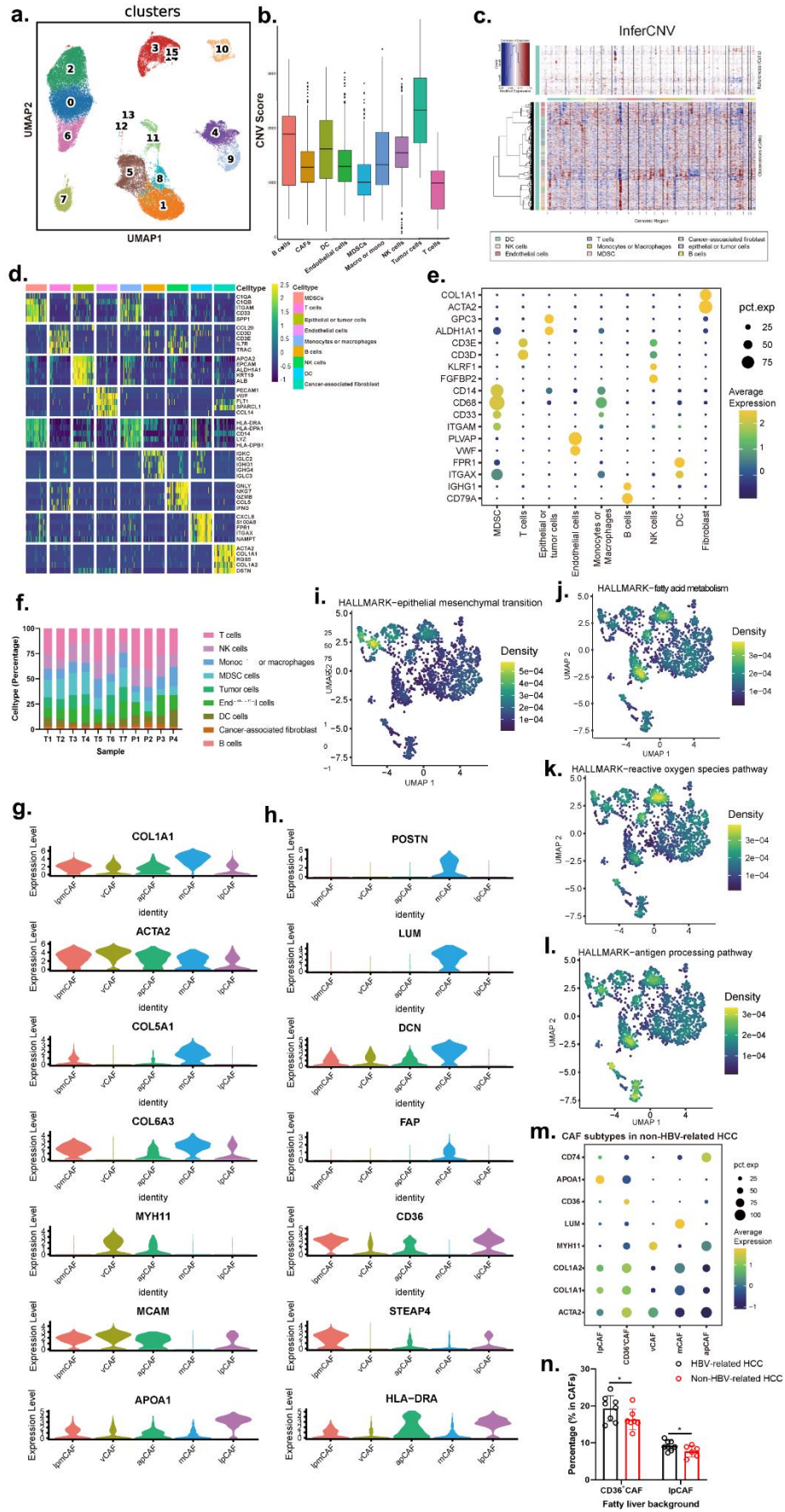


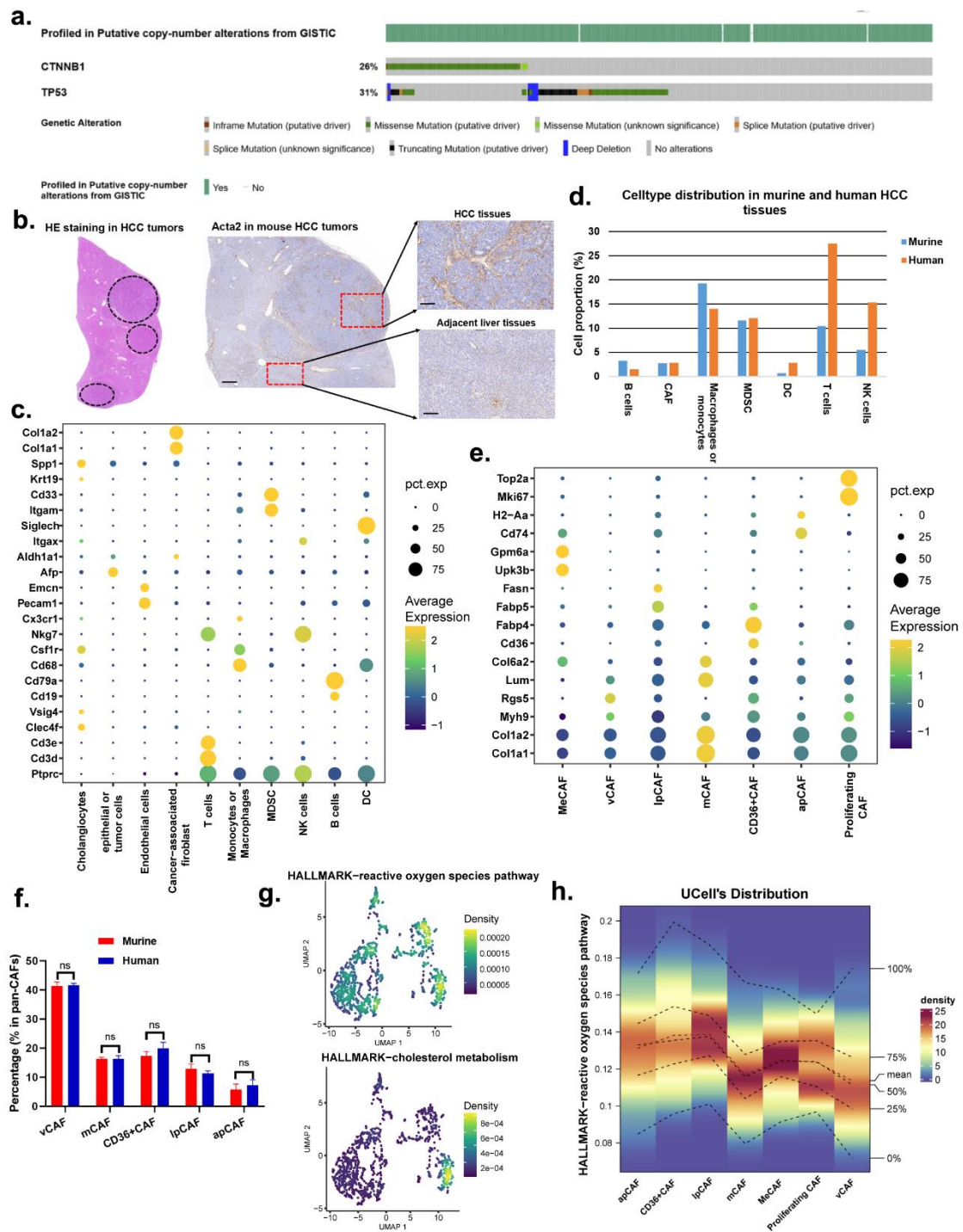
1 Supplementary figures



1 **Supplementary Fig. S1.** The marker genes and pathway activity of CAF subtypes in
2 human HCC tumors.

