then concentrated in

vacuum, column chromatography (ethyl acetate / petroleum ether = 60-70%) to afford **3k** in 40% yield. White solid; Yield: 40%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.30 (s, 1H), 6.03 (brs, 2H), 4.89 (tt, *J* = 11.7, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (dd, *J* = 11.4, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 3.57 (t, *J* = 12.0, 2H), 2.36 (dt, *J* = 12.2, 7.8 Hz, 2H), 1.90 (d, *J* = 12.6, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.29, 155.74, 153.21, 104.09, 85.84, 66.98, 54.02, 32.20. Calculated for [M+1]⁺ C₁₀H₁₂IN₅O 346.14, found 346.18.

1-methyl-3-phenyl-1*H***-pyrazolo**[**3**,**4**-*d*]**pyrimidin-4-amine (4a)** To a solution of 3-Iodo-1methyl-1*H*-pyrazolo[**3**,**4**-*d*]**pyrimidin-4-amine (3a)** (0.400 g, 1.53 mmol) in 1,**4**-dioxane (4.5 mL) and water (1.2 mL) was added phenyl boronic acid (0.260 g, 2.13 mmol), potassium phosphate (1.50 g, 4.60 mmol) and tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (0.089 g, 0.077 mmol). The mixture was degassed and was subjected to heating at 100 °C for 12h. Upon completion of reaction, the mixture was diluted with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic extracts were combined and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (ethyl acetate / petroleum ether = 60-70%) on silica to afford **4a**. Light brown solid; Yield: 45%; ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, CDCl3**) δ 8.39 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.55-7.50 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.49-7.45 (m, 1H), 5.54 (brs, 2H), 4.07 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (**101 MHz**, **CDCl3**) δ 157.7, 155.9, 154.5, 144.1, 133.1, 129.3, 129.0, 128.3, 98.3, 33.8; LCMS (ESI): Calculated for [M+1]⁺C₁₂H₁₁N₅ 226.25, found 226.35.

1-methyl-3-(1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl)-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine (4b) 3-Iodo-1methyl-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine (3a) (0.400 g, 1.53 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (4.5 mL) and water (1.2 mL) was added 4-floro phenyl boronic acid (0.296 g, 2.13 mmol), potassium phosphate (1.50 g, 4.60 mmol) and tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (0.089 g, 0.077 mmol). The mixture was degassed and was subjected to heating at 100 °C for 12h. Upon completion of reaction, the mixture was diluted with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic extracts were combined and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (ethyl acetate / petroleum ether = 60-70%) on silica to obtain **4b**. Light brown solid; Yield: 45%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.30 (s, 1H), 7.76-7.70 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.38 (m, 2H), 3.99 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.7 (d, *J* = 244 Hz), 161.5, 158.5, 156.2, 154.7, 142.9, 130.78 (d, *J* = 8 Hz), 129.75 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz), 129.7, 116.4 (d, *J* = 22 Hz), 97.6, 33.9; LCMS (ESI): Calculated for [M+1]⁺ C₁₂H₁₁N₅ 226.25, found 226.32.

1-methyl-3-(1-methyl-1*H***-pyrazol-4-yl)-1***H***-pyrazolo[3,4-***d***]pyrimidin-4-amine (4d) 3-Iodo-1methyl-1***H***-pyrazolo[3,4-***d***]pyrimidin-4-amine (3a) (0.400 g, 1.53 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (4.5 mL) and water (1.2 mL) was (1-methyl-1***H***-pyrazol-4-yl)boronic acid (0.266 g, 2.13 mmol), potassium phosphate (1.50 g, 4.60 mmol) and tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (0.089 g, 0.077 mmol). The mixture was degassed and was subjected to heating at 100 °C for 12h. Upon completion of reaction, the mixture was diluted with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic extracts were combined and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (ethyl acetate / petroleum ether = 60-70%) on silica to obtain 4d. Light brown solid; Yield: 22%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) \delta 8.37 (s, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 5.50 (s, 2H), 4.03 (s, 3H), 4.00 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) \delta 155.85, 152.13, 142.83, 138.28, 129.35, 123.85, 118.11, 111.19, 109.99, 33.81, 29.68; Calculated for [M+1]+ C₁₀H₁₁N₇ 230.25, found 230.57.**

Ethyl 2-(4-(4-amino-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)acetate (6a) Intermediate 3a (30 mg, 0.11 mmol), K_2CO_3 (2eq.), $Pd_2(dba)_3$ (10 mg, 0.01 mmol), tricyclohexylphospine (3.1 mg, 0.02 mol), and ethyl 2-(4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl)acetate (43.4mg, 0.18 mmol) were stirred in DMF:EtOH (4:1), purged with nitrogen and microwave irradiated at 110 °C for 1 h. After completion, the reaction mixture was

subsequently evaporated, and the residue was purified by chromatography (methanol/dichloromrthane = 10-15%) to afford **6a** in 72% yield. Light brown solid; Yield: 72%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.38 (s, 1H), 7.64 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.58 (brs, 2H), 4.17 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 4.06 (s, 3H), 4.01 (s, 2H), 1.27 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.21, 157.73, 156.14, 155.91, 143.77, 135.16, 131.96, 130.28, 128.49, 98.34, 61.05, 41.12, 33.88, 14.16; LCMS (ESI): Calculated for [M+1]⁺ C₁₆H₁₇N₅O₂ 312.34, found 312.56.

