

TITLE

An integrated view of baseline protein expression in human tissues

AUTHORS

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Distribution of reverse decoys (n=1670) collected from all datasets (n=24)

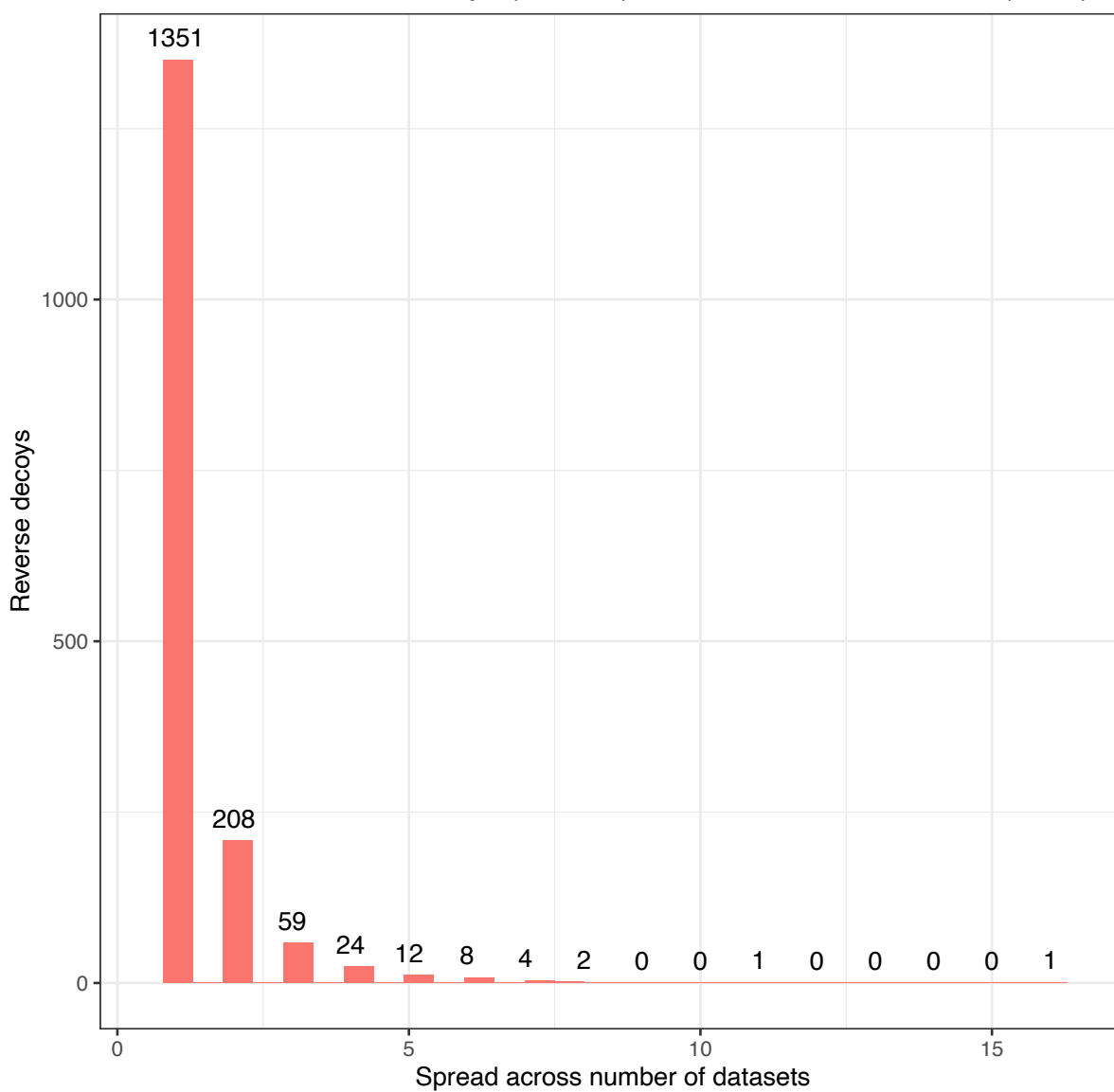


Figure S1. Distribution of common reverse protein decoy hits across the number of datasets.