3 (a) UMAP plots for the different clusters identification of single cells. (b) Box plots
4 showing the CNV signals for each cell type. (c) Heatmap plots showing the CNV
5 signals for each cell type. (d) Heatmap showing the top DEGs (Wilcoxon test) in each
6 cell type. (e) Dotplots showing cell marker genes in each cell types. (f) Bar plots
7 showing the proportion of cell types in each sample. (g-h) Violin plots showing gene
8 markers in different CAF subtypes. (i-l) UMAP plots showing pathway activity for
9 different human CAF subtypes. (m) Dotplots showing cell marker genes of each CAF
10 subtypes in non-HBV-related HCC. (n) Box plot showing the proportions of
11 CD36+CAFs and lpCAFs in fatty liver background of HBV-related HCC or non-
12 HBV-related HCC by mIF. CNV, copy number variation; DEGs, differentially
13 expressed genes; HCC, hepatocellular carcinoma; scRNA-seq, single-cell RNA-
14 sequencing; UMAP, uniform manifold approximation and projection.

15



1

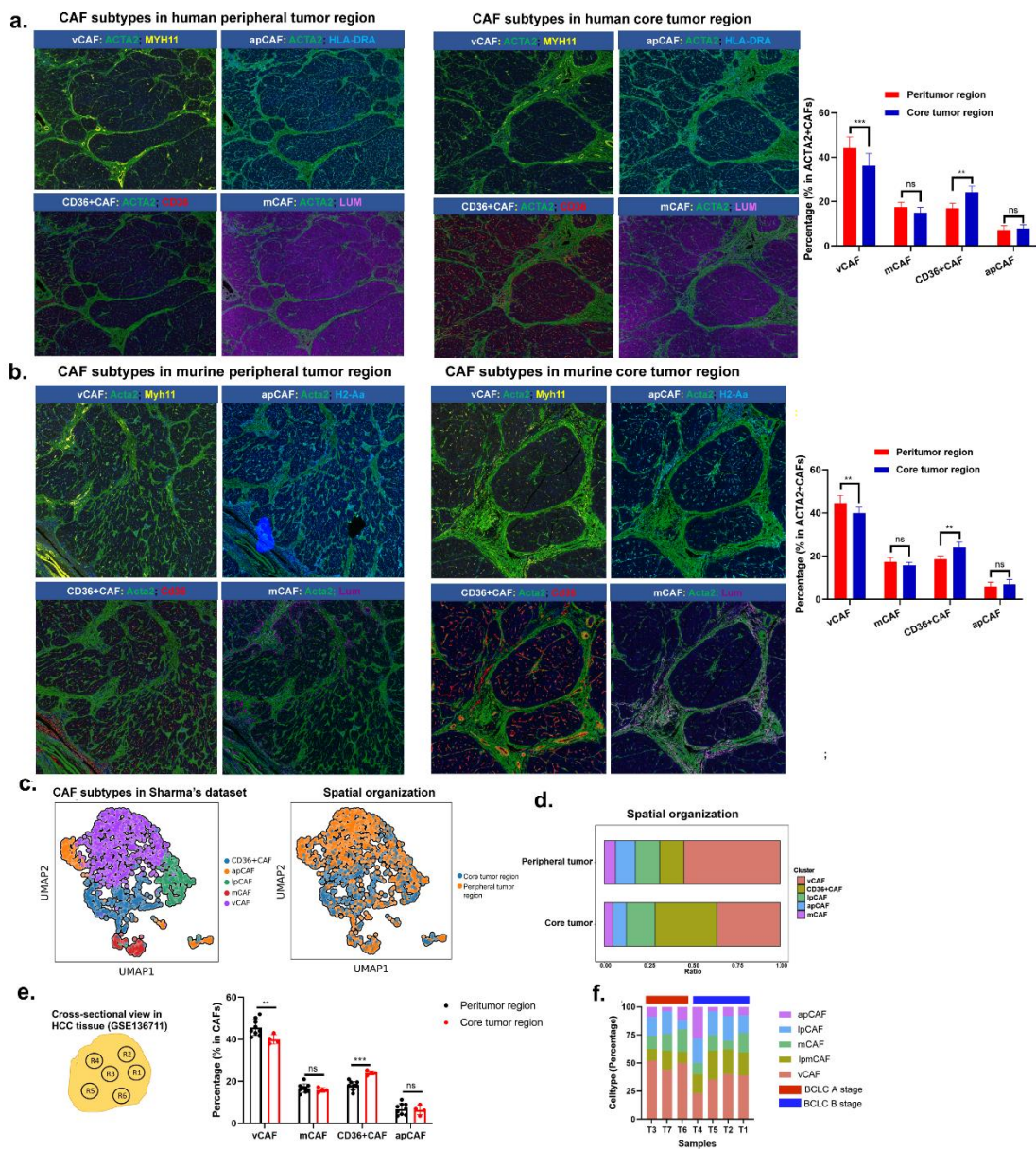
2 **Supplementary Fig. S2.** The marker genes and pathway activity of CAF subtypes in
 3 murine HCC tumors.

4 (a) The mutation landscape of CTNNB1 and TP53 in TCGA HCC databases. (b) HE
 5 staining and representative image of IHC for Acta2 in murine HCC tissues. (c)

6 Dotplots show marker genes in different cell types in murine HCC tumors. (d) The

1 comparison of major cell types between human and murine HCC tumors. (e) Dotplots
 2 show marker genes in different CAF subtypes in murine HCC tumors. (f) The
 3 comparison of major CAF subtypes between human and murine HCC tumors. (g)
 4 UMAP plots show enriched pathways in human CAF clusters. (h) UCell's distribution
 5 in different CAF subtypes for murine HCC tumors.

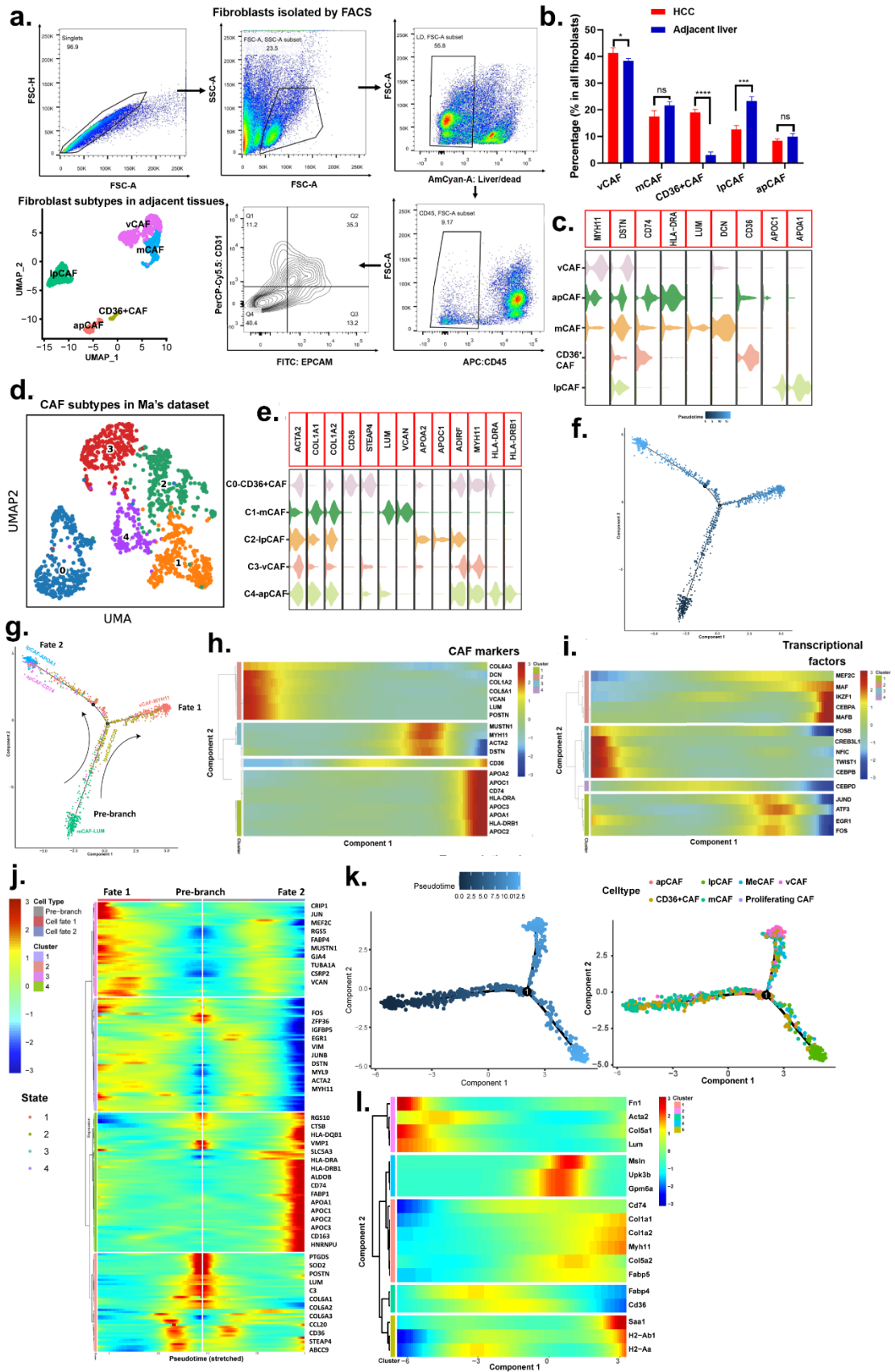
6



7

8 **Supplementary Fig. S3. The CAF heterogeneity of spatial in human and mouse HCC**
 9 tumors.