Ethyl 2-(4-(4-amino-1-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3yl)phenyl)acetate (6b). Intermediate 3e (38.7 mg, 0.11 mmol), K₂CO₃ (2eq.), Pd₂(dba)₃ (10 mg, 0.01 mmol), tricyclohexylphospine (3.1 mg, 0.02 mol), and ethyl 2-(4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl)acetate (43.4mg, 0.18 mmol) were stirred in DMF:EtOH (4:1), purged with nitrogen and microwave irradiated at 110 °C for 1 h. After completion, the reaction mixture was subsequently evaporated, and the residue was purified by chromatography (methanol/dichloromrthane = 10-15%) to afford 6b in 75% yield. Light brown solid; Yield: 75%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.56 (t, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.38 (d, *J* = 22.5 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 7.61-7.58 (m, 1H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.18-7.14 (m, 1H), 7.06-7.03 (m, 1H), 5.77 (s, 1H), 5.69 (s, 1H), 5.54 (brs, 2H), 4.16 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.67 (s, 2H), 1.25-1.22 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 172.56, 157.96, 156.71, 156.29, 155.67, 155.64, 149.64, 143.36, 138.35, 137.52, 134.76, 134.08, 130.48, 123.26, 122.06, 102.89, 59.11, 59.10, 38.32, 16.44. Calculated for [M+1]⁺ C₂₁H₂₀N₆O₂ 389.43, found 389.57.

Ethyl 2-(4-(4-amino-1-isobutyl-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)acetate (6d). Intermediate 3i (38.4 mg, 0.11 mmol), K_2CO_3 (2eq.), $Pd_2(dba)_3$ (10 mg, 0.01 mmol), tricyclohexylphospine (3.1 mg, 0.02 mol), and ethyl 2-(4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl)acetate (43.4mg, 0.18 mmol) were stirred in DMF:EtOH (4:1), purged with nitrogen and microwave irradiated at 110 °C for 1 h. After completion, the reaction mixture was subsequently residue evaporated, and was purified by chromatography the (methanol/dichloromrthane = 10-15%) to afford **6d** in 51% yield. Creamish white solid; Yield: 51%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.36 (s, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.49 (brs, 2H), 4.23 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 4.16 (q, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 3.67 (s, 2H), 2.43 – 2.36 (m, 1H), 1.26 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 3H), 0.94 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, cdcl₃) δ 171.19, 157.70, 155.80, 143.59, 140.35, 135.07, 132.13, 130.23, 128.57, 96.90, 61.03, 54.32, 41.13, 29.12, 19.98, 14.16; Calculated for $[M+1]^+ C_{19}H_{23}N_5O_2$ 354.43, found 354.50.

Ethyl 2-(4-(4-amino-1-(tetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-4-yl)-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3yl)phenyl)acetate (6e) Intermediate 3k (37.9 mg, 0.11 mmol), K₂CO₃ (2eq.), Pd₂(dba)₃ (10 mg, 0.01 mmol), tricyclohexylphospine (3.1 mg, 0.02 mol), and ethyl 2-(4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl)acetate (43.4mg, 0.18 mmol) were stirred in DMF:EtOH (4:1), purged with nitrogen and microwave irradiated at 110 °C for 1 h. After completion, the reaction mixture was subsequently evaporated, and the residue was purified by chromatography (methanol/dichloromrthane = 10-15%) to afford **6e** in 52% yield. Creamish white solid; Yield: 52%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.34 (s, 1H), 7.64 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 5.67 (brs, 2H), 4.20-4.07 (m, 4H), 3.67 (s, 1H), 3.60 (t, *J* = 11.9 Hz, 2H), 1.97 – 1.88 (m, 4H), 1.21 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.26, 157.81, 155.48, 153.78, 143.71, 135.10, 132.12, 130.26, 128.59, 98.54, 67.09, 61.07, 53.25, 41.11, 32.16, 14.17; Calculated for [M+1]⁺ C₂₀H₂₃N₅O₃ 382.44, found 382.70. 2-(4-(4-amino-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)acetic acid (7a): Intermediates **6a** (365.3 mg, 1.014 mmol) were dissolved in 1:1 THF/Water (8 mL). LiOH monohydrate (128 mg, 3.04 mmol) was then added to the reaction and was heated under microwave irradiation for 15 minutes at 100 °C. Upon completion, the reaction was subsequently acidified to a pH ~3-4 and the obtained solid was vacuum filtered to yield the acids **7a** in 82% yield. Light brown solid; Yield: 82%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.49 (s, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.25 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 171.90, 160.49, 156.11, 152.59, 142.64, 140.13, 133.76, 130.43, 127.79, 46.33, 33.85.; Calculated for [M+1]⁺C₁₄H₁₃N₅O₂ 284.29, found 284.30.

