Brain region	Side	Peak MNI coordinates		Cluster	Declr	F	Р	Post hoc P value			
		v v	7	sıze	Peak	value	value	Baselin	Baseline	5 s vs	
		Х	Y	Z	(voxels)	intensity			e vs 5 s	vs 30 min	30 min
LING	R	9	-48	0	154	8.547	9.498	0.000	0.750	0.000	0.025

Table S1 The dynamic degree centrality difference in CTN patients among different time points with the step size of 5 TRs (10 s).

MNI, Montreal Neurological Institute; Baseline, the rs-fMRI was performed before stimulating the trigger zone; 5 s, the rs-fMRI was performed within 5 s after stimulating the trigger zone; 30 min, the rs-fMRI was performed in the 30th minute after stimulating the trigger zone; LING.R, right lingual; right; l; R

Table S2. The dynamic degree centrality value (step size of 5 TRs (10 s)) in CTN patients in different time points.

Drain nacion	<b>C:</b> J.	dDC value				
Brain region	Side –	Baseline	58	30min		
LING	R	$0.161 \pm 0.046$	$0.173 \pm 0.079$	$0.199 \pm 0.078$		

CTN, classical trigeminal neuralgia; dDC,dynamic degree centrality; Baseline, the rs-fMRI was performed before stimulating the trigger zone; 5 s, the rs-fMRI was performed within 5 s after stimulating the trigger zone; 30 min, the rs-fMRI was performed in the 30th minute after stimulating the trigger zone; LING, lingual; R, right.

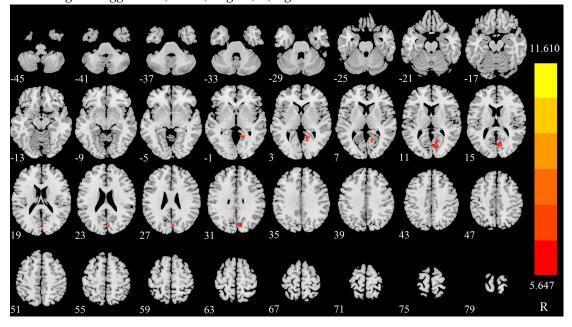


Figure S1. Significant differences in dDC among different times in patients with CTN. *dDC*, *Dynamic degree centrality; CTN, classical trigeminal neuralgia*.

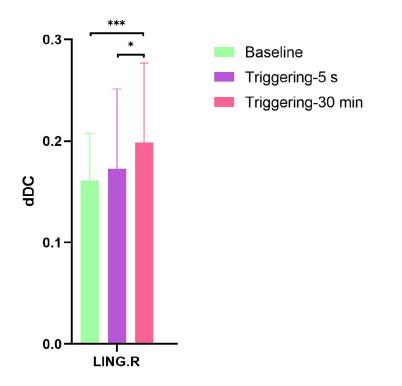


Figure S2. Post hoc comparisons of analysis of variance. The connection between two bars represents significant between-time differences of dDC (\*represents significant level P < 0.05, \*\*denotes significant level P < 0.01, and \*\*\* indicates significant level P < 0.001, Bonferroni correction). dDC, Dynamic degree centrality; baseline, the rs-fMRI was performed before stimulating the trigger zone; triggering-5 s, the rs-fMRI was performed within 5 s after stimulating the trigger zone; triggering-30 min, the rs-fMRI was performed in the 30th minute after stimulating the trigger zone; LING.R, right lingual.

Table S3 The sDC and dDC values in CTN	patients among different time po	oints.

Method	D	0.1	value			
	Brain region	Side —	Baseline 5s		30min	
sDC	CAU	R	$0.865 \pm 0.134$	1.036±0.199	$0.904 \pm 0.208$	
	FFG	R	$0.991 \pm 0.179$	$1.243 \pm 0.307$	$1.156 \pm 0.332$	
	MTG	R	$0.851 \pm 0.099$	$1.018 \pm 0.168$	$0.858 \pm 0.138$	
	ORBmid	R	$1.050 \pm 0.169$	$1.267 \pm 0.223$	1.171±0.199	
	SFG	R	$0.674 \pm 0.148$	$0.566 \pm 0.151$	$0.621 \pm 0.161$	
	SFG	L	$0.703 \pm 0.187$	$0.585 \pm 0.167$	$0.670 \pm 0.214$	
$dDC^*$	LING	R	$0.160 \pm 0.046$	$0.171 \pm 0.078$	$0.197 \pm 0.077$	

sDC, static degree centrality; dDC, Dynamic degree centrality; Baseline, the rs-fMRI was performed before stimulating the trigger zone; 5 s, the rs-fMRI was performed within 5 s after stimulating the trigger zone; 30 min, the rs-fMRI was performed in the 30th minute after stimulating the trigger zone; sDC, static degree centrality; dDC, dynamic degree centrality; CAU, caudate nucleus; FFG, fusiform gyrus; MTG, middle temporal gyrus; ORBmid, middle frontal gyrus, orbital part; SFG, superior frontal gyrus; LING, lingual; R, right; L, left. \*step size of 2 TRs (4 s) of dDC in different time.