1 (a-b) Multiplex immunofluorescence staining shows spatial distribution of CAF
2 subtypes in human (a) or murine (b) HCC tumors. (c-d) The spatial organization of
3 CAF subtypes by Sharma's scRNA-seq dataset. (e) The spatial heterogeneity analysis
4 of CAF subtypes in HCC tumors by CIBERSOTx. (f) Bar plots show CAF clusters in
5 different tumor regions within HCC samples.
6



1

2 **Supplementary Fig. S4.** The CAF distribution and time trajectory of CAF subtypes

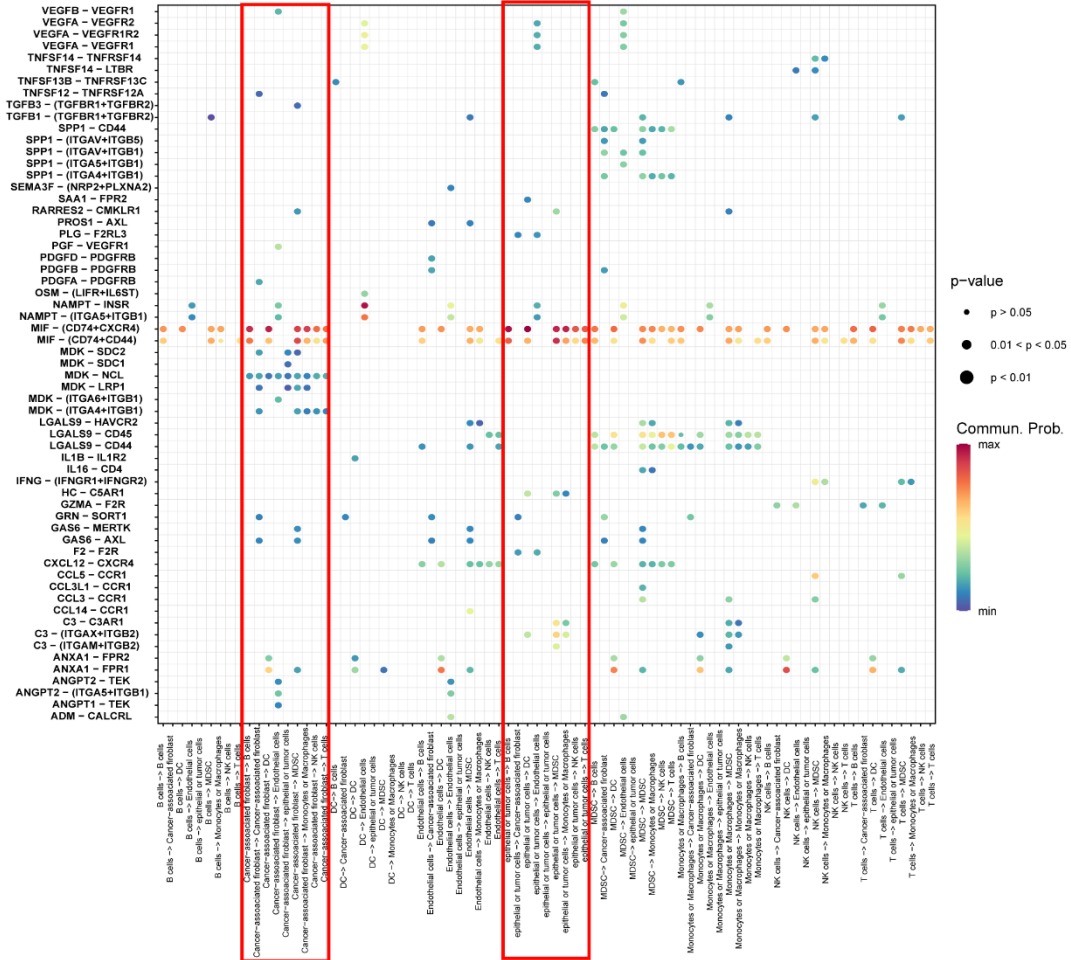
3 in HCC tissues.

1 (a) The fibroblasts clusters in human adjacent liver tissues by FACS. (b) The
2 comparison of fibroblasts clusters between HCC and adjacent liver tissues from
3 scRNA-seq data by FACS. (c) Violin plot for CAF subtypes from adjacent liver
4 tissues from scRNA-seq by FACS. (d) The UMAP plot shows CAF subclusters in Ma
5 et al.'s scRNA-seq data (GSE151530). (e) Violin plot for CAF subtypes in Ma et al.'s
6 scRNA-seq data. (f-g) Trajectory of differentiation process colored by states and cell
7 types. (h) Heatmap shows upregulated or downregulated CAF marker genes in the
8 differentiation process. (i) Heatmap shows upregulated or downregulated
9 transcriptional factors enriched in different CAFs in the differentiation process. (j)
10 Heatmap shows upregulated or downregulated CAF marker genes in the
11 differentiation process. (k) Trajectory of differentiation process colored by states and
12 cell types for CAF subtypes from murine HCC tumors. (l) Heatmap shows
13 upregulated or downregulated CAF marker genes in the differentiation process for
14 murine HCC tumors.

15

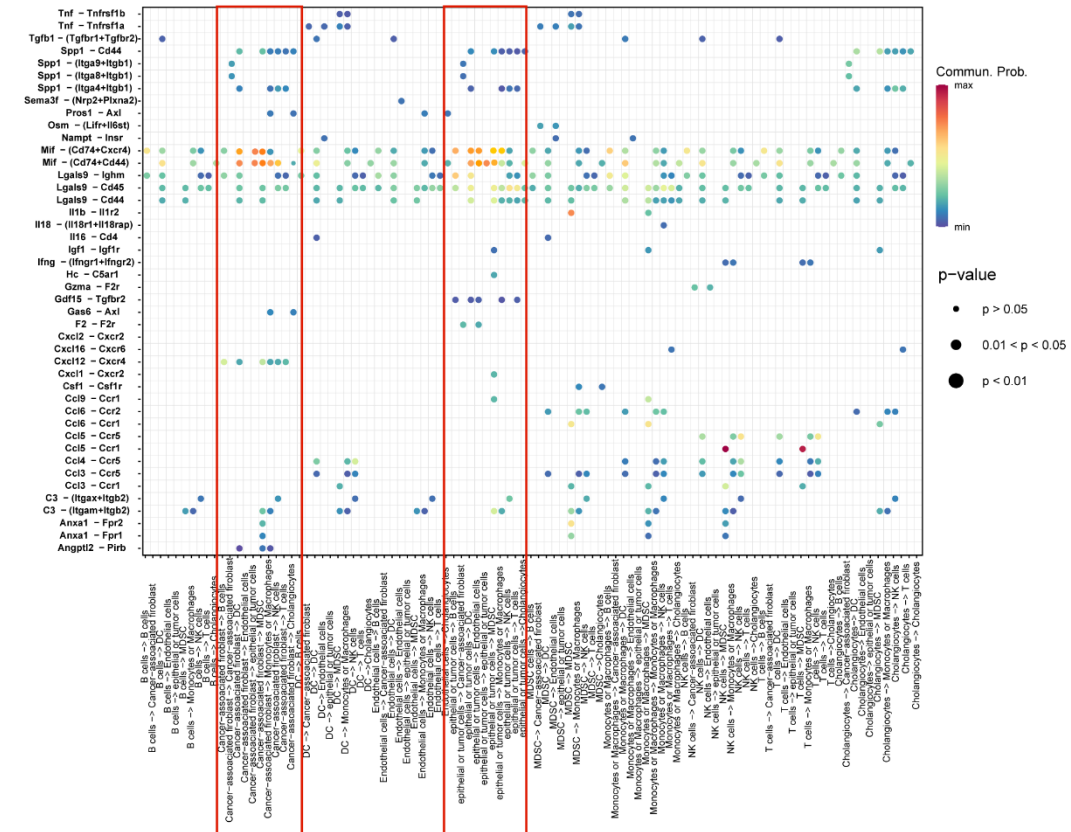
a.