2-(4-(4-amino-1-isobutyl-1*H***-pyrazolo[3,4-***d***]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)acetic acid (7c): Intermediates 6d (35.7 mg, 1.014 mmol) were dissolved in 1:1 THF/Water (8 mL). LiOH monohydrate (128 mg, 3.04 mmol) was then added to the reaction and was heated under microwave irradiation for 15 minutes at 100 °C. Upon completion, the reaction was subsequently acidified to a pH ~3-4 and the obtained solid was vacuum filtered to yield the acids 7a in 77% yield. Light brown solid; Yield: 77%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) \delta 8.43 (s, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.52 (d,** *J* **= 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d,** *J* **= 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.11 (d,** *J* **= 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.13 (s, 2H), 2.25 – 2.20 (m, 1H), 0.84 (d,** *J* **= 6.7 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) \delta 158.55, 156.07, 154.87, 148.08, 143.89, 130.80, 130.52, 130.46, 128.13, 97.50, 49.01, 31.12, 29.11, 20.29; Calculated for [M+1]⁺C₁₇H₁₉N₅O₂ 326.37, found 326.55.**

2-(4-(4-amino-1-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-N-(3-

fluorophenyl)acetamide (8a): Anhydrous DMF (1 mL) was added to the intermediate **4a**, followed by EDCl (52.5 mg, 0.338 mmol), HOAt (18.41 mg, 0.135 mmol), and DIPEA (0.028 mL, 0.162 mmol). 3-floroaniline (29.4 mg, 0.203 mmol) were added and the reaction was sealed

under N₂ and was reacted for 12 hours or until complete product conversion. The reaction was quenched with water, extracted with DCM, and washed with saturated NaHCO₃. The organic layer was collected, dried with MgSO₄, adsorbed onto silica, and purified by flash chromatography using DCM/MeOH (10-15%) to generate **8a** in 56% yield. Light brown solid; Yield: 56%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 10.41 (s, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 7.63-7.57 (m, 4H), 7.49-7.45 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.28 (m, 2H), 6.88 – 6.81 (m, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.71 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 169.66, 161.32 (d, *J* = 4 Hz), 158.34 (d, *J* = 36 Hz), 156.16, 154.69, 143.65, 141.32 (d, *J* = 11 Hz), 136.49, 131.74, 130.82 (d, *J* = 10 Hz), 130.36, 128.55, 115.27, 110.14 (d, *J* = 21 Hz), 110.04, 106.35 (d, *J* = 26 Hz), 97.66, 43.47, 33.91. Calculated for [M+1]⁺C₂₀H₁₇FN₆O 377.40, found 377.45.

2-(4-(4-amino-1-methyl-1*H***-pyrazolo[3,4-***d***]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-***N***-(5-(***tert* **butyl)isoxazol-3-yl)acetamide (8b): Anhydrous DMF (1 mL) was added to the intermediate 4a, followed by EDCl (52.5 mg, 0.338 mmol), HOAt (18.41 mg, 0.135 mmol), and DIPEA (0.028 mL, 0.162 mmol). 5-(***tert***-butyl)isoxazol-3-amine (28.4 mg, 0.203 mmol) were added and the reaction was sealed under N₂ and was reacted for 12 hours or until complete product conversion. The reaction was quenched with water, extracted with DCM, and washed with saturated NaHCO₃. The organic layer was collected, dried with MgSO₄, adsorbed onto silica, and purified by flash chromatography using DCM/MeOH (10-15 %) to generate 2-(4-(4-amino-1-methyl-1***H***-pyrazolo[3,4-***d***]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-***N***-methylacetamides 8b** in 35% yield. Light brown solid; Yield: 35%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.22 (s, 1H), 7.59 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.56 (s, 1H), 3.91 (s, 2H), 3.72 (s, 1H), 1.23 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 180.91, 169.61, 158.34, 155.96, 154.60, 143.70, 136.13, 131.76, 130.35, 128.57, 97.63, 93.55, 45.37, 33.93, 32.92; Calculated for [M+1]⁺C₂₁H₂₃N₇O₂ 406.46, found 406.50. 2-(4-(4-amino-1-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-N-(3-