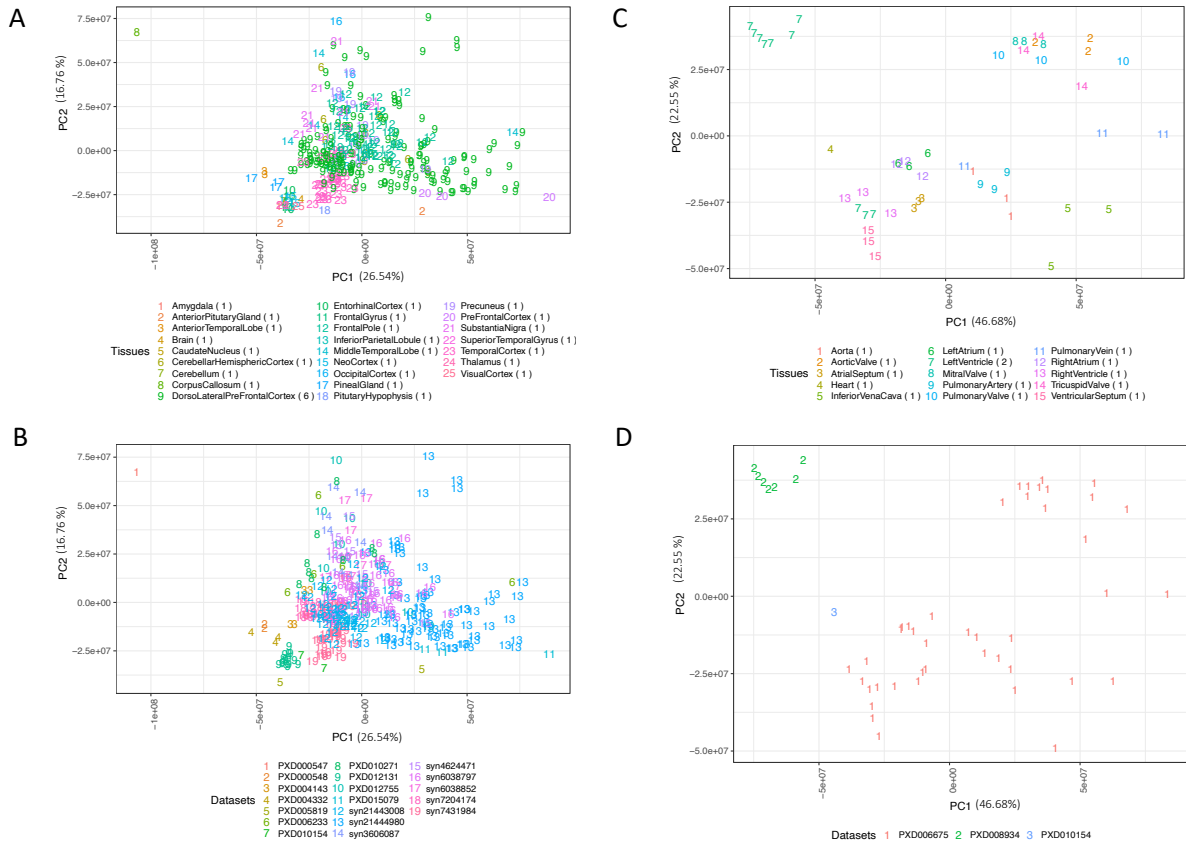


Figure S2. PCA of FOT normalised iBAQ protein abundances (samples without bin transformation) of (A) brain samples coloured by tissues and (B) and datasets (C) and heart samples coloured by tissues and (D) datasets.