Cellular interaction analysis in human HCC TME

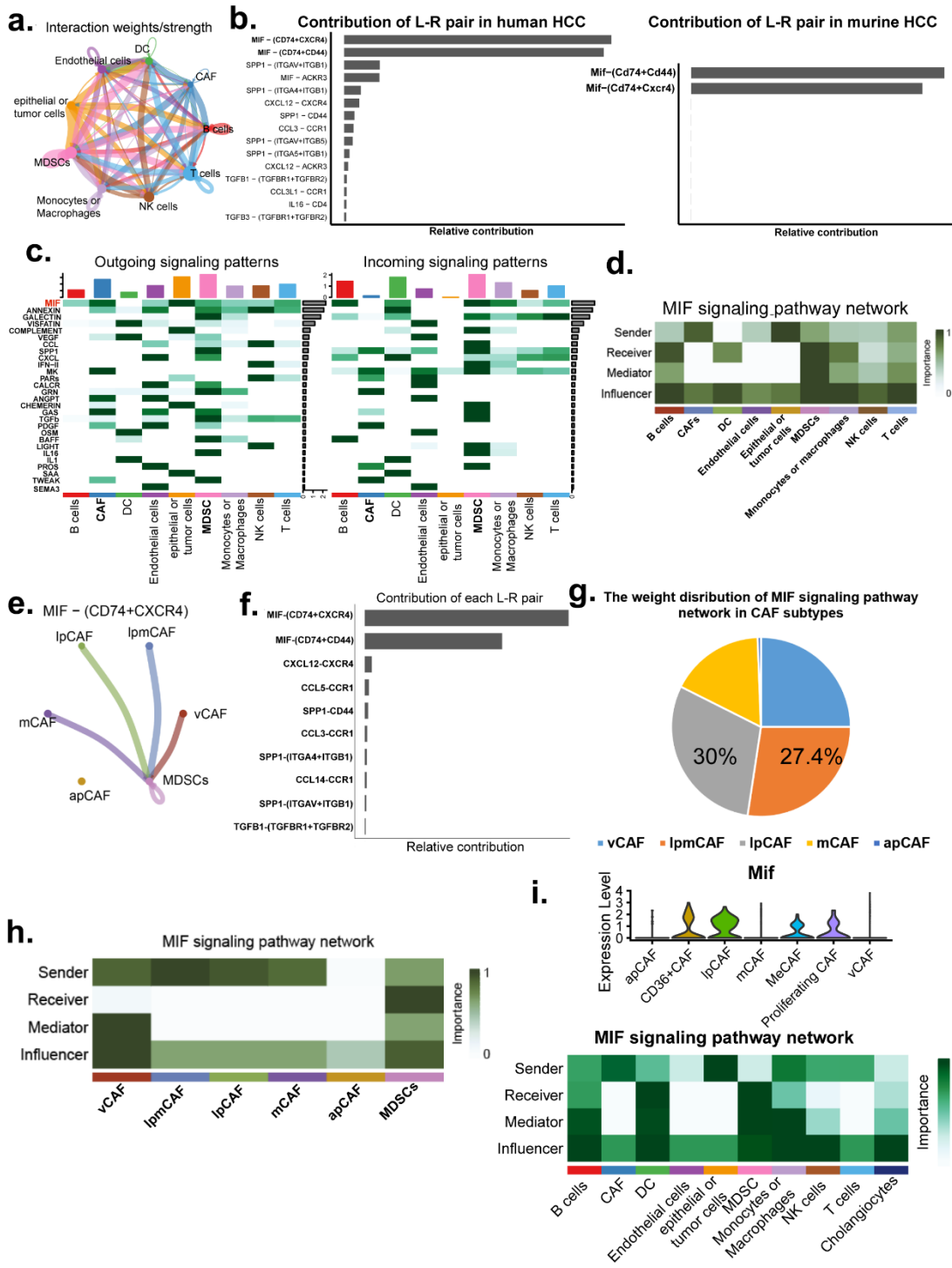


b.

Cellular interaction analysis in murine HCC TME



-
- 1 **Supplementary Fig. S5.** Cell interaction analysis between all distinct cell types in
2 human or murine HCC microenvironment.
- 3 (a) Dotplot shows pair-ligands between all distinct cell types in human HCC tumors.
4 Red box indicates CAFs and tumor cells acting on other cell types.
- 5 (b) Dotplot shows pair-ligands between all distinct cell types in murine HCC tumors.
6 Red box indicates CAFs and tumor cells acting on other cell types.
- 7



1

2 **Supplementary Fig. S6. Cell interaction analysis between CAF and other distinct cell**

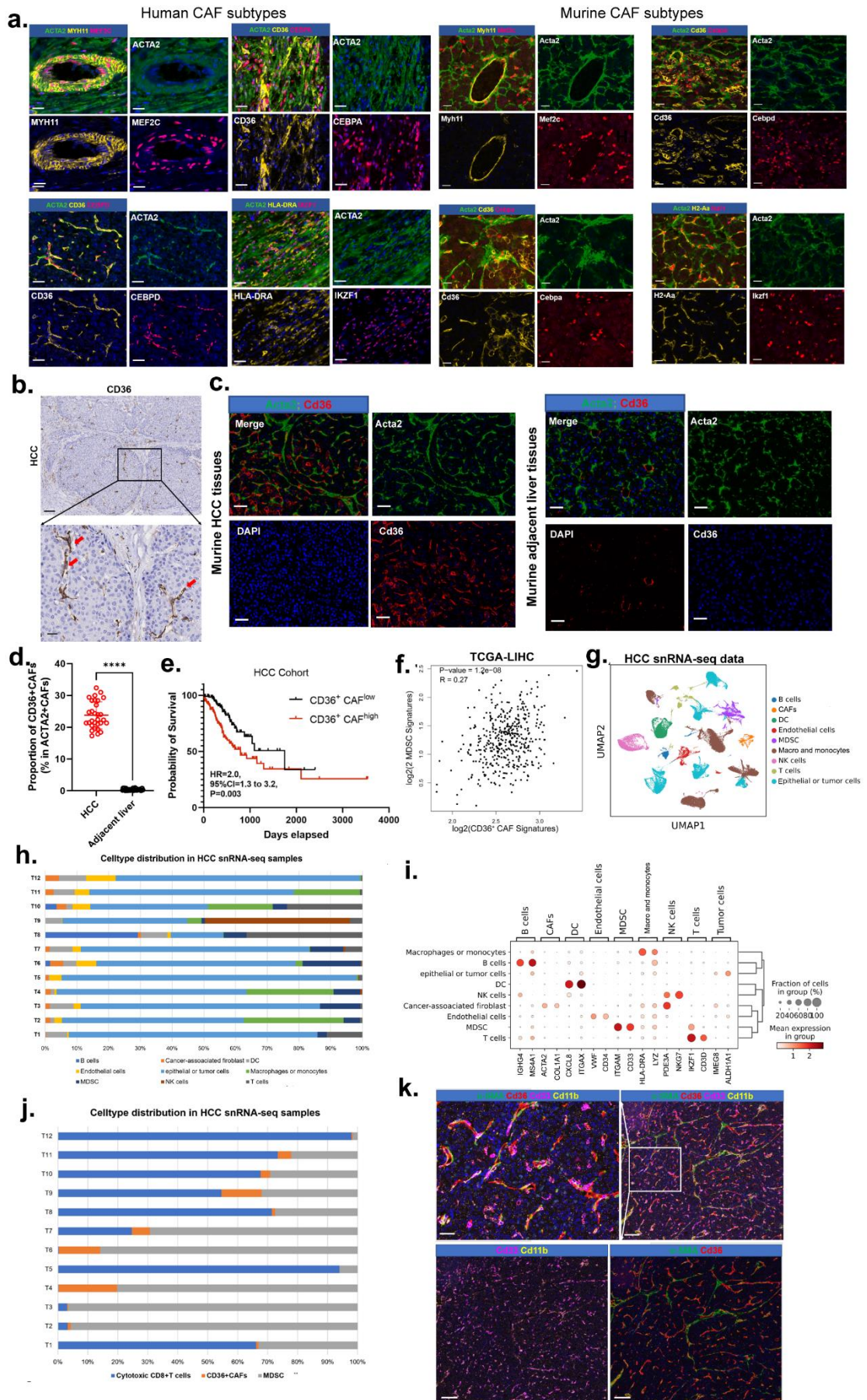
3 types.