(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetamide (8c): Anhydrous DMF (1 mL) was added to the intermediate 4a, followed by EDCl (52.5 mg, 0.338 mmol), HOAt (18.41 mg, 0.135 mmol), and DIPEA (0.028 mL, 0.162 mmol). 3-trifloroaniline (22.5 mg, 0.203 mmol) were added and the reaction was sealed under N₂ and was reacted for 12 hours or until complete product conversion. The reaction was quenched with water, extracted with DCM, and washed with saturated NaHCO₃. The organic layer was collected, dried with MgSO₄, adsorbed onto silica, and purified by flash chromatography using DCM/MeOH (10-15 %) to generate 8c in 54% yield. Light brown solid; Yield: 54%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.83 (s, 1H), 8.38 (s, 1H), 7.84 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.69 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.41 – 7.36 (m, 1H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (s, 3H), 3.84 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 169.90, 158.12, 155.60, 154.50, 143.84, 140.35, 136.46, 131.64, 127.13 (q, *J* = 253 Hz), 130.45, 130.40, 129.85 (q, *J* = 31 Hz), 128.56, 123.06, 120.03 (q, *J* = 4 Hz), 115.54 (q, *J* = 4 Hz), 103.85, 97.61, 46.30, 26.38. Calculated for [M+1]⁺C₂₁H₁₇F₃N₆O 427.40, found 427.22.

2-(4-(4-amino-1-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-N-(3-(tert-butyl)-1-

methyl-1*H***-pyrazol-5-yl)acetamide (8d):** Anhydrous DMF (1 mL) was added to the intermediate **4a**, followed by EDCl (52.5 mg, 0.338 mmol), HOAt (18.41 mg, 0.135 mmol), and DIPEA (0.028 mL, 0.162 mmol). 3-(*tert*-butyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-amine (31.0 mg, 0.203 mmol) were added and the reaction was sealed under N₂ and was reacted for 12 hours or until complete product conversion. The reaction was quenched with water, extracted with DCM, and washed with saturated NaHCO₃. The organic layer was collected, dried with MgSO₄, adsorbed onto silica, and purified by flash chromatography using DCM/MeOH (10-15 %) to generate **8d** in 48% yield. Creamish white solid; Yield: 48%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.37 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (brs, 1H), 6.05 (s, 1H), 5.61 (brs, 2H), 4.07 (s, 3H), 3.80 (s, 2H), 3.58 (s, 3H), 1.23 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.63, 167.72, 157.69, 155.92, 150.65, 134.95, 132.78, 130.34, 129.12, 99.80, 98.34, 96.63, 43.36, 35.27, 33.93, 30.36, 29.23; Calculated for [M+1]⁺C₂₂H₂₆N₈O 419.51, found 419.60.

2-(4-(4-amino-1-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-N-(3-cyclopropyl-1-

methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-yl)acetamide (8e): Anhydrous DMF (1 mL) was added to the intermediate 4a, followed by EDCl (52.5 mg, 0.338 mmol), HOAt (18.41 mg, 0.135 mmol), and DIPEA (0.028 mL, 0.162 mmol). 3-cyclopropyl-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-amine (27.8 mg, 0.203 mmol) were added and the reaction was sealed under N₂ and was reacted for 12 hours or until complete product conversion. The reaction was quenched with water, extracted with DCM, and washed with saturated NaHCO₃. The organic layer was collected, dried with MgSO₄, adsorbed onto silica, and purified by flash chromatography using DCM/MeOH (10-15 %) to generate 2-(4-(4-amino-1methyl-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-*N*-methylacetamides (8a-r) in 35-50% yield. Creamish white solid; Yield: 42%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.39 (s, 1H), 7.73 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.85 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (s, 3H), 4.05 (s, 3H), 1.82 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 0.83 (s, 2H), 0.65 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.10, 157.66, 155.92, 154.14, 145.67, 139.99, 135.35, 132.81, 130.34, 129.51, 129.17, 96.50, 96.20, 43.73, 34.48, 29.66, 9.33, 7.61; Calculated for [M+1]⁺C₂₁H₂₂N₈O 403.46, found 403.52. 1-(4-(4-amino-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-3-(5-(*tert*-butyl)isoxazol-

3-yl)urea (8g): Intermediate **8** (42mg, 1.2eq.) was treated with **3a** (30mg, 1.0eq.) K₂CO₃ (2eq.), $Pd_2(dba)_3$ (10 mg, 0.01 mmol), tricyclohexylphospine (3.1 mg, 0.02 mol), and ethyl 2-(4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl)acetate (43.4 mg, 0.18 mmol) were stirred in DMF:EtOH (4:1), purged with nitrogen and microwave irradiated at 100 °C for 1 h. After

completion, the reaction mixture was subsequently evaporated, and the residue was purified by chromatography (methanol/dichloromethane = 8-12%) to afford **8g** in 38% yield. Light brown solid; Yield: 38%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.37 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (q, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 5.53 (brs, 2H), 4.06 (d, *J* = 12.5 Hz, 3H), 1.13 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.64, 157.85, 157.73, 155.91, 155.78, 153.44, 150.77, 147.28, 129.50, 129.10, 120.43, 115.49, 79.32, 33.87, 33.75, 27.88; Calculated for [M+1]⁺ C₂₀H₂₂N₈O₂ 407.45, found 407.62.