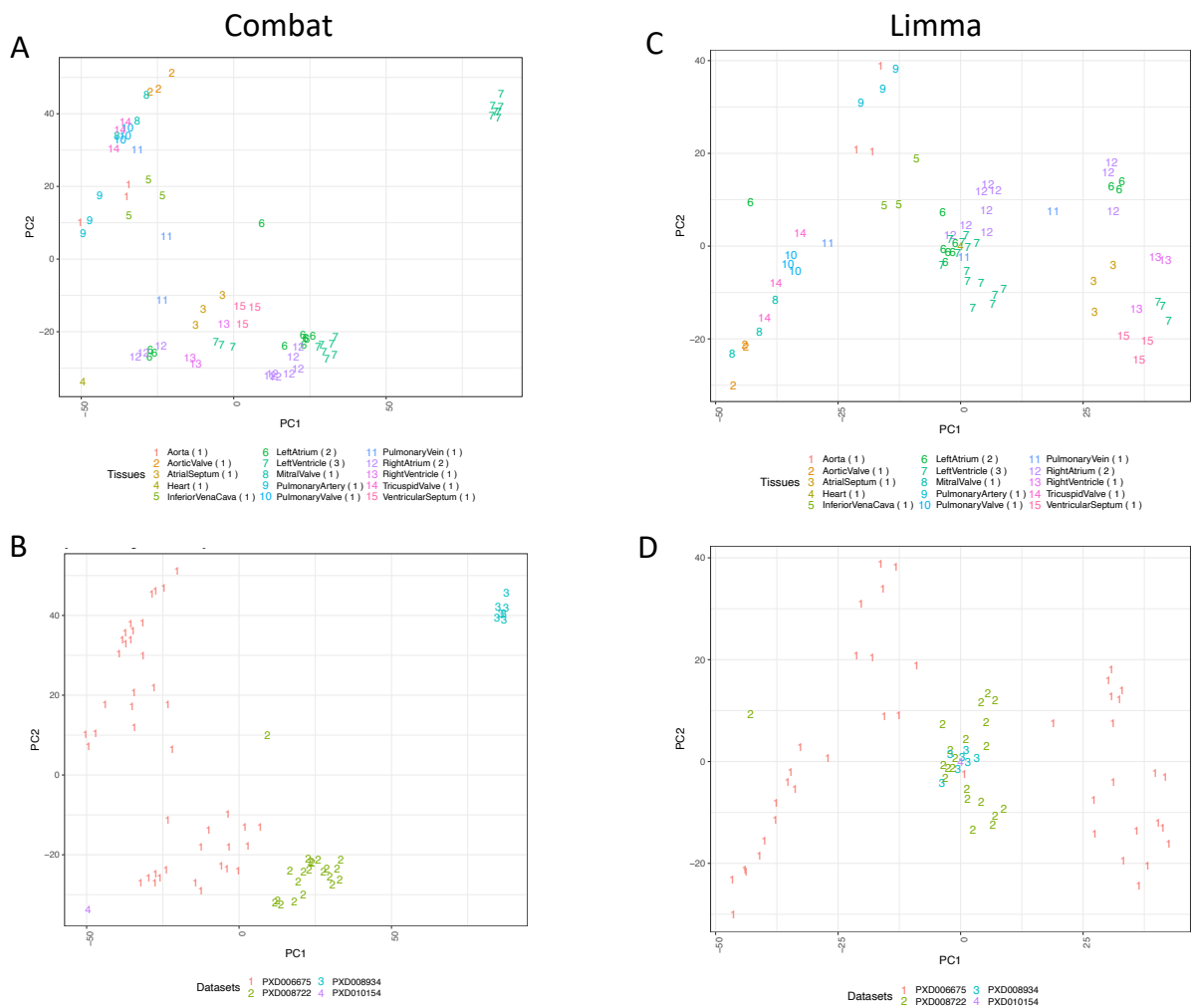
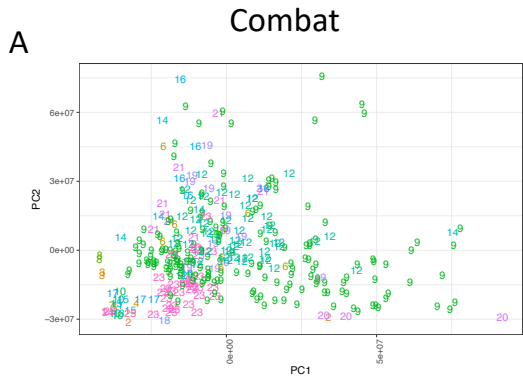
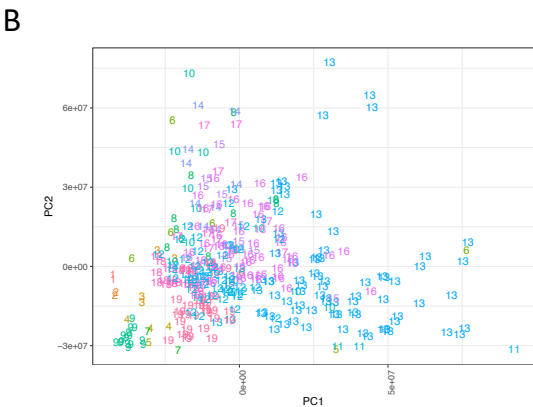


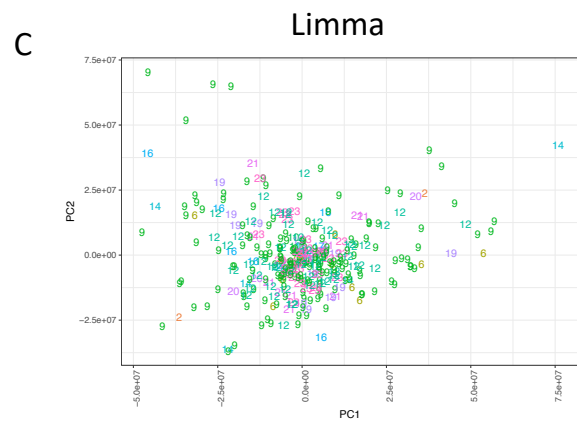
Figure S3. PCA of the heart samples using Combat normalisation where samples are coloured by (A) tissues and (B) datasets. Similarly PCA of heart samples using Limma normalisation where samples are coloured by (C) tissues and (D) datasets.



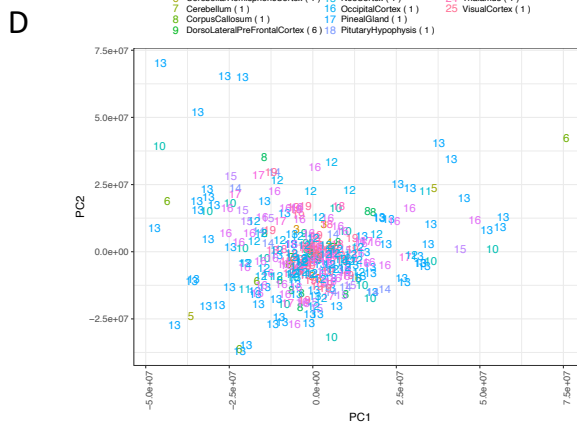
- Tissues**
- | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 Amygdala (1) | 10 EntorhinalCortex (1) | 19 Precuneus (1) |
| 2 AnteriorPituitaryGland (1) | 11 FrontalGyrus (1) | 20 PrefrontalCortex (1) |
| 3 AnteriorTemporalLobe (1) | 12 FrontalPole (1) | 21 SubstantiaNigra (1) |
| 4 Brain (1) | 13 InferiorParietalLobe (1) | 22 SuperiorTemporalGyrus (1) |
| 5 CaudateNucleus (1) | 14 MiddleTemporalLobe (1) | 23 TemporalCortex (1) |
| 6 CerebellarHemisphericCortex (1) | 15 NeoCortex (1) | 24 Thalamus (1) |
| 7 Cerebellum (1) | 16 OccipitalCortex (1) | 25 VisualCortex (1) |
| 8 CorpusCallosum (1) | 17 PinealGland (1) | |
| 9 DorsolateralPrefrontalCortex (6) | 18 PituitaryHypophysis (1) | |