4 (a) The interaction weights/strength between different cell types. (b) The contribution

5 of ligand-receptor pair in human and murine HCC tumors. (c) Heatmap shows genes

6 involving pair-ligands in different cell types for human HCC tumors. (d) MIF

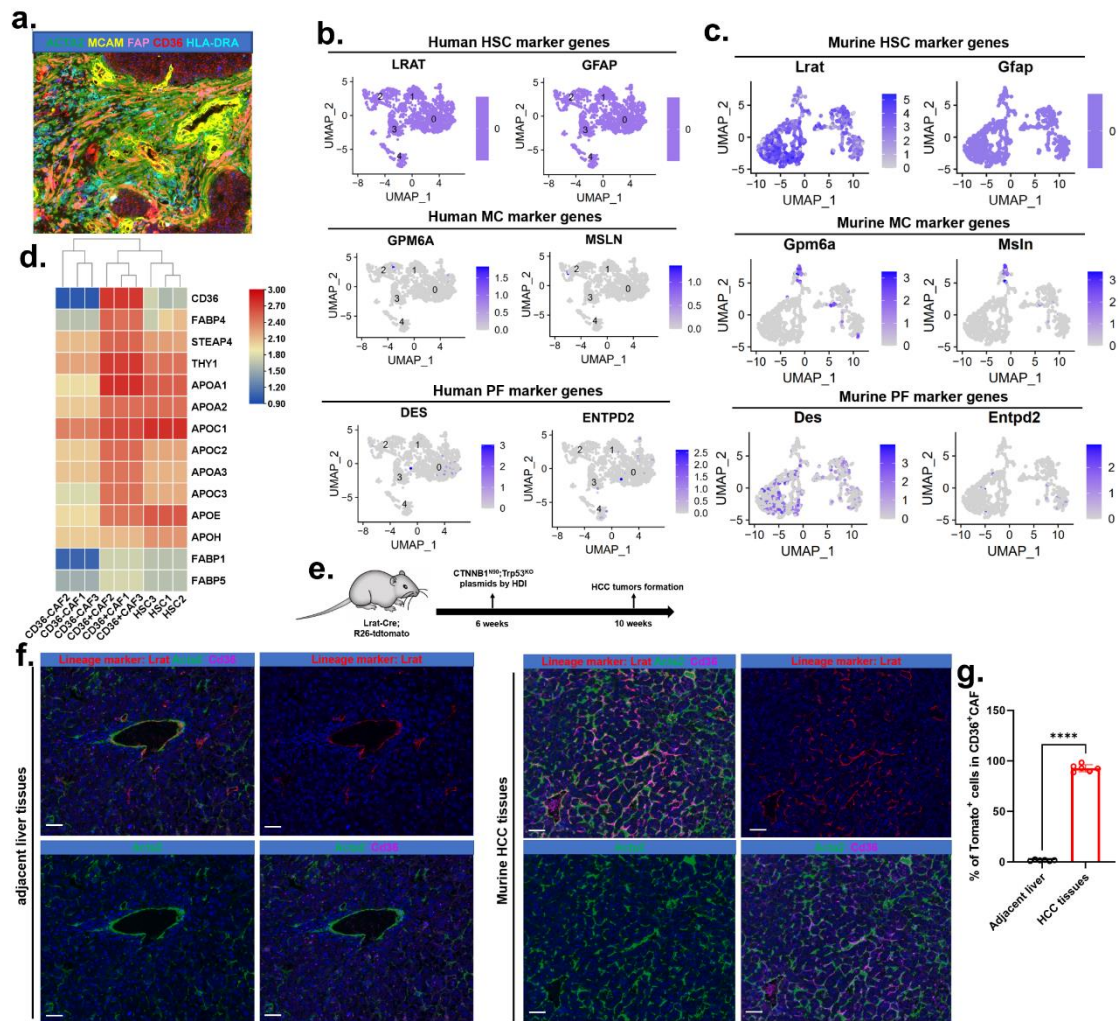
1 signaling pathway network in all cell types for human HCC tumors. (e) MIF signaling
2 pathway network between CAF subtypes and MDSCs in human HCC tumors. (f) The
3 contribution of each L-R pair between CAF subtypes and MDSCs. (g) The weight
4 distribution of MIF signaling pathway network between CAF subtypes and MDSCs.
5 (h) MIF signaling pathway network between CAF subtypes and MDSCs in human
6 HCC tumors. (i) MIF signaling pathway network and expression between all cell
7 types in murine HCC tumors.
8



1 **Supplementary Fig. S7.** CAF subtype-specific transcription factors and the
2 interactions between different CAFs and MDSCs.

3 (a) Multiplex immunofluorescence staining showed top expressed transcriptional
4 factors in different CAF subtypes from murine and human HCC tumors. (b) CD36
5 expression in HCC tissues by IHC experiments. (c) Multiplex immunofluorescence
6 staining shows CD36⁺ CAF was infiltrated less in adjacent tissues. (d) CD36⁺ CAFs
7 infiltrated more in HCC tissues than adjacent tissues. *P <0.05, **P <0.01, ***P
8 <0.001 by Student's t-test. (e) High proportion of CD36⁺ CAFs predict worse
9 prognosis in HCC patients. (f) CD36⁺ CAFs correlate with MDSCs in TCGA datasets.
10 (g) UMAP plot showed distinct cell types in HCC snRNA-seq data. (h) The dotplot
11 showed specific gene markers in distinct cell types from HCC snRNA-seq data. (i)
12 Celltype distribution in HCC snRNA-seq samples. (j) The cytotoxic CD8⁺ T cells,
13 CD36⁺CAF and MDSCs in different snRNA-seq samples. (k) Multiplex
14 immunofluorescence staining shows CD36⁺ CAF interacted with MDSCs in murine
15 HCC tissues.

16

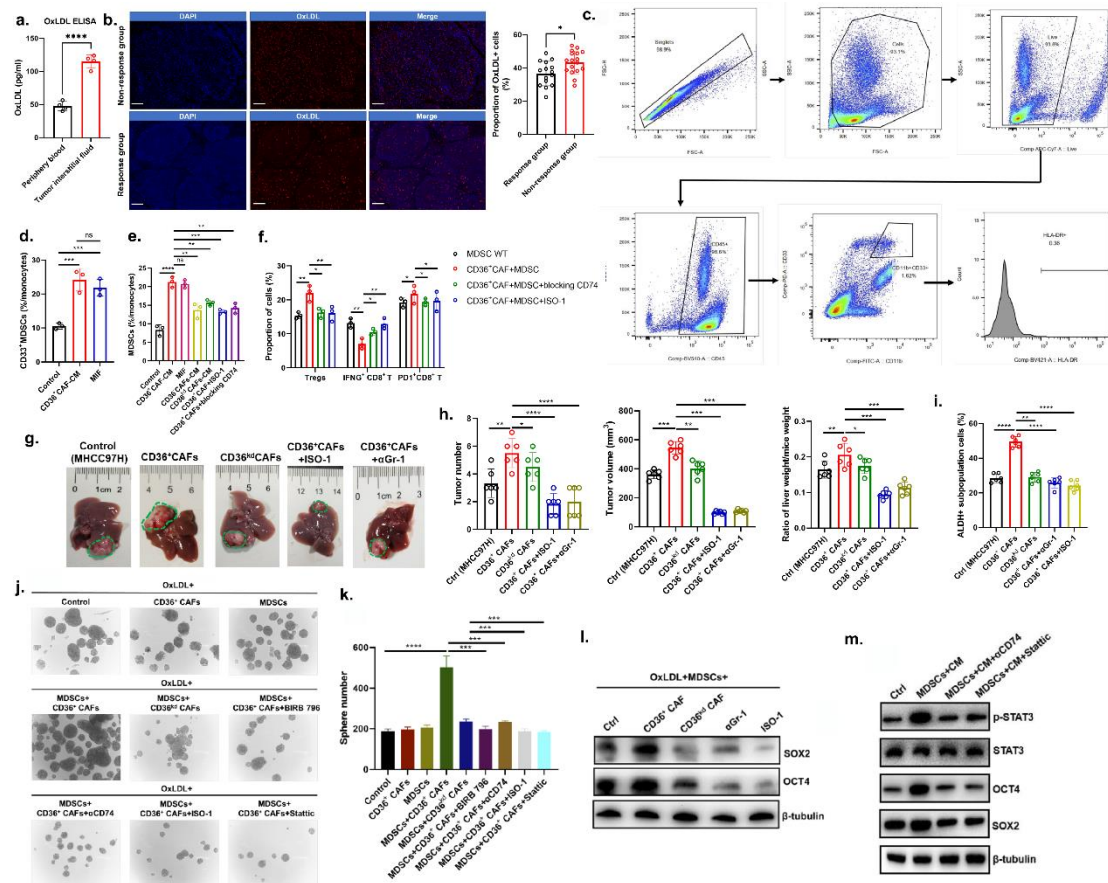


1 **Supplementary Fig. S8.** The cellular origin of CD36+CAFs in murine HCC models.