2-(4-(4-amino-1-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1*H***-pyrazolo[3,4-***d***]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-***N***-(5-(tertbutyl)isoxazol-3-yl)acetamide (8i): Anhydrous DMF (1 mL) was added to the acid intermediate of 6b**, followed by EDCl (52.5 mg, 0.338 mmol), HOAt (18.41 mg, 0.135 mmol), and DIPEA (0.028 mL, 0.162 mmol). 5-(*tert*-butyl)isoxazol-3-amine (28.4 mg, 0.203 mmol) was added and the reaction was sealed under N₂ and was reacted for 12 hours or until complete product conversion. The reaction was quenched with water, extracted with DCM, and washed with saturated NaHCO₃. The organic layer was collected, dried with MgSO₄, adsorbed onto silica, and purified by flash chromatography using DCM/MeOH (10-15 %) to generate **8i** in 48% yield. Light brown solid; Yield: 48%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.57 (d, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 8.42 (s, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (td, *J* = 7.7, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.19 - 7.14 (m, 1H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (s, 1H), 5.78 (s, 2H), 5.50 (s, 1H), 3.76 (d, *J* = 28.4 Hz, 2H), 1.31 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.37, 155.19, 152.03, 149.55, 147.33, 136.81, 134.81, 134.62, 134.48, 132.69, 130.37, 129.20, 128.66, 124.21, 122.56, 121.61, 98.45, 93.10, 52.36, 33.03, 28.60; Calculated for [M+1]⁺C₂₆H₂₆N₈O₂ 483.55, found 483.66.

2-(4-(4-amino-1-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-*N*-(3fluorophenyl)acetamide (8j): Anhydrous DMF (1 mL) was added to the acid intermediate of 6b,

followed by EDCl (52.5 mg, 0.338 mmol), HOAt (18.41 mg, 0.135 mmol), and DIPEA (0.028 mL, 0.162 mmol). 3-Floroaniline (22.5 mg, 0.203 mmol) was added and the reaction was sealed under N₂ and was reacted for 12 hours or until complete product conversion. The reaction was quenched with water, extracted with DCM, and washed with saturated NaHCO₃. The organic layer was collected, dried with MgSO₄, adsorbed onto silica, and purified by flash chromatography using DCM/MeOH (10-15 %) to generate **8j** in 61% yield. Crearnish white solid; Yield: 61%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.55 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 8.39 (s, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (t, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (dd, *J* = 13.7, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.77 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.77 (brs, 2H), 5.64 (s, 1H), 3.75 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 169.64, 162.50 (d, *J* = 240 Hz), 158.63, 156.58 (d, *J* = 39 Hz), 128.61, 123.16, 121.94, 115.28, 110.15 (d, *J* = 22 Hz), 106.33 (d, *J* = 26 Hz), 97.77, 56.24, 43.47; Calculated for [M+1]⁺C₂₅H₂₀FN₇O 454.48, found 454.23.

2-(4-(4-amino-1-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-N-(3-

(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetamide (8k): Anhydrous DMF (1 mL) was added to acid intermediate of 6b, followed by EDCl (52.5 mg, 0.338 mmol), HOAt (18.41 mg, 0.135 mmol), and DIPEA (0.028 mL, 0.162 mmol). 3-trifloro aniline (32.6 mg, 0.203 mmol) was added and the reaction was sealed under N₂ and was reacted for 12 hours or until complete product conversion. The reaction was quenched with water, extracted with DCM, and washed with saturated NaHCO₃. The organic layer was collected, dried with MgSO₄, adsorbed onto silica, and purified by flash chromatography using DCM/MeOH (10-15 %) to generate 8k in 53% yield. Light brown solid; Yield: 53%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.46 (d, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 8.25 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 8.07 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.80 – 7.68 (m, 3H), 7.51 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (brs, 1H), 7.29 – 7.25 (m, 1H), 7.13 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.62 (s, 2H), 3.69 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 170.01, 161.60, 158.18, 156.31, 154.32, 149.71, 148.85, 147.38, 140.41, 140.34, 137.57, 130.43, 129.55, 128.33, 126.36, 126.09, 123.32, 123.08, 122.03, 120.03, 104.06, 52.40, 49.02; Calculated for [M+1]⁺ C₂₆H₂₀F₃N₇O 504.49, found 504.13.

