SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

Table S1. Characteristics of Study Participants Stratified by Cardiovascular Health Status, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (2017, 2019)

	Overall	Optimal CVH	Suboptimal CVH	p-
Characteristics	n*=198,680 (weighted %)	_	n =159,289 (weighted %)	value
Age			, , ,	< 0.001
18-24	29,383 (21.0)	8,958 (32.1)	20,425 (18.2)	
25-29	25,958 (14.1)	5,588 (14.9)	20,370 (13.9)	
30-34	30,632 (17.3)	5,938 (16.4)	24,694 (17.6)	
35-39	34,821 (15.9)	6,420 (13.7)	28,401 (16.4)	
40-44	35,710 (16.4)	6,109 (12.5)	29,601 (17.4)	
45-49	42,176 (15.3)	6,378 (10.4)	35,798 (15.5)	
Sex	12,170 (1272)	, ,	, ,	< 0.001
Male	96,582 (49.2)	15,252 (41.3)	81,330 (53.2)	
Female	102.090 (50.8)	24,138 (58.7)	77,952 (46.8)	
Race/ethnicity		- 1,550 (5 617)	, , ,,,, = (1010)	< 0.001
non-Hispanic White	135,048 (56.7)	28,806 (62.0)	106,242 (55.4)	
non-Hispanic Black	17,144 (12.2)	2,499 (9.5)	14,645 (12.9)	
American Indian/Alaskan Native	5,233 (1.2)	796 (1.1)	4,437 (1.2)	
Asian	7,210 (7.1)	1,489 (7.9)	5,721 (6.8)	
Hispanic	27,092 (20.8)	4413(17.4)	22,679 (21.7)	
Other	1,143 (0.4)	236 (0.4)	907 (0.4)	
Multi-racial	5,810 (1.6)	1,152 (1.7)	4,658 (1.6)	
Education level	3,010 (1.0)	1,132 (1.7)	4,030 (1.0)	< 0.001
<high school<="" td=""><td>10,591(9.9)</td><td>1,026 (5.5)</td><td>9,565 (11.1)</td><td>10.001</td></high>	10,591(9.9)	1,026 (5.5)	9,565 (11.1)	10.001
High school/some college,		17,174 (54.7)	86,335 (59.4)	
≥College graduate	103,509(58.5)	21,148 (39.8)	63,235 (29.5)	
	84,383 (31.6)	21,140 (37.0)	03,233 (27.3)	<0.001
Employment status	150 939 (73.0)	20 240 (60 5)	121 409 (72 9)	~0.001
Employed	150,838 (72.9)	29,340 (69.5)	121,498 (73.8)	
Unemployed	32,253 (16.6)	5,182 (13.1)	27,071 (17.5)	
Student	13,619 (10.1)	4,523 (17.2)	9,096 (8.3)	
Retired	830 (0.4)	110 (0.2)	720 (0.4)	0.004
Marital status		40.00-(40.0)	-0.50-(45.0)	< 0.001
Married	98,502 (45.4)	19,807 (42.9)	78,695 (46.0)	
Divorced	23,746 (9.9)	3,148 (6.5)	20,598 (10.8)	
Widowed	1,515 (0.6)	202 (0.4)	1,313 (0.6)	
Never married	61,699 (37.0)	13,723 (43.7)	47,976 (35.4)	
Member of an unmarried couple	12,621 (7.1)	2,392 (6.5)	10,229 (7.2)	
Healthcare coverage				< 0.001
No plan	23,317 (14.1)	3,596 (11.5)	19,721 (14.7)	
Some form of plan	174,504 (85.9)	35,562 (88.5)	138,942 (85.3)	
Annual family income				< 0.001
< 100 federal poverty line,	25,032 (16.0)	3,445 (11.9)	21,587 (17.0)	
Within 100-200% poverty line,	33,976 (18.7)	5,440 (15.7)	28,536 (19.5)	
>200% federal poverty line	121,965 (65.3)	26,877 (72.4)	95,088 (63.5)	
Depression) ()	. , , ,	. , ,	< 0.001
No	154,101 (79.5)	33, 218 (85.2)	120,883 (78.0)	
Yes	44,579 (20.5)	6,173 (14.8)	38,406 (22.0)	

CVH-cardiovascular health, *The numbers represent actual number of participants. All percentages are weighted to reflect final survey weights. p-value <0.05 -significant

Table S2. Association of Depression and Poor Mental Health with CVD outcomes, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (2017, 2019), additionally adjusting for hypertension and hypercholesterolemia

	Number of respondents	OR [95% CI]	
Depression			
No	232,136	Ref	
Yes	63,836	1.92 [1.71 – 2.16]	
Poor Mental Health Days			
0	161,767	Ref	
1-13	86,993	1.30 [1.13 – 1.49]	
14-30	43,270	1.98 [1.73 – 2.26]	
	cation, employment, income, marital status, he iabetes, hypertension, and hypercholesterolen	3 ·	

CVD-cardiovascular disease, OR-odds ratio, CI- confidence interval

Table S3. Association of Depression and Poor Mental Health with CVD outcomes, Stratified by Sex, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (2017 – 2020)

	Male		Female	
	Model 1 OR [95% CI]	Model 2 OR [95%CI]	Model 1 OR [95% CI]	Model 2 OR {95% CI]
Depression				
No	Ref	Ref	Ref	Ref
Yes	2.80 [2.53 – 3.11]	2.40 [2.15 – 2.68]	2.57 [2.30 – 2.87]	2.20 [1.95 – 2.48]
Poor Mental Health Days				
0	Ref	Ref	Ref	Ref
1-13	1.65 [1.47 – 1.87]	1.57 [1.38 – 1.79]	1.53 [1.34–1.76]	1.39 [1.21 – 1.60]
14-30	2.56 [2.26 – 2.90]	2.25 [1.97 – 2.58]	2.80 [2.47 – 3.18]	2.31 [2.03 – 2.63]

Model 1: adjusted for age, race, education, employment, income, marital status, and healthcare coverage

Model 2: Model 1 + combustible cigarette smoking, body mass index and diabetes,

Interaction by sex not significant

CVD-cardiovascular disease, OR-odds ratio, CI- confidence interval

Table S4. Association of Depression and Poor Mental Health with CVD outcomes, Stratified by Urban/Rural Status, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (2017 – 2020)

	Urban		Rural	
	Model 1 OR [95% CI]	Model 2 OR [95% CI]	Model 1 OR [95%CI]	Model 2 OR[95% CI]
Depression				
No	Ref	Ref		
Yes	2.69 [2.45–2.95]	2.32 [2.10 – 2.56]	2.36 [1.89-2.96]	2.03 [1.60-2.59]
Poor Mental Health Days				
0	Ref	Ref		
1-13	1.63 [1.46–1.82]	1.50 [1.34 – 1.68]	1.78 [1.23-2.57]	1.72 [1.16-2.54]
14-30	2.72 [2.44 – 3.03]	2.26 [2.01–2.54]	2.87 [2.22-3.70]	2.50 [1.91-3.27]

Model 1: adjusted for age, sex, race, education, employment, income, marital status, and healthcare coverage

Model 2: Model 1 + combustible cigarette smoking, body mass index and diabetes

Interaction by urban/rural status not significant

CVD-cardiovascular disease, OR-odds ratio, CI- confidence interval