2 (a) The cell surface markers of CAF subtypes in HCC tumors. (b) The expression of
 3 specific genes for hepatic stellate cells, mesenchymal cell, portal fibroblasts in human
 4 CAF scRNA-seq data. (c) The expression of specific genes for hepatic stellate cells,
 5 mesenchymal cell, portal fibroblasts in murine CAF scRNA-seq data. (d) Heatmap
 6 showed genes related to lipid metabolism highly expression in CD36+CAFs and
 7 hepatic stellate cells when compared with CD36-CAFs. (e) The schematic diagram
 8 showed established spontaneous HCC in Lrat-Cre; R26-tdtomato mice. (f-g)

9 Multiplex immunofluorescence staining showed CD36+CAFs originated from hepatic
 10 stellate cells in HCC tumors. Data are mean \pm s.d. of n=6 independent experiments.

11 ****P < 0.0001 by Student's t-test.

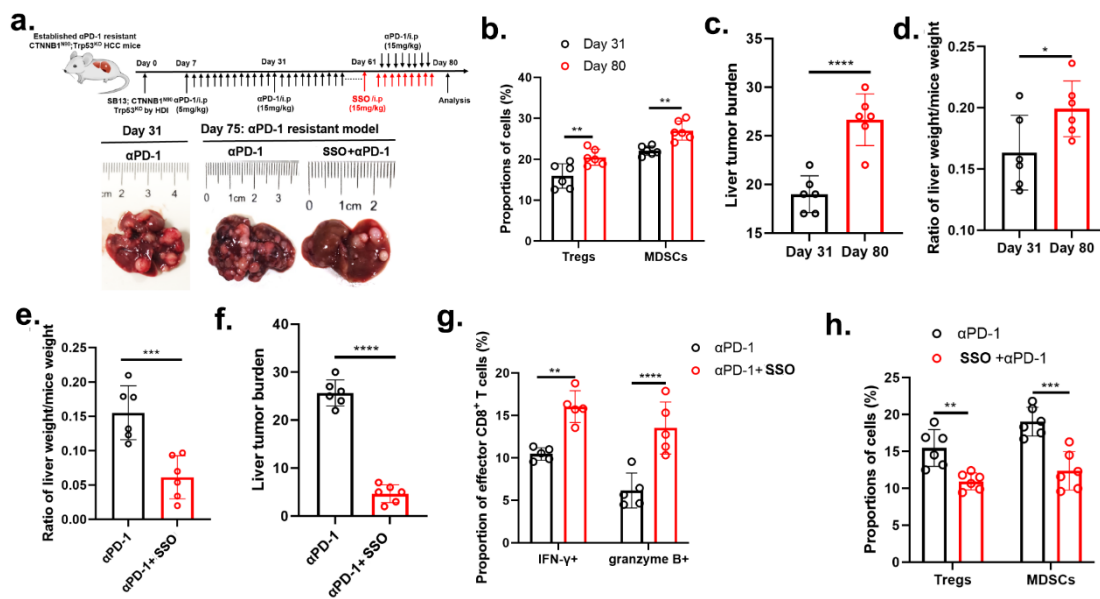


1

2 **Supplementary Fig. S9.** CD36⁺ CAF-derived MIF potentiates the capacity of
 3 MDSCs to promote tumor stemness in HCC.
 4 (a) The levels of OxLDL between periphery blood and tumor interstitial fluid by
 5 ELISA assays. (b) The OxLDL⁺ cells between anti-PD-1 response and non-response
 6 group by IF assays. (c) The strategies for MDSCs by flow cytometry in human HCC
 7 tissues. (d) Human MDSC proportion was measured by flow cytometry when co-
 8 cultured with Ctrl, CD36⁺ CAFs, MIF recombinant protein. (e) Murine MDSC
 9 proportion was measured by flow cytometry when co-cultured with Ctrl, CD36⁺
 10 CAFs, MIF, CD36⁻ CAFs, CD36^{kd} CAFs, a combination of CD36⁺ CAFs and MIF
 11 inhibitor ISO-1, or a combination of CD36⁺ CAFs and CD74 blocking agents. (f) The
 12 proportion of IFN γ ⁺ or PD1⁺CD8⁺ T cells and Tregs were evaluated in MDSCs-WT,
 13 CD36⁺CAFs+MDSCs, a combination of CD36⁺CAFs+MDSCs and ISO-1 or
 14 blocking CD74 by flow cytometry. (g) Representative images of HCC tumors from

1 the orthotopic HCC model. (h) Tumor numbers, tumor volume and ratio of liver
 2 weight and mice weight from the orthotopic HCC model. CAFs transduced with the
 3 empty lentiviral vector as a control. (i) ALDH⁺ cells of HCC nodules. CAFs
 4 transduced with the empty lentiviral vector as a control. (j-k) Representative images
 5 and tumorsphere formation efficiencies. (l) Western blotting assay show stemness
 6 marker genes for different treating groups. (m) Western blotting assay show stemness
 7 marker genes and STAT3 expression for different treating groups. Data shown as
 8 mean \pm S.E.M., one-way ANOVA following multiple comparison test was used, ***p
 9 < 0.001, ** p < 0.01, *p < 0.05, and ns = not significant.

10



11

12 **Supplementary Fig. S10.** Targeting CD36 synergizes with immunotherapy in
 13 different HCC murine models.

14 (a) CD36 inhibitor SSO synergizes PD-1 blockade in C57/BJ6 anti-PD-1 resistant
 15 spontaneous HCC model. (b) The changes of Tregs and MDSC in Day 31 and Day 81
 16 HCC spontaneous murine model. (c-d) The tumor burden and ratio of tumor weight
 17 and mice weight in Day 31 and Day 81 HCC spontaneous murine model. (e-f) The

1 tumor burden and ratio of tumor weight and mice weight in anti-PD-1 and anti-PD-1
 2 combined with SSO from HCC spontaneous murine model. (g-h) The changes of
 3 Tregs, MDSCs, IFN- γ^+ , GZMB $^+$ CD8 $^+$ T cells in two groups. Data shown as mean \pm
 4 S.E.M., one-way ANOVA following multiple comparison test was used, ***p < 0.001,
 5 ** p < 0.01, *p < 0.05, and ns = not significant.