2-(4-(4-amino-1-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1*H***-pyrazolo[3,4-***d***]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-***N***-(3-(tertbutyl)-1-methyl-1***H***-pyrazol-5-yl)acetamide (8l): Anhydrous DMF (1 mL) was added to acid intermediate of 6b**, followed by EDCl (52.5 mg, 0.338 mmol), HOAt (18.41 mg, 0.135 mmol), and DIPEA (0.028 mL, 0.162 mmol). 3-(*tert*-butyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-amine (31.0 mg, 0.203 mmol) was added and the reaction was sealed under N₂ and was reacted for 12 hours or until complete product conversion. The reaction was quenched with water, extracted with DCM, and washed with saturated NaHCO₃. The organic layer was collected, dried with MgSO₄, adsorbed onto silica, and purified by flash chromatography using DCM/MeOH (10-15 %) to generate **81** in 34% yield. Brown solid; Yield: 34%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCI₃) δ 8.53 (s, 1H), 8.36 (s, 1H), 7.75 (s, 1H), 7.67 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.62 – 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.44 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.22 – 7.11 (m, 2H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.04 (s, 1H), 5.75 (s, 2H), 3.76 (s, 2H), 3.56 (s, 3H), 1.21 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCI₃) δ 168.90, 160.61, 157.88, 156.19, 155.99, 155.02, 149.47, 144.41, 136.93, 135.29, 130.24, 129.06, 122.71, 121.84, 98.42, 96.48, 52.28, 43.15, 35.33, 30.37, 29.87; Calculated for [M+1]⁺C₂₇H₂₉N₉O 496.59, found 496.65.

2-(4-(4-amino-1-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-N-(3-

cyclopropyl-1-methyl-1*H***-pyrazol-5-yl)acetamide (8m):** Anhydrous DMF (1 mL) was added to the acid intermediate of **6b**, followed by EDCl (52.5 mg, 0.338 mmol), HOAt (18.41 mg, 0.135 mmol), and DIPEA (0.028 mL, 0.162 mmol). 3-cyclopropyl-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-amine (29.4 mg, 0.203 mmol) was added and the reaction was sealed under N₂ and was reacted for 12 hours or

until complete product conversion. The reaction was quenched with water, extracted with DCM, and washed with saturated NaHCO₃. The organic layer was collected, dried with MgSO₄, adsorbed onto silica, and purified by flash chromatography using DCM/MeOH (10-15 %) to generate **8m** in 31% yield. Light brown solid; Yield: 31%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, cdcl₃) δ 8.55 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 8.40 (s, 1H), 7.71 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.19 – 7.14 (m, 2H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.77 (s, 2H), 5.59 (brs, 2H), 3.78 (s, 2H), 1.82-1.80 (m, 1H), 0.85-0.81 (m, 2H), 0.65-0.61 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.68, 162.50, 157.75, 156.35, 156.04, 155.13, 153.86, 149.54, 144.24, 136.86, 135.08, 132.58, 130.25, 129.19, 122.66, 121.72, 98.45, 96.39, 52.33, 43.26, 35.25, 9.33, 7.61; Calculated for [M+1]⁺C₂₆H₂₅N₉O 480.55, found 480.68.

2-(4-(4-amino-1-(3-methoxypropyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-N-(5-(tert-

butyl)isoxazol-3-yl)acetamide (8p): Anhydrous DMF (1 mL) was added to the intermediate **3f**, followed by EDC1 (52.5 mg, 0.338 mmol), HOAt (18.41 mg, 0.135 mmol), and DIPEA (0.028 mL, 0.162 mmol). 5-(*tert*-butyl)isoxazol-3-amine (27.8 mg, 0.203 mmol) was added and the reaction was sealed under N₂ and was reacted for 12 hours or until complete product conversion. The reaction was quenched with water, extracted with DCM, and washed with saturated NaHCO₃. The organic layer was collected, dried with MgSO₄, adsorbed onto silica, and purified by flash chromatography using DCM/MeOH (10-15 %) to generate **8p** in 76% yield. Light brown solid; Yield: 76%; ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, DMSO**) δ 11.21 (s, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 7.60 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.55 (s, 1H), 4.35 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.72 (s, 2H), 3.18 (s, 3H), 2.04 – 2.00 (m, 2H), 1.24 (s, 9H), 1.03 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (**101 MHz, DMSO**) δ 180.91, 169.62, 158.53, 158.34, 156.10, 154.57, 143.75, 136.12, 131.87, 130.33, 128.61, 97.67, 93.55, 69.45, 58.39, 44.05, 28.74, 25.38; Calculated for [M+1]⁺C₂₄H₂₉N₇O₃ 464.54, found 464.62.