- Datasets**
- | | | |
|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1 PXD000547 | 8 PXD010271 | 15 syn4624471 |
| 2 PXD000548 | 9 PXD012131 | 16 syn6038797 |
| 3 PXD004143 | 10 PXD012755 | 17 syn6038852 |
| 4 PXD004332 | 11 PXD015079 | 18 syn7204174 |
| 5 PXD005819 | 12 syn21443008 | 19 syn7431984 |
| 6 PXD006233 | 13 syn21444980 | |
| 7 PXD010154 | 14 syn3606087 | |



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Figure S4. PCA of brain samples using Combat normalisation where samples are coloured by (A) tissues and (B) datasets Similarly PCA of brain samples using Limma normalisation where samples are coloured by (C) tissues and (D) datasets.

Protein abundance comparison (This study vs ProteomicsDB)

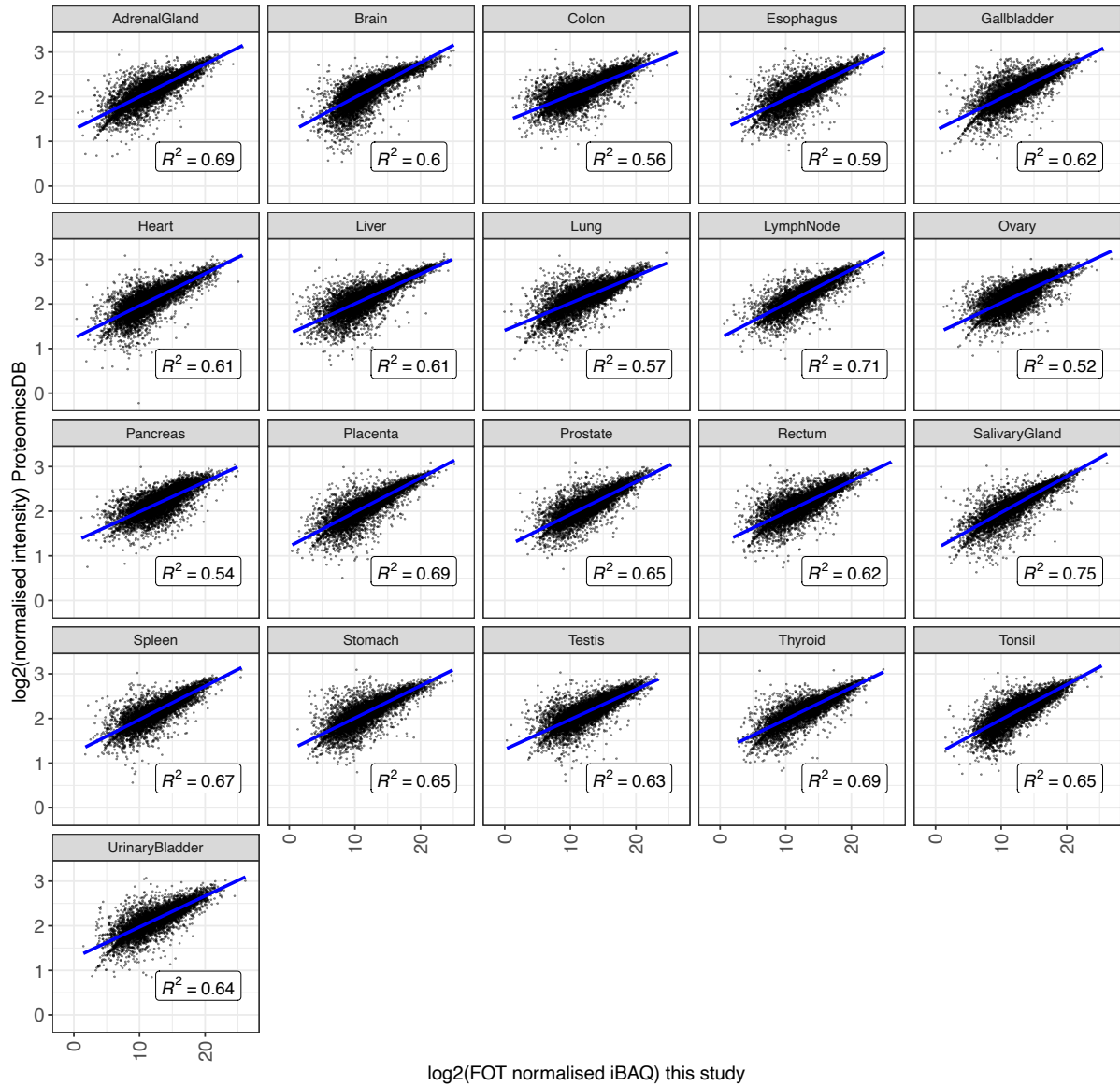


Figure S5. Correlation of protein abundances across various organs compared between ProteomicsDB and this study.

