SUPPLEMENTARY DIGITAL MATERIAL 1

Supplementary Table I.—Intervention table (excerpt from an ICF-based case study of a person with spinal cord injury).^a

ICF category/Intervention target		Intervention	Doc	Nurse	PT	OT	First value	Goal value	Final value
b420	Blood pressure functions	Medication; Compression hosiery	X				1	0	0
		Standing Table					- I		
b455	Exercise tolerance functions	Endurance training with ergometer			X		2	1	3
b710	Mobility of joint functions	Passive movement			X	Х	0	0	0
b730	Muscle power functions (isolated muscle groups)	Muscle power training with equipment			X		2	1	1
h725	Musales tone functions	Medication	X				3	1	1
b735	Muscles tone functions	Hippotherapy			X		3	1	
b7603	Supportive functions of arms	Prop-up training; Equipment training			X		2	1	1
d410	Changing basic body positions	Repetitive training			X	X	3	1	2
d415	Maintaining a body position (sitting)	Table tennis, Hippotherapy			X		2	1	1
d420	Transferring oneself (while sitting)	Repetitive transfer training		X	X	X	2	1	1
d510	Washing oneself	Support		X			3	2	2
d520	Caring for body parts (skin)	Support; instructions		X			4	3	4
d530	Toileting	Support		X			4	3	4
d540	Dressing	Support; instructions		X			3	2	3

Adding a short and simple description for each ICF category, such as those already available for the ICF Generic-30 Set categories, ^b would facilitate the practical implementation of the ICF-based documentation forms within the IRP. The template for the Intervention Table and the other documentation forms are available on the downloads section at www.icf-research-branch.org.

Doc: Physician; PT: Physical Therapist; OT: Occupational Therapist. First value: Rating (0=no problem, 1=mild problem, 2=moderate problem, 3=severe problem, 4=complete problem) of the patient's problems in the respective ICF category at the initial assessment; Goal value: Rating that should be achieved after intervention; Final value: Rating at the second assessment or evaluation.

References

^aSwiss Paraplegic Research. Translating interventions into real-life gains - A Rehab-Cycle Approach. [Internet; Accessed February 2021]. Available from: www.icf-casestudies.org.

^bSelb M, Gimigliano F, Prodinger B, Stucki G, Pestelli G, Iocco M, Boldrini P. Toward an International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health clinical data collection tool: the Italian experience of developing simple, intuitive descriptions of the Rehabilitation Set categories. Eur J Phys Rehabil Med. 2017; 53(2):290-298.

Supplementary Table II.—Evaluation display: includes the categorical profile (excerpt from an ICF-based case study of a person with spinal cord injury).

		INITIAL					FINAL				ınt			
		ASSESSMENT				Goal value		ASSESSMENT Extent of Problem				Gaol Achievement		
		Extent of Problem												
		from 0 (no problem)					from 0 (no problem)				ol Ac			
		to 4 (complete problem)						to 4 (complete problem)				Gac		
		0	1	2	3	4			0	1	2	3	4	
Global Goal: Community integration							1	Not yet eval			Not	yet evalud	nated	
Service-Program Goal: Independence in daily living								1						+
Cycle goal 1: Independence in mobility								1						+
Cycle §	Cycle goal 2: Improvement in self-care						2					-		
ICF category		Extent of Problem (First value) from 0 (no problem)					Goal Kelation	Goal value	Extent of Problem (Final value) from 0 (no problem)			Goal Achievement		
		to 4 (complete problem)				7	Goal	OD	to 4 (complete problem)			-	Achi	
		0	1	2	3	4			0	1	2	3	4	
b420	Blood pressure functions						1	0						+
b455	Exercise tolerance functions						1	1						-
b710	Mobility of joint functions						1	0						+
b730	Muscle power functions (isolated muscle groups)						1	1						+
b735	Muscles tone functions						1	1						+

b7603	Supportive functions of arms		1	1		+
d410	Changing basic body positions		1	1		-
d415	Maintaining a body position (sitting)		1	1		+
d420	Transferring oneself (while sitting)		1	1		+
d510	Washing oneself		2	2		+
d520	Caring for body parts (skin)		2	3		-
d530	Toileting		2	3		-
d540	Dressing		2	2		-

^aAdding a short and simple description for each ICF category, such as those already available for the ICF Generic-30 Set categories, ^bwould facilitate the practical implementation of the ICF-based documentation forms within the IRP. The template for the Evaluation Display and the other documentation forms are available on the downloads section at www.icf-research-branch.org.

Global Goal: long-term goal that the patient and rehabilitation team would like to reach at the end of rehabilitation; Service-Program Goal: Overarching goal to be reach at the end of the particular Rehab-Cycle; Cycle Goal: one or more short-term goals to achieve during the Rehab-Cycle; Goal relation: 1 and 2 refer to cycle goals 1 and 2 respectively; Goal value: Rating that should be achieved after intervention; Final value: Rating at the second assessment or evaluation; Goal achievement: + means achieved, - means not achieved. Rating scale: 0 = no problem, 1=mild problem, 2=moderate problem, 3=severe problem, 4 = complete problem.

References

^aSwiss Paraplegic Research. Translating interventions into real-life gains - A Rehab-Cycle Approach. [Internet; Accessed February 2021]. Available from: www.icf-casestudies.org.

^bSelb M, Gimigliano F, Prodinger B, Stucki G, Pestelli G, Iocco M, Boldrini P. Toward an International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health clinical data collection tool: the Italian experience of developing simple, intuitive descriptions of the Rehabilitation Set categories. Eur J Phys Rehabil Med. 2017; 53(2):290-298.