2-(4-(4-amino-1-(3-methoxypropyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-N-(3-

fluorophenyl)acetamide (8q): Anhydrous DMF (1 mL) was added to the acid intermediate of **3f**, followed by EDCl (52.5 mg, 0.338 mmol), HOAt (18.41 mg, 0.135 mmol), and DIPEA (0.028 mL, 0.162 mmol). 3-floroaniline (22.5 mg, 0.203 mmol) was added and the reaction was sealed under N₂ and was reacted for 12 hours or until complete product conversion. The reaction was quenched with water, extracted with DCM, and washed with saturated NaHCO₃. The organic layer was collected, dried with MgSO₄, adsorbed onto silica, and purified by flash chromatography using DCM/MeOH (10-15 %) to generate **8q** in 71% yield. Light brown solid; Yield: 71%; ¹**H NMR** (**400 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 8.38 (s, 1H), 7.71 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.53 – 7.44 (m, 3H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (t, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 5.53 (s, 2H), 4.53 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 2H), 3.42 (s, 2H), 3.31 (s, 3H), 2.25 – 2.18 (m, 2H); ¹³**C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 172.33, 170.24, 168.68, 162.90 (d, *J* = 244 Hz), 157.69, 155.79, 154.47, 143.55, 139.23 (d, *J* = 10 Hz), 135.27, 132.58, 130.37, 130.02, 129.97 (d, *J* = 92 Hz), 129.01, 128.39, 115.00, 111.14 (d, *J* = 21 Hz), 111.04, 107.36 (d, *J* = 26 Hz), 98.34, 69.61, 58.65, 44.38, 29.76, 24.84; Calculated for [M+1]⁺ C₂₃H₂₃FN₆O₂ 435.48, found 435.80.

2-(4-(4-amino-1-isobutyl-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-N-(3-

fluorophenyl)acetamide (8r): Anhydrous DMF (1 mL) was added to the acid intermediate of **3i**, followed by EDCl (52.5 mg, 0.338 mmol), HOAt (18.41 mg, 0.135 mmol), and DIPEA (0.028 mL, 0.162 mmol). 3-floroaniline (22.5 mg, 0.203 mmol) was added and the reaction was sealed under N₂ and was reacted for 12 hours or until complete product conversion. The reaction was quenched with water, extracted with DCM, and washed with saturated NaHCO₃. The organic layer was collected, dried with MgSO₄, adsorbed onto silica, and purified by flash chromatography using DCM/MeOH (10-15 %) to generate **8r** in 64% yield. Light brown solid; Yield: 64%; ¹H NMR

(400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.28 (s, 1H), 7.69 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.48 – 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.38 (brs, 1H), 7.24 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 7.08 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.80 – 6.75 (m, 1H), 5.28 (s, 1H), 4.24 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 2H), 2.15 (brs, 1H), 0.94 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, cdcl₃) δ 177.72, 171.12, 168.50, 162.90 (d, J = 294 Hz), 156.84, 154.05, 153.04, 144.28, 139.05 (d, J = 11 Hz) 135.47, 132.07, 130.53, 130.07 (d, J = 4 Hz) 129.26 (d, J = 137 Hz), 128.57, 115.02, 111.23 (d, J = 22 Hz), 107.37 (d, J = 27 Hz), 97.76, 60.36, 44.43, 29.66, 14.16.Calculated for [M+1]⁺C₂₃H₂₃FN₆O 419.48, found 419.50.

5. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra for all Compounds



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3-iodo-1-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine (3e)













3-iodo-1-isobutyl-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine (3i)



3-(4-amino-3-iodo-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-1-yl)propanenitrile (3j)





3-iodo-1-(tetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-4-yl)-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine (3k)

1-methyl-3-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine (4a)





1-methyl-3-(1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl)-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine (4b)





Ethyl 2-(4-(4-amino-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)acetate (6a)

Ethyl 2-(4-(4-amino-1-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)acetate (6b)



Ethyl 2-(4-(4-amino-1-isobutyl-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)acetate (6d)



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Ethyl 2-(4-(4-amino-1-(tetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-4-yl)-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)acetate (6e)





2-(4-(4-amino-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)acetic acid (7a)



2-(4-(4-amino-1-isobutyl-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)acetic acid (7c)

2-(4-(4-amino-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-*N*-(3-fluorophenyl)acetamide (8a)





2-(4-(4-amino-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-*N*-(5-(*tert*-butyl)isoxazol-3-yl)acetamide (8b)





2-(4-(4-amino-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-*N*-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetamide (8c)









2-(4-(4-amino-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-*N*-(3-cyclopropyl-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-yl)acetamide (8e)