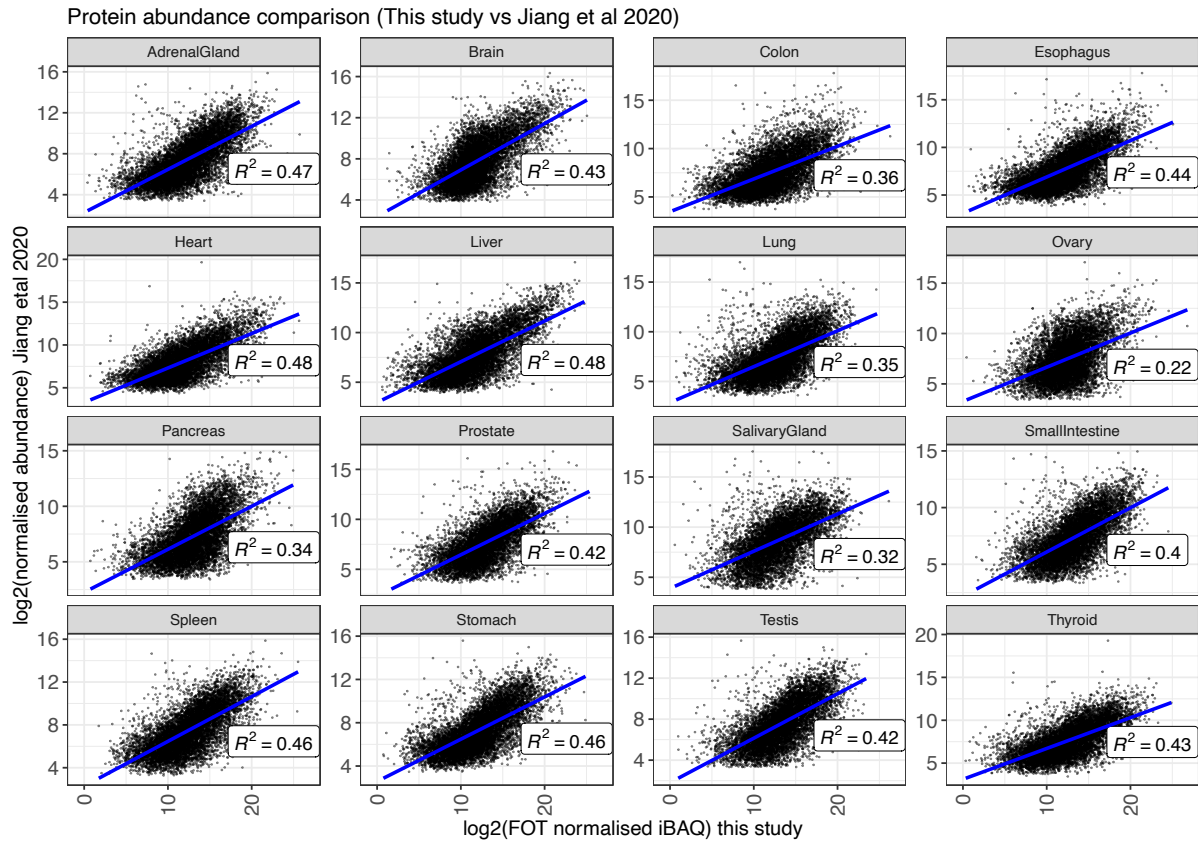


Figure S6. Comparison of protein expression between Jiang et al. (2020) (using TMT labelling method) and data presented in this study (label-free method).