6

7 **Supplementary tables**

8 **Supplementary Table S1. The baseline characteristics of 7 HBV-related HCC**
 9 **patients.**

Sample ID	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6	T7
Age	66	54	58	64	77	41	54
Gender	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male
HBsAg	Positive	Positive	Positive	Positive	Positive	Positive	Positive
Diagnosis	HCC	HCC	HCC	HCC	HCC	HCC	HCC
Tumor number	2	2	1	2	2	1	1
Tumor diameter (cm)	17*16/14*1	10*8/3.7*	3.9*3.2	8*4.5/3.8*2.	7*6/4.5*	3.5*3.5	3.5*2.9
Tumor grade	III	II	III	II	II	II	II
Tumor encapsulation	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
Microvascular invasion	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Macrovascular invasion	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
GPC3 status	Positive	Positive	Positive	Negative	Positive	Negative	Positive
Liver metastasis	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes

cirrhosis

BCLC stage B B A B B A A

1

2 **Supplementary Table S2. The list of cell markers in human HCC scRNA-seq**

3 **data.**

Cell types	Top10 cell markers									
MDSC	SPP1	RNASE	C1QA	C1QB	LGMN	SLC40	C1QC	CTSB	CD33	ITGA
		1				A1				M
T cells	CCL20	LTB	IL7R	CD2	TRAC	TRBC2	IL32	CD3D	KLRB1	BCL11
										B
Epithelial or tumor cells	APOA2	RBP4	ORM	EPCAM	AMBP	APOC2	ALB	H19	CLU	AHSG
			1							
Endothelial cells	STC1	PLVAP	SPRY	SPARC	PECA	TM4SF	CALCR	FLT1	VWF	CCL14
			1	L1	M1	1	L			
Mono or Macro B cells	HLA-	HLA-	CST3	HLA-	LYZ	CD74	AIF1	HLA-	C1QB	HLA-
	DRA	DPA1		DPB1				DQA		DRB1
								1		
	IGKC	IGLC2	IGHG	IGLC3	IGLC1	IGHG2	IGHA1	IGHG	JCHAI	IGHG4
			1					3	N	
NK cells	GNLY	NKG7	GZM	CCL5	IFNG	KLRD1	FGFBP	GZM	CCL4	CST7
			B				2	H		
DC	CXCL8	S100A8	G0S2	ITGAX	NAMP	LUCAT	BASP1	FPR1	FCGR3	PTGS2

	T	1	B							
CAFs	ACTA2	TAGL	RGS5	COL1A	CALD1	COL1A	COL3A	MGP	IGFBP	MYL9
	N		1		2	1		7		

1

2 **Supplementary Table S3. The list of cell markers in murine HCC scRNA-seq**

3 **data.**

Cell types	Top10 cell markers									
Cholangiocytes	Clec4f	Sdc3	Cd51	Psap	Dmpk	Lgmn	Igha	Slc40a1	Spp1	Clu
Epithelial or tumor cells	Serpina1e	Afp	Apoa1	Ahsg	Alb	Gstp1	Serpina1d	Serpina3k	Rbp4	Ttr
Endothelial cells	Pecam1	Emcn	Kdr	Igfbp7	Aqp1	Gpihb	Sparc	Ly6c1	Egfl7	Timp3
CAFs	Den	Col1a1	Col1a2	Col3a1	Sparc	Bgn	Col14a1	Igfbp7	Cxcl1	Igha
T cells	Ccl5	Trbc2	Cd3d	Cd3g	Nkg7	Hspa1b	Trac	Ms4a4b	Cd3e	Dnajb
Mono or Macro	C1qb	C1qa	C1qc	Ctss	Lgals	Ms4a6c	Lyz2	Vcam1	H2-Ab1	Cd68
MDSC	Cd33	Itgam	Retnl	Ngp	Camp	Ltf	Cxcl2	G0s2	Il1b	Pglyrp1
NK	Gzma	Xcl1	Gzm	Il2rb	Nkg7	Ccl5	Klrl1	Klrb1c	Klre1	Ccl4

b										
B cells	Igkc	Cd79	Ighm	Ebfl	Iglc2	Cd74	Cd79b	H2-Aa	Iglc3	Ighd
a										
DC	Siglech	Irf8	Klk1	Ccr9	Cox6	Rnase	Gm217	Tcf4	St8si	Iglc3
					a2	6	62		a4	

1

2 **Supplementary Table S4. The list of PCR primers used in this study.**

ChIP assays primers sequences	Sequence (5'→3')
CEBPD-MIF sense	CTGGCCAGGTAAGGCAACC
CEBPD-MIF anti-sense	TCCCTGTGCCCTATGAAAGC
CEBPA-MIF sense	AGCTGCAGGAACCAATACCC
CEBPA-MIF anti-sense	CAGGTGCCAGGCATACAAGA
IKZF1-CCL5 sense	TGGGAGAGACCCTATGACCA
IKZF1-CCL5 anti-sense	AACCAAGCATTGGCCGGTA
IKZF1-HLA-DRA sense	CAGGAGAGACCATGCTGTAGG
IKZF1-HLA-DRA anti-sense	AAGAGTGACCTGGCAGTGAGG
Real-time qPCR primers sequences	Sequence (5'→3')
Human	
β-actin sense	GGGAAATCGTGCGTGACATTAAG
β-actin anti-sense	TGTGTTGGCGTACAGGTCTTTG
MIF sense	TCTGCCATCATGCCGATGTT
MIF anti-sense	GCTCTTAGGCGAAGGTGGAG

ACTA2 sense	AAAAGACAGCTACGTGGGTGA
ACTA2 anti-sense	GCCATGTTCTATCGGGTACTTC
COL1A1 sense	GAGGGCCAAGACGAAGACATC
COL1A1 anti-sense	CAGATCACGTCATCGCACAAC
COL1A2 sense	GTTGCTGCTTGCAGTAACCTT
COL1A2 anti-sense	AGGGCCAAGTCCAACCTCCTT
COL5A2 sense	GACTGTGCCGACCCTGTAAC
COL5A2 anti-sense	CCTGGACGACCACGTATGC
COL6A3 sense	ATGAGGAAACATCGGCACTTG
COL6A3 anti-sense	GGGCATGAGTTGTAGGAAAGC
COL5A1 sense	GCCCGGATGTCGCTTACAG
COL5A1 anti-sense	AAATGCAGACGCAGGGTACAG
PDGFRB sense	AGCACCTTCGTTCTGACCTG
PDGFRB anti-sense	TATTCTCCCGTGTCTAGCCCA
MYH11 sense	CGCCAAGAGACTCGTCTGG
MYH11 anti-sense	TCTTCCCAACCGTGACCTTC
DSTN sense	ATTTTGTGGGAATGCTTCCTGA
DSTN anti-sense	GCATCCTTGGAGCTTGCATAG
MUSTN1 sense	CCCGAGGAAACCTGACCAAG
MUSTN1 anti-sense	CACTCTCGCATGACCTGGTAG
MCAM sense	AGCTCCGCGTCTACAAAGC
MCAM anti-sense	CTACACAGGTAGCGACCTCC

CD36 sense	GGCTGTGACCGGAACTGTG
CD36 anti-sense	AGGTCTCCAAGTGGCATTAGAA
FABP4 sense	ACTGGGCCAGGAATTTGACG
FABP4 anti-sense	CTCGTGGAAAGTGACGCCTT
STEAP4 sense	GGCTTTGGGAATACTTGGGTT
STEAP4 anti-sense	TGGACAAATCGGAACTCTCTCC
THY1 sense	ATCGCTCTCCTGCTAACAGTC
THY1 anti-sense	CTCGTACTGGATGGGTGAACT
APOA1 sense	CCCTGGGATCGAGTGAAGGA
APOA1 anti-sense	CTGGGACACATAGTCTCTGCC
APOA2 sense	CTGTGCTACTCCTCACCATCT
APOA2 anti-sense	CTCTCCACACATGGCTCCTTT
APOC1 sense	TCCAGTGCCTTGGATAAGCTG
APOC1 anti-sense	GGCTGATGAGTTCCCGAGC
APOC2 sense	TGTCCTCCTGGTATTGGGATTT
APOC2 anti-sense	TGTCTTCTCGTACAGGTTCTGG
LUM sense	TAAGTGCCTGAAAGCTACCC
LUM anti-sense	GGAGGCACCATTGGTACACTT
FAP sense	ATGAGCTTCCTCGTCCAATTCA
FAP anti-sense	AGACCACCAGAGAGCATATTTTG
DCN sense	ATGAAGGCCACTATCATCCTCC
DCN anti-sense	GTCGCGGTCATCAGGAACTT

VCAN sense	GTAACCCATGCGCTACATAAAGT
VCAN anti-sense	GGCAAAGTAGGCATCGTTGAAA
POSTN sense	CTCATAGTCGTATCAGGGGTCG
POSTN anti-sense	ACACAGTCGTTTTCTGTCCAC
TIMP1 sense	CTTCTGCAATTCGGACCTCGT
TIMP1 anti-sense	ACGCTGGTATAAGGTGGTCTG
HLA-DRA sense	AGTCCCTGTGCTAGGATTTTCA
HLA-DRA anti-sense	ACATAAACTCGCCTGATTGGTC
HLA-DRB1 sense	CGGGGTTGGTGAGAGCTTC
HLA-DRB1 anti-sense	AACCACCTGACTTCAATGCTG
CD74 sense	GACGAGAACGGCAACTATCTG
CD74 anti-sense	GTTGGGAAGACACACCAGC
CCL5 sense	CCAGCAGTCGTCTTTGTCAC
CCL5 anti-sense	CTCTGGGTTGGCACACACTT