1-(4-(4-amino-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-3-(5-(*tert*-butyl)isoxazol-3-yl)urea (8g)



2-(4-(4-amino-1-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-*N*-(5-(tert-butyl)isoxazol-3-yl)acetamide (8i)





2-(4-(4-amino-1-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-*N*-(3-fluorophenyl)acetamide (8j)





2-(4-(4-amino-1-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-*N*-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetamide (8k)



2-(4-(4-amino-1-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-*N*-(3-(tert-butyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-yl)acetamide (8l)



2-(4-(4-amino-1-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-*N*-(3-cyclopropyl-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-yl)acetamide (8m)



2-(4-(4-amino-1-(3-methoxypropyl)-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-*N*-(5-(tert-butyl)isoxazol-3-yl)acetamide (8p)







2-(4-(4-amino-1-isobutyl-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-3-yl)phenyl)-*N*-(3-fluorophenyl)acetamide (8r)



6. Cellular Assay Procedure

Cell Culture. A549 (CCL-185, ATCC), KM12 (JCRB1389, JCRB cell bank) and LC-2/ad (94072247, Millipore Sigma) cell lines were grown in RPMI 1640 GlutaMAX medium (ThermoFisher Scientific, USA) containing 10% heat-inactivated fetal calf serum (Hyclone Laboratories, Utah, USA) in a humidified incubator (37 °C, 5% CO₂).

Cell viability assay. Cell lines were seeded at $5x10^3$ cells/well and treated with either DMSO or compounds (all compounds were reconstituted in DMSO) (full concentration range used 0.001-100 uM, depending on inhibitor and cell line) for 72 h at 37 °C. Cell viability was analyzed by performing a CCK8 assays following manufacturer's instructions (Dojindo Inc.). For each assay cells were plated in duplicate/per condition and at least n=3 assays were performed. EC₅₀ was generated using nonlinear regression (curve fit) with Log(inhibitor) vs. normalized response with variable slope and interpolation of unknown values on X= log(X) transformed data. Mean EC₅₀ was generated from at least n=3 repeats.

7. Enzymatic Assay Procedure

Kinase activity was measured by a microfluidic assay that monitors the separation of the phosphorylated product from substrate. The assay was run using a 12-sipper chip on a Caliper EZ Reader II (PerkinElmer®, Walthman, USA) with separation buffer (100 mM HEPES, 10 mM EDTA, 0.015% Brij-35, 0.1% CR-3 PerkinElmer®). In 96-well polypropylene plates (Greiner, Frickenhausen, Germany), compound stocks (20 mM in DMSO) were diluted into kinase buffer (50 mM HEPES, 0.075% Brij-35, 0.1% Tween 20, 2 mM DTT, 10 mM MgCl2, and 0.02% NaN₃) in 12-point ½log dilutions (2 mM–6.32 nM). After, 1 µL was transferred into a 384-well polypropylene assay plate (Greiner). The enzymes (RET, TRKA) (InvitrogenTM, Grand Island, USA) were diluted in kinase buffer to a concentration of 2 nM and 5 µL of the enzyme mixture was transferred to the assay plate. Kinases were pre-incubated with the compound or DMSO control for 60 minutes. A substrate mix was prepared containing ATP (Ambresco®, Solon, USA) and substrate peptide dissolved in kinase buffer, and 5 µL of the substrate mix was added to the assay plate. Running concentrations were as follows: ATP (190 µM), peptide (1.5 µM), compound 12-point ½log dilutions (0.2 mM–0.632 nM). For positive control, no inhibitor was added. For negative control, no enzyme was added. The plate was run until 10-20% conversion, based on the

positive control wells. The following separation conditions were utilized: upstream voltage – 500 V; downstream voltage, -1900 V; chip pressure -0.8. Percent inhibition was measured for each well comparing starting peptide to phosphorylated product peaks relative to the baseline. Dose response curves, spanning the IC₅₀ dose, were generated in GraphPad Prism[®] 7 and fit to an exponential one-phase decay line; IC₅₀ values were obtained from the half-life value of the curve. IC₅₀ values were generated in triplicate.

8. Molecular Modelling Procedure

Molecular docking studies were performed to determine the binding pose and interactions of the ligands in the RET kinase. An RET DFG '*out*' homology model was generated with the VEGFR2 crystal structure (PDB ID: 2OH4) as previously described.³⁷ Protein preparation and ligand preparation were performed using the Maestro 2018-4 suite obtained with an academic license. Docking studies were performed using Autodock Vina. A grid was defined to include the residues of the hinge region, α C-helix, DFG motif, and the P-loop. The designed ligands were docked into this grid box to identify the best binding poses. The results obtained were visualized using Maestro 2018-4 suite.