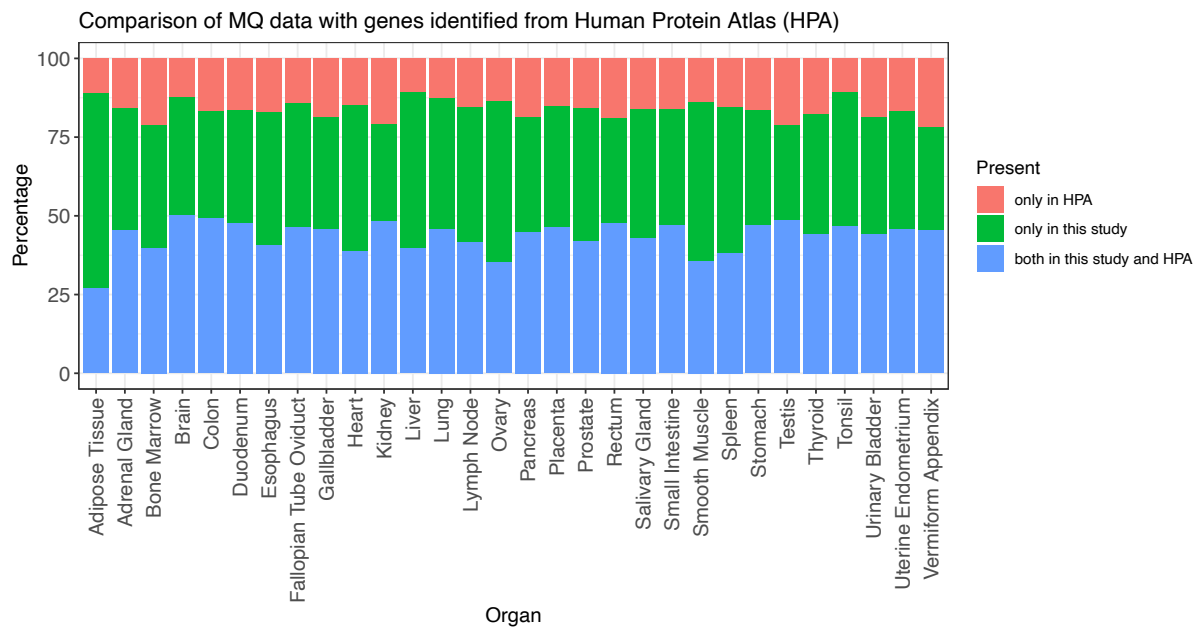


Figure S7. Protein detection comparison between Human Protein Atlas and the results included in this manuscript.

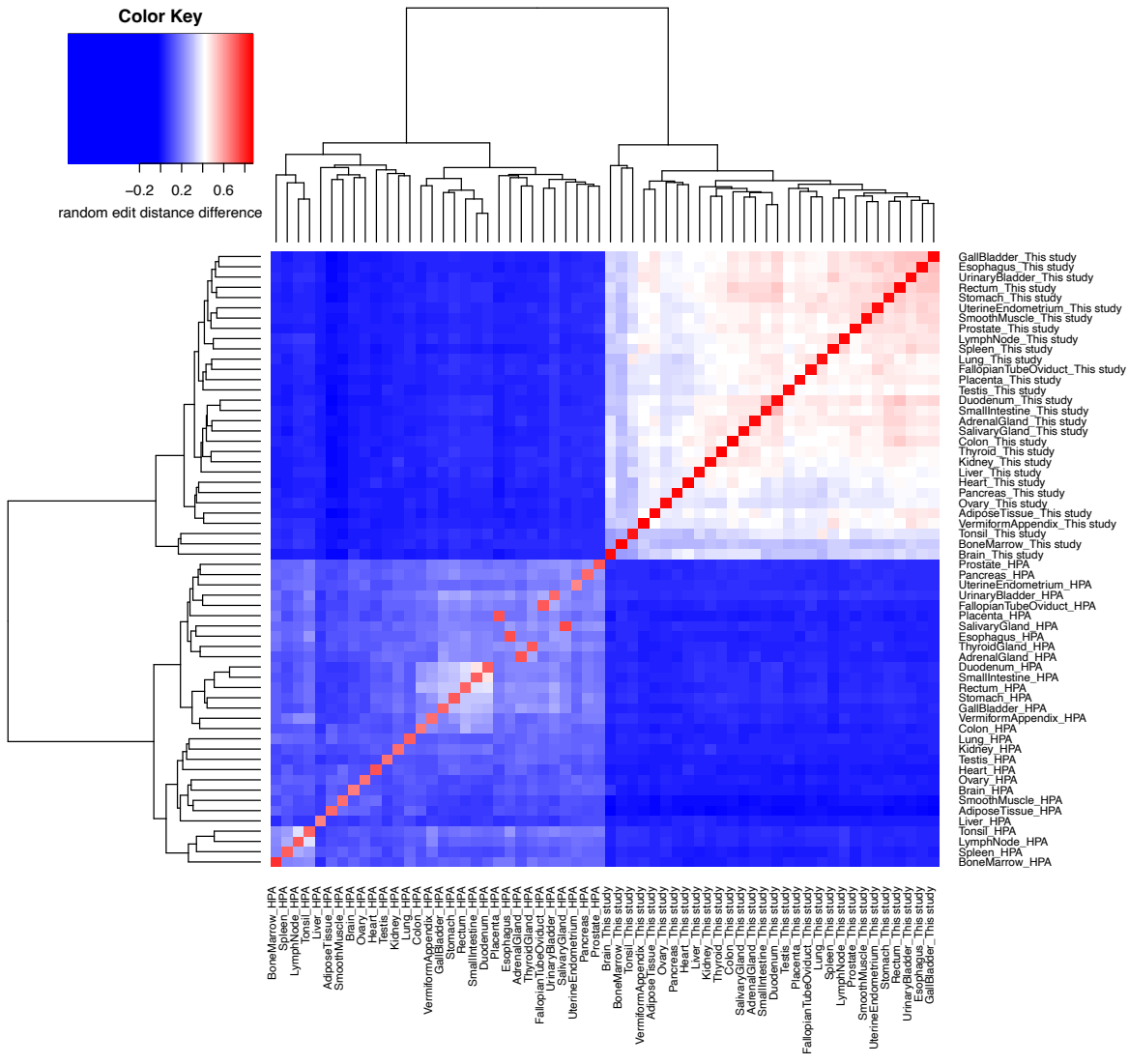
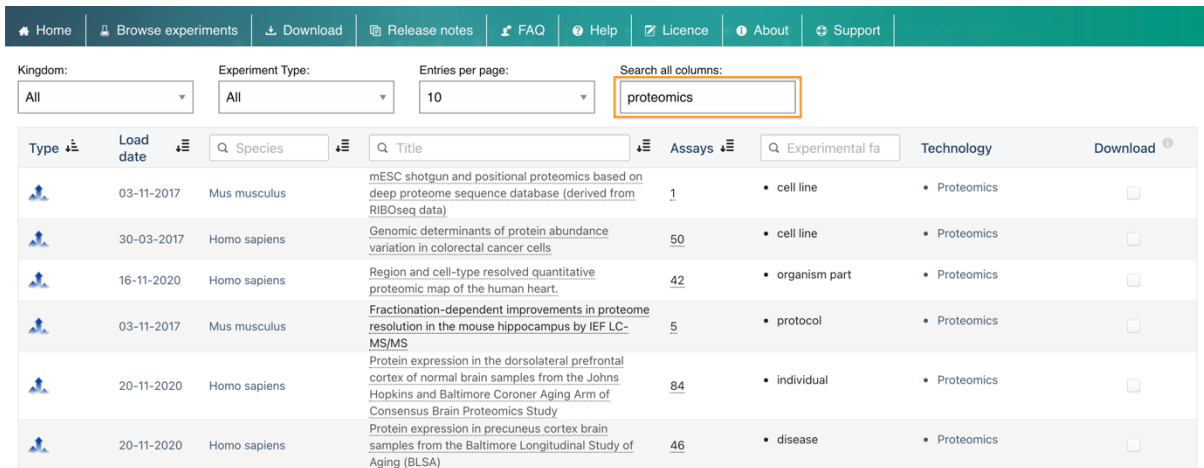