Mouse

Mif sense	GAGGGGTTTCTGTCGGAGC
Mif anti-sense	GTTCGTGCCGCTAAAAGTCA
Acta2 sense	CCCAGACATCAGGGAGTAATGG
Acta2 anti-sense	TCTATCGGATACTTCAGCGTCA
Coll1a1 sense	GCTCCTCTAGGGGCCACT
Coll1a1 anti-sense	ATTGGGACCCTTAGGCCAT
Coll1a2 sense	TCGTGCCTAGCAACATGCC

Col1a2 anti-sense	TTGTGCAGAATACTGAGCAGCAA
Col5a3 sense	CCCAAGCAAGTCAACATTATGGA
Col5a3 anti-sense	CGGTTACAGTCAACCACCA
Col6a3 sense	GCTGCGGAATCACTTTGTGC
Col6a3 anti-sense	CACCTTGACACCTTTCTGGGT
Myh9 sense	AGAAGTTGGTATGGGTGCCTT
Myh9 anti-sense	CCCTGAGTAGTATCGCTCCTTG
Myh11 sense	ATGAGGTGGTCGTGGAGTTG
Myh11 anti-sense	GCCTGAGAAGTATCGCTCCC
Rgs5 sense	CGCACTCATGCCTGGAAAG
Rgs5 anti-sense	TGAAGCTGGCAAATCCATAGC
Mustn1 sense	GTCTAAGACATACCAGGTCATGC
Mustn1 anti-sense	GCGGCTGAATACAGATGGGG
Mcam sense	CCCAAAGTGGTGTGCGTCTT
Mcam anti-sense	GGAAAATCAGTATCTGCCTCTCC
Cd36 sense	ATGGGCTGTGATCGGAACTG
Cd36 anti-sense	GTCTTCCAATAAGCATGTCTCC
Fabp4 sense	AAGGTGAAGAGCATCATAACCCCT
Fabp4 anti-sense	TCACGCCTTTCATAACACATTCC
Fabp5 sense	TGAAAGAGCTAGGAGTAGGACTG
Fabp5 anti-sense	CTCTCGGTTTTGACCGTGATG
Fasn sense	GGAGGTGGTGATAGCCGGTAT

Fasn anti-sense	TGGGTAATCCATAGAGCCCAG
Apoc1 sense	TCCTGTCCTGATTGTGGTCGT
Apoc1 anti-sense	CCAAAGTGTTCCCAAACCTCCTT
Apoc2 sense	ATGGGGTCTCGGTTCTTCCT
Apoc2 anti-sense	GTCTTCTGGTACAGGTCTTTGG
Sh3bp5 sense	GCCTGGAGAGGATCTCAGATG
Sh3bp5 anti-sense	TCAGACGGACTCGTCGGTC
Lum sense	CTCTTGCCTTGGCATTAGTCG
Lum anti-sense	GGGGGCAGTTACATTCTGGTG
Fap sense	GTCACCTGATCGGCAATTTGT
Fap anti-sense	CCCCATTCTGAAGGTCGTAGAT
Timp1 sense	GCAACTCGGACCTGGTCATAA
Timp1 anti-sense	CGGCCCCGTGATGAGAAACT
Twist1 sense	GGACAAGCTGAGCAAGATTCA
Twist1 anti-sense	CGGAGAAGGCGTAGCTGAG
Mmp1 sense	CCAGGGTGTTGGACTATGTTTG
Mmp1 anti-sense	CCCCGAGGAAGGTTTCATCTTTA
Mmp2 sense	CAAGTTCCCCGGCGATGTC
Mmp2 anti-sense	TTCTGGTCAAGGTCACCTGTC
H2-Aa sense	TCAGTCGCAGACGGTGTTTAT
H2-Aa anti-sense	GGGGGCTGGAATCTCAGGT
Cd74 sense	AGTGCGACGAGAACGGTAAC

Cd74 anti-sense	CGTTGGGGAACACACACCA
H2-Ab1 sense	AGCCCCATCACTGTGGAGT
H2-Ab1 anti-sense	GATGCCGCTCAACATCTTGC

1

2 **Supplementary Table S5. The list of reagents and antibodies used in this study.**

Antibodies	Identifier	Source
APC anti-human CD36	Cat: 561822	BD Pharmingen
PE anti-human HLA-DRA	Cat: FAB4869P	R&D Systems
CCL5	Cat# MAB678	R&D systems
IgG	Cat# 1-001-A	R&D systems
IKZF1	Cat #14859	Cell Signaling
CEBPA	Cat # sc-365318	Santa cruz
CEBPD	Cat # sc-365546	Santa Cruz
β -tubulin	Cat# 2128	Cell Signaling
CCL5	Cat# 2988S	Cell Signaling
CD36	Cat# ab252922	Abcam
MIF	Cat# ab187064	Abcam
p65	Cat# ab32536	Abcam
SOX2	Cat# ab92494	Abcam
OCT4	Cat# ab181557	Abcam
STAT3	Cat# ab68153	Abcam
HLA-DRA	Cat# ab92511	Abcam

ACTA2	Cat #ab7817	Abcam
CD33	Cat # ab269456	Abcam
CD11b	Cat # ab133357	Abcam
FOXP3	Cat #ab20034	Abcam
CD4	Cat #ab183685	Abcam
MYH11	Cat # ab224804	Abcam
LUM	Cat # ab168348	Abcam
CXCL13	Cat #ab199043	Abcam
CD8	Cat # ab217344	Abcam
CXCR5	Cat #ab254415	Abcam
CD20	Cat #ab78237	Abcam
BUV395 anti-mouse CD8a	Cat# 563786; RRID: AB_2732919	BD Pharmingen
PE/Cy7 anti-mouse IFN-g	Cat# 505826; RRID: AB_2295770	BioLegend
FITZ anti-mouse GZMB	Cat# 515403; RRID: AB_2114575	BioLegend
BUV737 anti-mouse CD4	Cat# 612761; RRID: AB_2870092	BD Pharmingen
FITC anti-human CD33	Cat# 366619	BioLegend
APC anti-mouse/human CD11b	Cat# 101211	BioLegend
PE anti-human HLA-DR	Cat# 327007	BioLegend
Alexa Fluor® 647 anti- mouse/rat/human FOXP3	Cat# 320013	BioLegend
Alexa Fluor® 647 anti-mouse Ly- 6G/Ly-6C (Gr-1)	Cat# 108418	BioLegend

APC-eFluor 780 anti-Mouse CD3	Cat# 47-0032-82; RRID: AB_1272181	Invitrogen
FITC anti-mouse CD25	Cat# 102005	BioLegend
Brilliant Violet 711 anti-mouse CD45	Cat# 103147; RRID: AB_2564383	BioLegend
Phospho-p38 (Thr180/Tyr182) (D3F9) XP Rabbit mAb	MAPK Cat# 4511; RRID: AB_2139682	Cell Signaling

Buffers, chemicals, peptides, and recombinant proteins

BODIPY FL C16	Cat# D3821	ThermoFisher
BODIPY500/510 C1, C12	Cat# 3823	ThermoFisher
Oxidized LDL Uptake Assay Kit	Cat# 601180	Cayman Chemical
Human DiI High Oxidized Low Density Lipoprotein	Cat# 770262-9	Kalenbiomed
BODIPY FL LDL	Cat# L3483	ThermoFisher
DMEM	Cat# 11965118	GIBCO
RPMI 1640 Medium	Cat# 21875034	GIBCO
PBS	Cat# 20012-068	GIBCO
Recombinant human MIF	Cat# HY-P7387	MedChemExpress
OxLDL	Cat# 770252-7	Kalenbiomed
LDL	Cat# 770200-4	Kalenbiomed
a-Tocopherol	Cat# 30776	Cayman Chemical
SB203580	Cat# 13067	Cayman Chemical
ISO-1	Cat# HY-16692	MedChemExpress

Stattic	Cat# HY-13818	MedChemExpress
Sulfo-N-succinimidyl Oleate	Cat# SML2148	Sigma-Aldrich
Lipid Peroxidation Assay Kit	Cat# ab243377	Abcam