Figure S8. The randomised edit distance difference matrix showing the differences in the edit distances calculated for various organs between this study and the data from Human Protein Atlas.

Browse proteomics experiments in Expression Atlas

You can browse through the experiments in Expression Atlas in the **Browse experiments** tab, which shows you a table listing all the experiments currently available in Expression Atlas. You can filter and/or re-order the table content using the categories and search boxes in the header line.

Proteomics experiments can be listed by typing the keyword proteomics in the **search all columns** field.

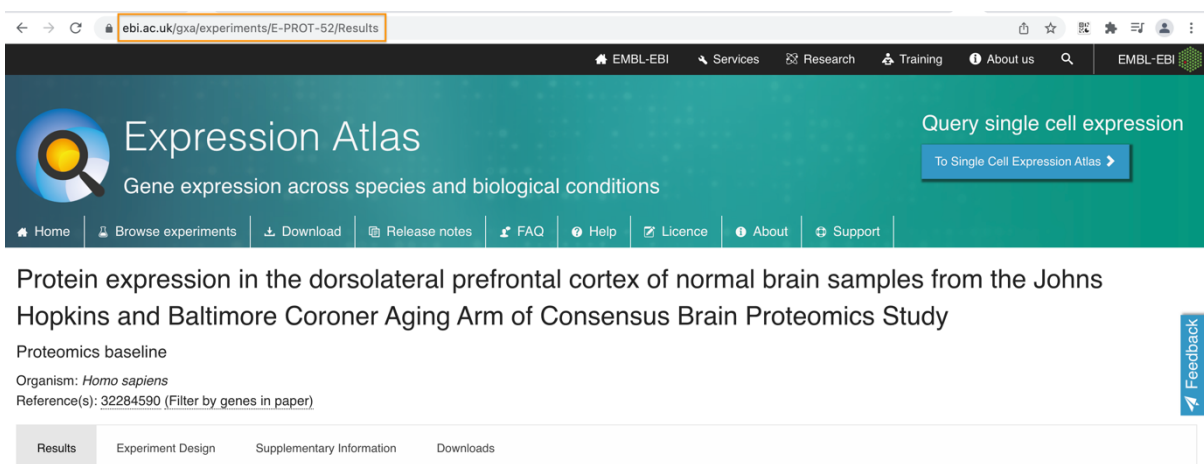


Type	Load date	Species	Title	Assays	Experimental factors	Technology	Download
	03-11-2017	Mus musculus	mESC shotgun and positional proteomics based on deep proteome sequence database (derived from RIBOseq data)	1	cell line	Proteomics	
	30-03-2017	Homo sapiens	Genomic determinants of protein abundance variation in colorectal cancer cells	50	cell line	Proteomics	
	16-11-2020	Homo sapiens	Region and cell-type resolved quantitative proteomic map of the human heart.	42	organism part	Proteomics	
	03-11-2017	Mus musculus	Fractionation-dependent improvements in proteome resolution in the mouse hippocampus by IEF LC-MS/MS	5	protocol	Proteomics	
	20-11-2020	Homo sapiens	Protein expression in the dorsolateral prefrontal cortex of normal brain samples from the Johns Hopkins and Baltimore Coroner Aging Arm of Consensus Brain Proteomics Study	84	individual	Proteomics	
	20-11-2020	Homo sapiens	Protein expression in precuneus cortex brain samples from the Baltimore Longitudinal Study of Aging (BLSA)	46	disease	Proteomics	

Figure S9. Proteomics experiments home page in Expression Atlas.

Finding an individual dataset

To find an individual experiment, change the experiment accession (example E-MTAB or E-PROT) in the URL www.ebi.ac.uk/gxa/experiments/E-PROT-XX/Results. Replace E-PROT-XX with the proteomics accession of choice (for example E-PROT-52) in the URL.



Protein expression in the dorsolateral prefrontal cortex of normal brain samples from the Johns Hopkins and Baltimore Coroner Aging Arm of Consensus Brain Proteomics Study

Proteomics baseline

Organism: *Homo sapiens*

Reference(s): 32284590 (Filter by genes in paper)

Results Experiment Design Supplementary Information Downloads

Figure S10. Result page for an example proteomics data. Reprinted (Adapted or Reprinted in part) with permission from ¹. Copyright 2022 EMBL-EBI.

Baseline proteomics experiment page

Each baseline experiment in Expression Atlas has its own Experiment page.

In a baseline experiment page, abundance levels are displayed in one heatmap by colour intensity, according to the gradient bar above the heatmap. The gradient shows intensities corresponding to abundance levels for the 50 genes displayed. Mouse over a cell in the heatmap to see abundance values for each gene in each tissue (or other condition).

For proteomics experiments the abundance values are displayed as parts per billion (ppb). The default minimum expression value is 0.

Human colon biopsies (healthy and Ulcerative Colitis) LC-MS/MS

Proteomics baseline

Organism: *Homo sapiens*

Publication:

- Bennike TB, Carlsen TG, Ellingsen T, Bonderup OK, Glerup H et al. (2015) *Neutrophil Extracellular Traps in Ulcerative Colitis: A Proteome Analysis of Intestinal Biopsies*.



Figure S11. Display of protein abundances across samples in Expression Atlas.

Most specific search

By default, the 50 most specifically expressed genes (rows) across all conditions (columns) studied are displayed. Unclick the **Most specific** option to show genes with highest expression first.

Protein to Gene mapping and quantification

For Mass Spectrometry baseline proteomics experiments the protein abundances are quantified in units of parts per billion (ppb). The abundances of proteins are displayed in terms of their parent gene identifiers. Expression Atlas uses a Gene ID reference frame, therefore to integrate proteomics results the UniProt protein accessions were mapped to Ensembl Gene identifiers using the bioconductor

package 'mygene'. Further details are described in the 'Analysis Method' section of the Supplementary Information to each experiment.

Other information in the baseline experiment page

The **Experiment Design** tab shows mass spectrometry runs along with their corresponding biological sample characteristics and experimental variables values.

The **Supplementary Information** tab for Mass Spectrometry proteomics experiments the analysis methods include data processing protocols for raw Mass Spectrometry data and for post-processing the results, which also includes mapping UniProt protein accessions to Ensembl Gene identifiers.

The **Downloads** tab for Mass Spectrometry based proteomics experiments the files that one can download are: i) raw unprocessed output for baseline Data Dependent Analysis (DDA) experiments, ii) post-processed expression values, iii) quality assessment summary of the experimental runs, iv) input parameters to process raw data files for DDA experiments and v) the experimental design template of all samples.

The screenshot shows the Expression Atlas website interface. The header includes the logo and the text 'Expression Atlas Gene expression across species and biological conditions'. A navigation bar contains links for Home, Browse experiments, Download, Release notes, FAQ, Help, Licence, About, and Support. The main content area is titled 'Human colon biopsies (healthy and Ulcerative Colitis) LC-MS/MS' and 'Proteomics baseline'. It lists the organism as *Homo sapiens* and provides a publication reference: Bennike TB, Carlsen TG, Ellingsen T, Bonderup OK, Glerup H et al. (2015) *Neutrophil Extracellular Traps in Ulcerative Colitis: A Proteome Analysis of Intestinal Biopsies*. Below this, a tabbed interface shows 'Downloads' as the active tab, highlighted with an orange border. Under the 'Downloads' tab, five items are listed: 'Expression values across all genes', 'Summary pdf', 'All input parameters to run MaxQuant', 'Unprocessed results', and 'Experiment Design (tsv)'.

Figure S12. Expression Atlas 'Downloads' tab. Reprinted (Adapted or Reprinted in part) with permission from ¹. Copyright 2022 EMBL-EBI.

Supplementary Tables

Supplementary Table 1: Protein groups from all datasets that are mapped to more than one Ensembl Gene ID.

Supplementary Table 2: Median protein abundances (in ppb) for each protein group across various tissue samples in each organ.

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Supplementary Table 7: Reactome pathway-enrichment analysis of “organ-enriched” and “group-enriched” proteins.

References

(1) Papatheodorou, I.; Moreno, P.; Manning, J.; Fuentes, A. M.; George, N.; Fexova, S.; Fonseca, N. A.; Fullgrabe, A.; Green, M.; Huang, N.; et al. Expression Atlas update: from tissues to single cells. *Nucleic Acids Res* **2020**, *48* (D1), D77-D83. DOI: 10.1093/nar/gkz947.